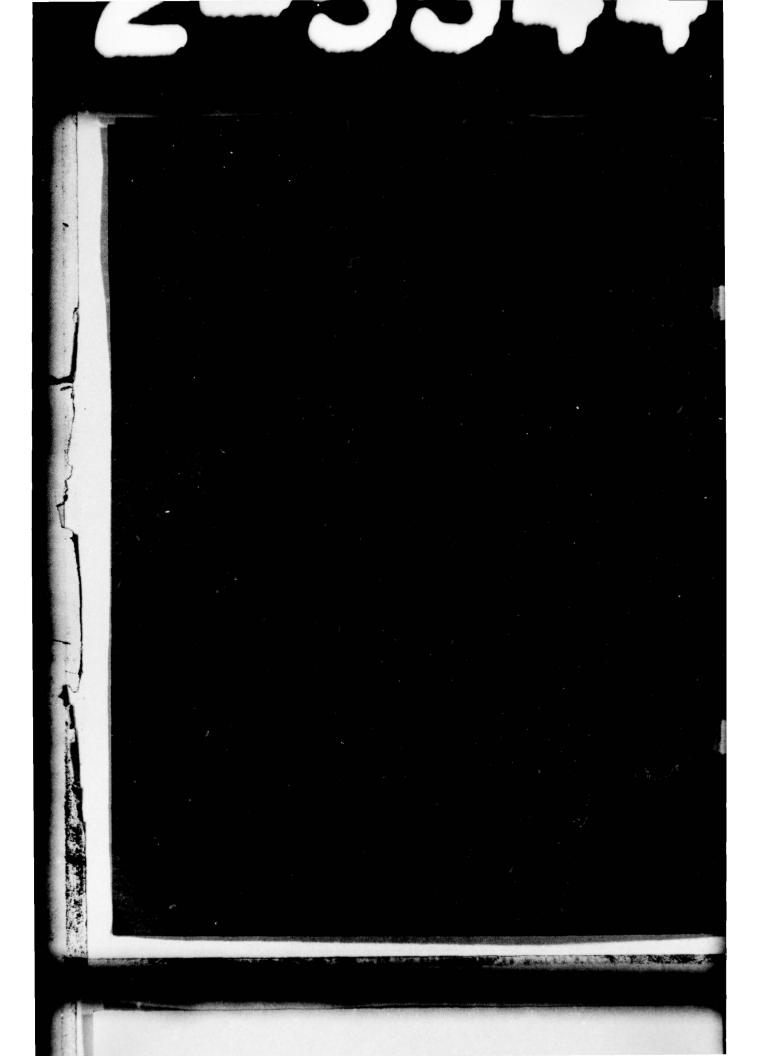
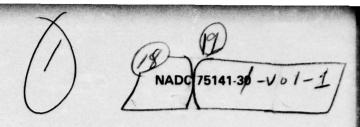


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S-3A GRAPHITE/EPOXY
SPOILER DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

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Naval Air Development Center

Warminster, Pennsylvania 18974

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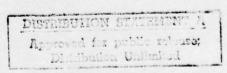
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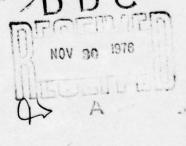
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Dallas, Texas

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IV

FOREWORD

This report was prepared by the Vought Systems Division of LTV Aerospace Corporation, Dallas, Texas under the terms of contract N62269-73-C-0610. It is the final technical report and covers all work completed under this contract. The program is sponsored by the Air Vehicle Technology Department, Naval Air Development Center (NADC), Warminster, Pennsylvania, 18974.

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SUMMARY

The S-3A spoiler is designed as a cost competitive lightweight replacement for the metal spoiler, and is fit and functionally interchangeable with the existing part. The spoiler is of sandwich construction with graphite/epoxy faces and non-metallic core. The component was assembled by co-curing the wet laminate faces and HRP core.

Structural analysis and design of the composite spoiler was based on existing criteria and load requirements as specified for production components. Design verification and manufacturing development tests were conducted to predict structural capability and solve manufacturing problems encountered during fabrication. The component is deflection critical and sizing was based on this consideration.

Five components were fabricated. The manufacturing development article was cut into element specimens and tested to evaluate manufacturing processes. Three components were static tested, and successfully met design requirements. One component was successfully fatigue tested to four lifetimes without failure of any composite parts.

A cost monitoring system was employed throughout the span of the program and each cost element was identified. A cost matrix and graph comparing the metal and composite components was constructed. Cost data for the composite was extrapolated to 200 units and compared to actual and projected metal cost.

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REFERENCE NUMBER		REPORT NO.
ı	CONTROL SYSTEM AND CONTROL SURFACE LOADS (S-3A)	LR 24691
5	S-3A WING CONTROL SURFACES - INTERNAL LOADS AND STRESS ANALYSIS	LR 24597
3	S-3A GRAPHITE/EPOXY SPOILER DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM	2-53443/3R-3139

SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

The objective of this program was to develop a graphite/epoxy lower S-3A spoiler that is fully qualified to replace the existing metal component. The spoiler is both weight and cost competitive.

Five graphite epoxy spoilers were fabricated. One was sectioned to evaluate processes and manufacturing, three were static tested, and one was fatigue tested.

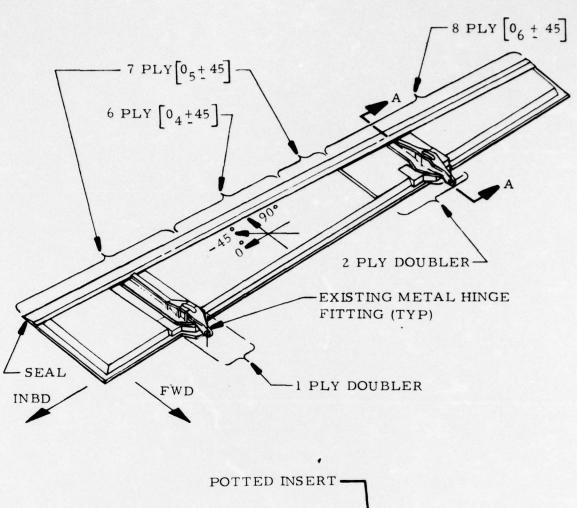
The program included material selection, verification testing, manufacturing and tooling development, structural analysis, and design effort necessary to develop a composite spoiler.

The S-3A spoilers are surfaces hinged off of the rear spar of the wing. They function as roll control devices and speedbrakes. Each wing has four spoilers, three upper and one lower. The lower spoiler is located on the wing underside, and is a simple beam supported by two hinge fittings. The spoiler is positioned by a push rod attached to each fitting. Its planform is quadrilateral approximately 85" long, 8" wide at the outboard end and 15" wide at the inboard end.

A composite spoiler assembly, composed of only four (4) basic parts was designed as a direct replacement for the existing lower metal spoiler assembly. A series of tests were defined and conducted for design verification. Four types of manufacturing development subcomponents were fabricated to check on details of component producibility. Then a complete component was produced to check out the tooling and manufacturing processes. Finally, four test articles were produced for static and fatigue testing. The complete assembly, including the trailing edge seal, is shown in Figure 1.

The four completed test spoilers were shipped to Naval Air Development Center for testing. The three static tests to failure were satisfactorily concluded and the fatigue tests were run successfully exceeding design requirements. Test reports from the NADC are included in Appendix B.

During the program a cost monitoring system was employed to monitor each cost element. The system consisted of an alpha-numeric code by which each cost



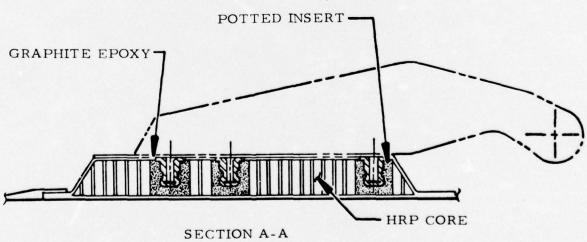


FIGURE 1 COMPOSITE SPOILER ASSEMBLY

element was identified. As costs were incurred on each component they were recorded and compiled, then extrapolated to 200 units for comparison with the costs of metal spoilers.

SECTION 2 ENGINEERING DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The composite spoiler is a direct replacement for the lower metal spoiler. It fits in the same space, is hinged off the existing outer panel rear spar supports, and utilizes the same actuation system. The general dimensions are shown in Figure 2. The spoiler is composed of two contoured graphite/epoxy skins of variable thickness, a glass reinforced plastic honeycomb core, and two existing metal hinge fittings attached with fourteen (14) bolts threaded into inserts potted in the core. The skin arrangement is shown in Figure 3. A new trailing edge seal design will be required for production utilization, but was not necessary for the test articles.

LOADS

Static Loads

The applied loads used to design the composite S-3A lower spoiler are the same as those used for the current metal design. These loads are derived from Lockheed Report LR 24691 (Ref. 1) and are shown in Figures 4, 5 and 6. Additional loads resulting from control system friction are accounted for by multiplying all closing hinge moments by a friction factor of 1.24. Axial loads resulting from support structure strain are eliminated from the design by incorporating free-play into the hinge design. Side loads applied to the spoiler hinges are a result of push rod positioning, spoiler slope and ±3° of assumed rod misalignment. All resulting side load is reacted at the outboard hinge.

Both the triangular and uniform distributions of airload are used in the design. The spoiler is critical for the triangular distribution and the hinges are critical for the uniform distribution.

Fatigue Loads

Fatigue loads, as defined in Reference 2, are shown in Table I. The spectrum represents 13,000 flight hours (one lifetime) with no scatter factor. One spoiler was fatigue tested to four lifetimes.

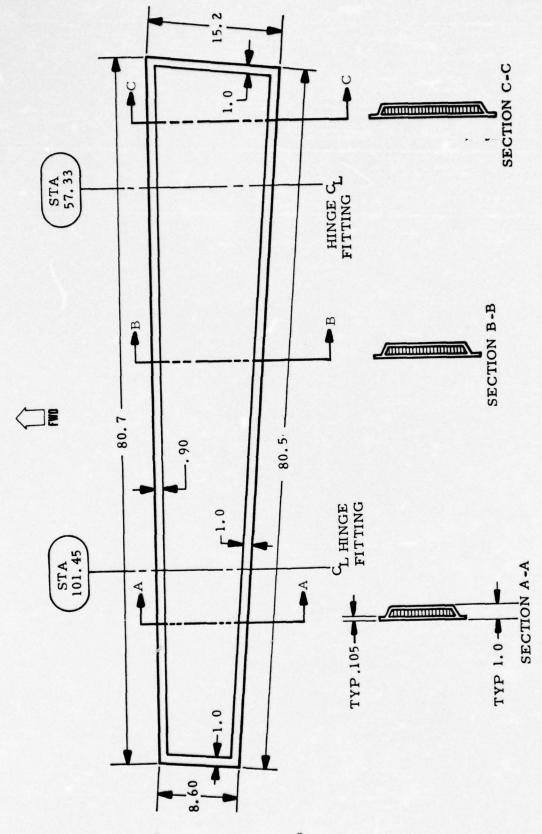


FIGURE 2 SPOILER GENERAL DIMENSIONS

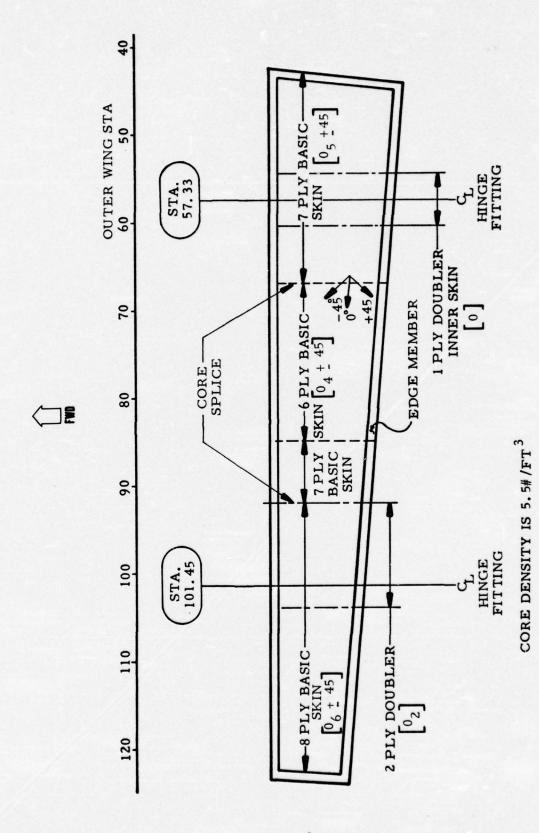


FIGURE 3 CORE AND SKIN ARRANGEMENT

LOWER SPOILER

• OPERATING HINGE MOMENT (AIRLOAD LESS FRICTION) WITH SERVO OUTPUT AT 2850 PSI BLOWBACK HINGE MOMENT (AIRLOAD PLUS FRICTION) WITH SERVO OUTPUT AT 3000 PSI

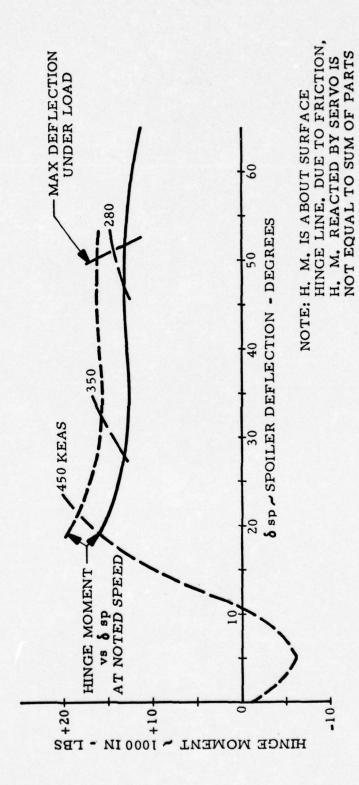


FIGURE 4 SPOILER HINGE MOMENTS

UNIT SPANWISE RUNNING LOAD

DISTRIBUTIONS FOR A TOTAL SURFACE HINGE MOMENT

OF 1000 IN - LBS.

FOR CLOSING LOADS IN THE OPEN POSITION OR OPENING LOADS IN THE CLOSED POSITION.

CHORDWISE DISTRIBUTIONS

USE BOTH A UNIFORM AND A TRIANGULAR PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION PER SKETCHES BELOW FOR CLOSING LOADS. FOR FLAPS UP OPENING LOADS USE THE TRIANGULAR DISTRIBUTION. FOR FLAPS DOWN OPENING LOADS USE THE UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION

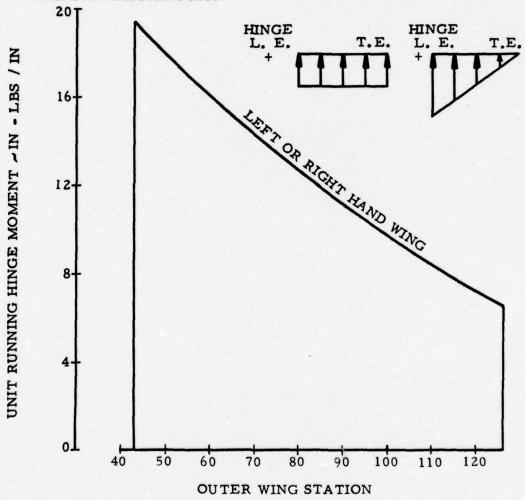
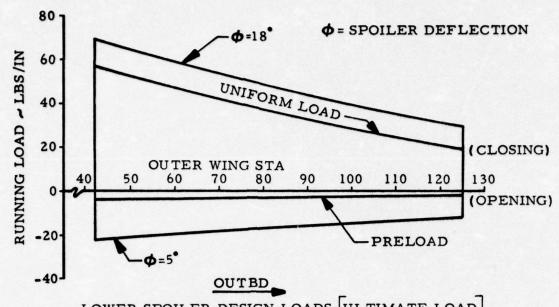


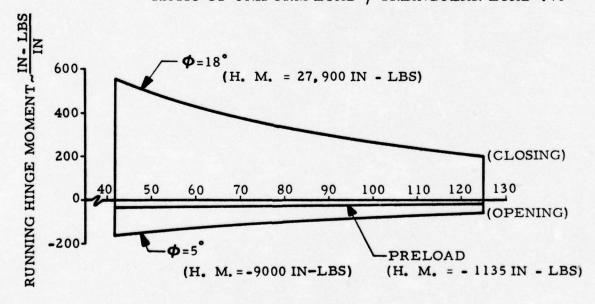
FIGURE 5 UNIT SPOILER LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS



LOWER SPOILER DESIGN LOADS [ULTIMATE LOAD]
NOTES: RUNNING LOADS DERIVED FROM TRIANGULAR

PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION.

RATIO OF UNIFORM LOAD / TRIANGULAR LOAD=. 76



LOWER SPOILER HINGE MOMENTS (ULTIMATE)
FIGURE 6 DESIGN RUNNING LOADS

TABLE I FATIGUE LOADS

SPOILER SPECTRUM (REF. 2)

SURFACE	MIN H. M.	MAX H. M.	NO. OF OCCURRENCES/
	(IN-LBS)	(IN-LBS)	13,000 HRS
LOWER	-6,000 -7,080*	+12,000 +14,160*	20,000

- * Includes increase in loads because of outboard upper spoiler deactivation NOTES:
 - 1) SIGN CONVENTION, POS. H. M. TENDS TO CLOSE SPOILERS
 - 2) ONE OCCURRENCE IS: MIN H. M. TO MAX H. M. TO ZERO

MATERIALS SELECTION

Materials selected for spoiler fabrication are required to operate in a 180F environment. Co-curing at 260F during manufacture requires compatibility of the cure cycles of the graphite/epoxy, film adhesive and core splice material. Adhesive used for insert potting and the sealant used for honeycomb edge protection and faying surface protection require room temperature cures. The phenolic resin which stabilizes the beveled edges of the core requires a 350F oven cure.

Materials required for spoiler assembly include:

- o GR/E Narmco 5209/T300
- o Core HRP 5.5#/ft3
- o Adhesives
 - Film Mlll3
 - Paste EA 901
 - Foam FM 37
- o Sealant ProSeal 890
- o Phenolic Resin SC 1008
- o Threaded Insert Shur-Lok SL 607

Evaluation and Qualification

Comparative data for Narmco 5209 and 5208 are shown in Tables II and III. This data was the basis for selection of the Narmco 5209/T300 graphite epoxy system. Advantages of the 5209 system are:

1. Modulus - the low viscosity 5209 resin system is suited to the well aligned T300 graphite fiber. With the better packing characteristics of the T300, higher fiber volumes are possible and consequently a higher

TABLE II QUALIFICATION DATA COMPARISON

	NARM	CO 5209/T300	NARMCO 5208/T300	
	TEST BATCH	REQUIRED (207-81-410/1)	TEST BATCH	REQUIRED (207-8-410/2)
Volatile Content, % wt.	.50	1.7 max	.90	1.7 max
Non-fiber Content, % wt.	43.8	41 <u>+</u> 4	42.6	41 <u>+</u> 4
Resin Flow, %	23	10 - 24 @250 F	20.2	10 - 24 @350 F
Gel Time	17	5-20 min @250 F	37	25-45 min @325 F
Tack	pass	30 min	pass	30 min
	PHYSICAL P	ROPERTIES OF CURED	LAMINATE	
Void Content	pass	NDT	pass	NDT
Density	1.53	1.56+.02	1.55	1.56+.02
Fiber Volume %	65.5	62.+4.	73.0	62.+4.

TABLE III PROCESS COMPARISON

	5209 (260 F Cure)	5208 (360 F Cure)
Cure temperature	260 F	350 F - 400 F
Cure Time, Hrs	1.5	4.0
Tooling	Aluminum or Fiber glass	Aluminum/Steel
Warpage	Lower Warpage	Higher Warpage
Adhesive Performance	High Peel and Strength	Low Peel and Strength
Co-curing	No over curing problem	Over curing problem

- 0° tensile and compressive modulus is available at comparable shear values. The 90° tensile and compressive modulus values are slightly lower.
- 2. <u>Processability</u> cure temperature (260F) is lower than the 5208 system (350F). This causes less tool/part expansion problems, less heat up and cool down time, lower cost tooling materials and less tool fabrication costs.
- 3. Adhesive Compatibility One of the advantages of using a 260F cure graphite/epoxy system is the concurrent capability of co-curing with a 260F cure adhesive as compared to a 350F cure adhesive. The M-1113 260F cure generates shear strengths of 5000-6000 psi and T-peel of 40-60 lbs/in. While tests at VSD demonstrate that 260F cure adhesives may be co-cured with 350F cure graphite epoxy laminates for 2-3 hours at temperature, it has been found that the shear strength of the 260F cure adhesive drops from the normal 5000-6000 range down to the 2000 to 3000 range. The best available adhesive system for spoiler usage is M-1113 with a 260F cure.
- 4. Cost Since cost is a primary consideration, trade offs must consider cost of processing, see Table III. Lower cure temperatures lead to lower production costs, increased production rates with existing equipment, and decreased tooling costs. Almost double the production can be put through the same autoclave with a 1.5 hr. cure cycle as can be put through at 4 hours with a 360F cure material.

Core Material

The selection of the core was governed largely by the requirement to minimize the use of metals in conjunction with the graphite/epoxy materials. This avoids the problem of galvanic reactions and corrosion which are common to aircraft components in naval environments. The core used is Hexcel HRP glass core which is compatible with the materials and process requirements of the graphite/epoxy being used. A constant core density of 5.5#/ft³ is used to reduce the required number of splices from five to three splices per assembly.

Specifications

All specifications used on this program are listed in Table IV.

Material Allowables

Unidirectional lamina strength and elastic properties for NARMCO 5209/T300 intermediate strength graphite/epoxy are shown in Table V. These data were the basis of initial component design.

TABLE IV MATERIALS AND PROCESS SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE SPECIFICATION	VSD SPECIFICATION NUMBER	TITLE
Process	208-8-3	Graphite Tape and Sheet, Resin Impregnated for Hand Layup
Material	207-8-410/1	Graphite Fiber Tape and Sheet. Epoxy Resin Impregnated
Material	207-8-415	Film Adhesive and Primer for Bonding Precured Composite Laminate and Sandwich Structures
General	207-8-410	Graphite Fiber Tape and Sheet. Epoxy Resin Impregnated
Material	207-8-417	Core Filling Compound, Two Part Paste
Material	207-8-408	Adhesive System for Bonding of Aluminum-to-Aluminum and Alumi- Faces to Non-Perforated, Aluminum Honeycomb Core for 180°F Service (Type III only)
Process	CVA8-51	Aluminum, Cleaning and Etching for Bonding
Material	207-8-411	Core, Honeycomb non-metallic
Material	CVA8-405	Epoxy Adhesives
Process	CVA8-206	Bonding with Epoxy Adhesives
Material	CVA-6-579	Heat Resistant Sealant, 250°F Service Temperature
Process	CVA6-177	Sealing Compounds Preparation and Application of
Process	CVA8-39	Metalite, Fabrilite, and Wood Parts, Protection of
· Process	208-8-12	Bonding of Metal-to-Metal and Metal Faces to Honeycomb Core for 180° Service
Process	208-7-18	Epoxy Reinforced Solid Laminates and Laminate Facings for Sandwich Construction, Fabrication of

TABLE V UNIDIRECTIONAL PROPERTIES OF 5209/T300 GRAPHITE EPOXY

PROPERTY TENSION COMPRESSION SHEAR					
PROPERTY	PROPERTY		COMPRESSION	SHEAR	
MODULUS OF	E ₁	19.0 × 10 ⁶	19.0 × 10 ⁶	_	
ELASTICITY (LBS/IN ²)	E ₂	1.5 × 10 ⁶	1.5 × 10 ⁶	_	
	G ₁₂	_	_	0.7 × 10 ⁶	
ULTIMATE STRENGTH	F ₁	170,000	170,000	10,000	
(LBS/IN ²)	F ₂	8,000	25,000	10,000	
STRAIN LIMIT	e ₁	0.00895	0.00895	-	
(IN/IN)	e 2	0.00532	0.01660	_	
	y ₁₂	_	_	0.01420	
DENSITY ρ (#/I	N ³)		0.058		
POISSON' RATI	Оμ		0.210		
INTERLAMINAR SHEAR STRESS F _{isu} (# /IN ²) 13,000					
COEFFICIENT	OF C	Y 1	0.3 × 10 ⁶		
EXPANSION (MICRO-IN/IN/°F)		1 2	14.4 × 10 ⁶		

PROPERTIES FROM TABLE V WERE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH POINT STRESS COMPUTER ROUTINES TO DEVELOP THE GENERAL MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Values are shown as B-basis allowables where a sufficient data base is available. The B-basis allowables are defined as the value above which at least 90 percent of the population of values are expected to fall, with a confidence of 95 percent.

Design allowables for other non-metallic materials including core and adhesives are presented in Table VI. Strength data are from sources such as industry specifications, military specifications, R&D programs, and prior in-house testing.

For final design and structural analysis of the critical sections, allowables were modified where verification or qualification tests indicated this information did not apply.

ANALYSIS

Structural Analysis

Stress analysis of the composite spoiler is presented in this section. The analysis covers the critical areas of the plank, and includes analysis of the graphite/epoxy faces, the HRP honeycomb core, and the potted inserts used to attach the hinge fittings. The critical loading conditions, shown in Figures 4 through 6, were used for the analysis. The spoiler surface is critical for the triangular airload distribution.

Shear, moment and torsion diagrams for the simply supported spoiler surface, are shown in Figure 7. The laminate bending and torsional stress shown in Figure 8 was calculated using beam theory and hand methods of analysis. Margins-of-safety for the critical sections were calculated using a computer analysis program. The program is a point stress analysis of a laminated orthotropic structure subject to in-plane loads.

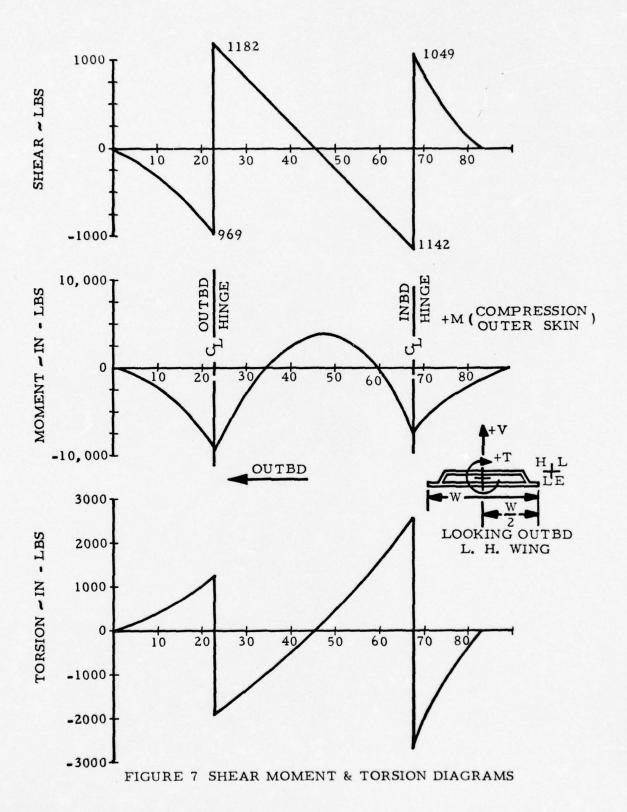
Deflection

The spoiler cavity is restricted in depth and little cross section is available to provide the required structural stiffness. Stiffness is critical because an excessive amount of deflection would result in unacceptable gaps when the spoiler is in the open position.

Figure 9 is a comparison of the calculated graphite and metal spoiler stiffness. Outboard of hinge Station 101.45 the graphite spoiler is stiffer. The increase helps reduce the critical tip deflection at the outboard end of the spoiler.

L	TABLE VI - MATERIALS ALLOWABLES	MATERIALS	ALLOWABI	ES			
	COMPRESSIVE	SSIVE		SHEAR	AR		
			L. DIR.	R.	8	W. DIR.	
HEXCELL HONEYCOMB CORE	STRENGTH MODULUS		STRENGTH MODULUS	MODULUS	STRENGTH MODULUS	TH MC	SDALUS
HRP 3/16 - 4.0 #/FT3	Psi	Ksi	Psi	Ksi	Psi		Ksi
•	370	57	212	11.5	110		5.0
(VSD 207-8-411)	(370)		(180)*	(10.0)	(64)*		(2.0)
HRP 3/16 - 5.5 #/FT 3							
VENDOR DATA	009	95	350	19.5	190		8.5
(VSD 207-8-411)	(009)		(293)*	12.6	(120)*	*	(6.8)
				VENDOR DATA		TEST DATA	DATA
		F	TENSION -	900 LBS.		1210 LBS.	BS.
INSERTS SL607		S	SHEAR -		.:	N/A	
		1	TORSION .	150 IN/	IN/LBS.	280 LBS.	BS.
FILM ADHESIVE (M1113)	-67°	4500 PSI					
MIN AVE SHEAR STRENGTH	75°F	4500 PSI			1		
PER VSD 207-8-415	+ 180°F	3400 PSI					
CORE SPLICE ADHESIVE (FOAM)	(M)						
FM 37					1		
CORE SHEAR STRENGTH PER VSD 207-8-408, (TYPE III)	•	650 PSI					
INSERT POTTING ADHESIVE (EA 901)	EA 901)						
VSD 207-8-405, (TYPE VI)	@ 75	@ 75°F 2500 Psi					
			1				1

* Adjusted for core depth



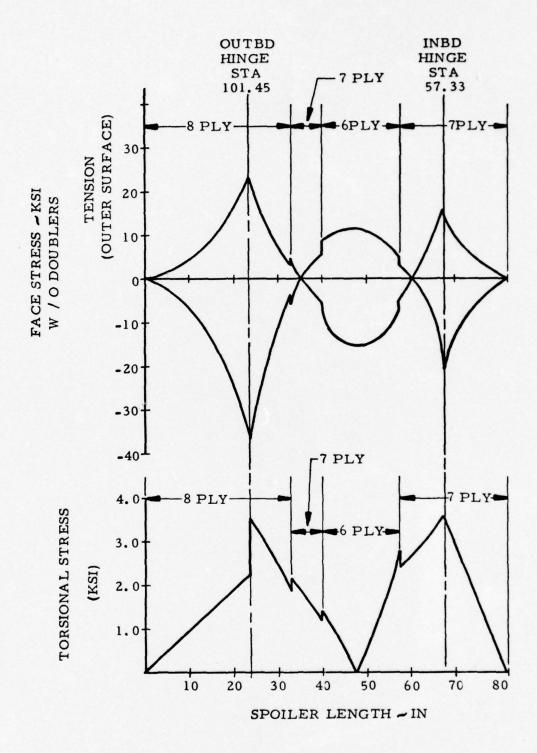


FIGURE 8 SKIN STRESS

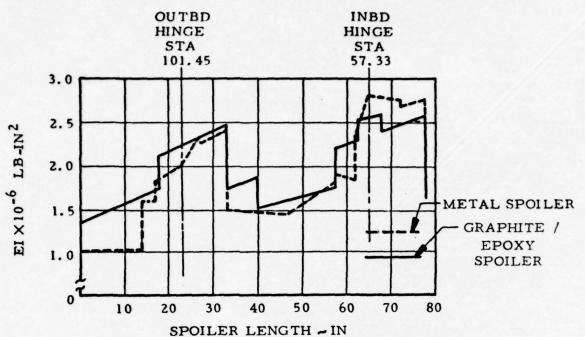
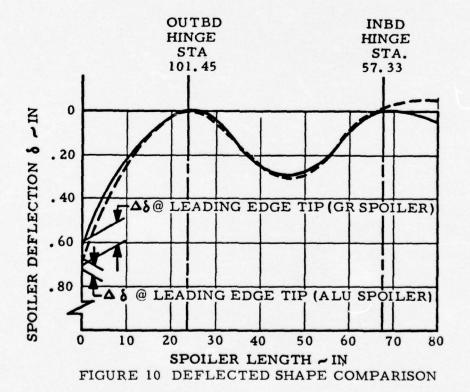


FIGURE 9 SPOILER STIFFNESS COMPARISON



A comparison of the calculated deflected shape of the aluminum and the graphite spoilers is shown in Figure 10. The modulus of elasticity used to calculate the spoiler section properties was reduced by 17.5 percent as a result of design verification tests (see TR 150 discussion). The reduction was based on the minimum value obtained in the test. The values are considered conservative and actual measured deflections were slightly lower.

Analysis of Laminate

Two checks at the critical point, outer hinge Station 101.45 were made. The first check considered the basic cross section without the local effect of the insert cutouts and added local doublers. The stress levels are those shown in Figure 8. This stress is converted to running load for input into the laminated structural analysis routine as follows:

Compression inner surface

$$N_x = f_c t = (36,800) (0.040) = 1472 lb/in.$$

Tension outer surface

$$N_x = f_t t = (22,425) (0.040) = 897 lb/in.$$

Torsion

$$N_{xy} = (3550) (0.040) = 142 lb/in.$$

The combined loading effect, results in a minimum margin-of-safety of .97 for the inner skin and 1.05 margin-of-safety for the outer surface. The margin-of-safety calculations were based on a limiting strain of .007 compared to the design value from Table V of .00895. The reduced value was used based on the results of design verification tests as discussed under TR 141 data.

The second analysis at Station 101.45, where the highest bending stress occurs, considers laminate cutout and added doubler ply effects. As shown below, the same running load is applied as in the previous analysis except an additional load is added. This accounts for the effect of the out-of-plane load applied at the insert. The relationship between the out-of-plane "P" load to the in-plane load is based on strain gage information derived from the design verification tests summarized in TR 135 discussion. The calculated margins of safety using the VSD program was based on a limiting strain acquired from design verification test TR 141. The beam test results show

that limiting strain, which includes the loss of strength for the cutout, to be .0055. The detail analysis is as follows:

Running Load (Compressive Bending)

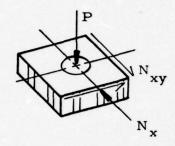
$$N_{\nu} = 1472 \text{ lb/in. ULT}$$

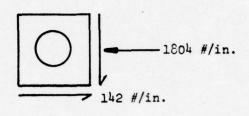
Running Load (out-of-plane insert load)

$$N' = 332 \text{ lb/in ULT}$$

Total
$$N_{x_T} = N_x + N_x' = 1472 + 332 = 1804 lb/in ULT$$

Element





Margin of Safety

(Allowable Strain Based on Test)

Core Analysis

Figure 11 is a plot of core applied shear versus allowable shear based on minimum specification requirement of Table V. The peak stress shown is based on an effective width of 4.50 inches in the area of the inserts.

Insert Analysis

The spoiler plank is supported by two hinge fittings located at Station 101.45 and Station 57.33. The fittings which transmit spoiler loads to the support structure are mounted to the spoiler plank through fasteners bolted into inserts which are potted into the honeycomb core. The principle loads on the inserts are compression. Loads are conservatively considered to be reacted entirely by the inserts and are transmitted into the honeycomb core through

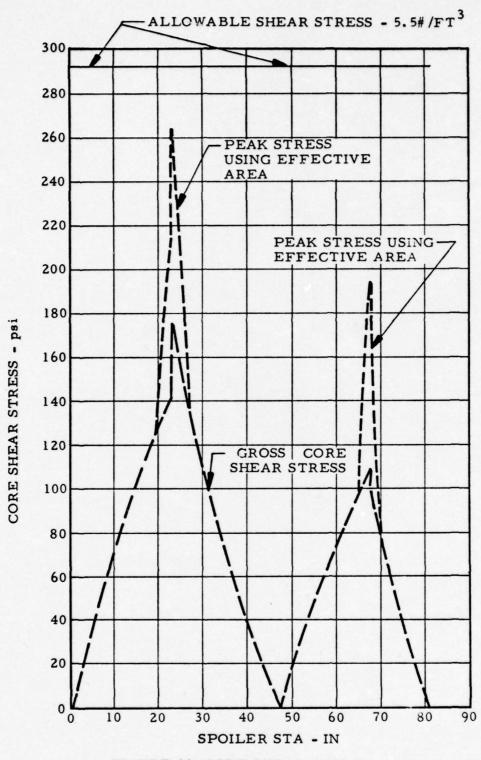
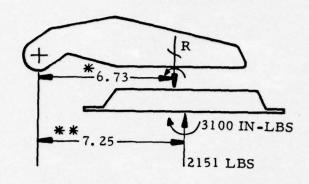


FIGURE 11 CORE SHEAR STRESS

the potting (see page 24 for analysis). The margin-of-safety calculation is based on a load allowable taken from test results; the allowable is the minimum value obtained from the test data.

The spoiler to hinge fastener load distribution calculation at the outboard hinge (triangular airload distribution) is shown below:



- * Distance from $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{L}}$ hinge to bolt pattern centroid
- ** Distance from $C_{\underline{L}}$ hinge to center of cross section

The maximum bolt load has 3 components as follows:

P, from normal loads

P₂ from moments chordwise

 P_{3} from moments from side load

$$P_1 = \frac{2151}{6} = 358 \text{ lbs/fastener}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{M_\rho}{\Sigma_\rho^2} = \frac{[3100 - 2151 (7.25 - 6.73)] 2.57}{10.66} = 478 \text{ lbs}$$

This load is distributed over 2 fasteners

P₂ = 239 lbs/fastener

$$P_3 = \frac{M}{h}$$
 side

Where $M = 260 \text{ lbs } \times 1.26" = 328 \text{ in-lbs}$

h = 1.50 in effective at 3 location = 4.5 in

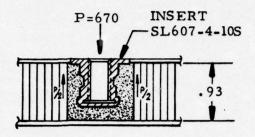
 $P_3 = \frac{328}{4.5} = 73 \text{ lbs/fastener}$

Total fastener load is:

P compression =
$$P_1+P_2+P_3$$
 = 670 lbs

P tension =
$$P_1 - P_2 + P_3$$
 = 192 lbs

A check for local core shear stress adjacent to the insert is made as shown.



Allowable Stress based on test P = 1210#

M. S. =
$$\frac{1210}{670}$$
 - 1



DESIGN VERIFICATION TESTS

A series of subcomponent tests verified the spoiler design.

Table VII lists the subcomponent tests performed for this program.

TABLE VII - DESIGN VERIFICATION TESTS

TR NUMBER	SUBJECT,
TR-135	STRENGTH EVALUATION OF POTTED INSERTS
TR-140	TENSION, COMPRESSION AND SHEAR PROPERTIES OF HRP CORE/GRAPHITE FACED SANDWICH STRUCTURE
TR-141	SANDWICH BEAM FLEXURE TESTS
TR-142	HINGE FITTING/SANDWICH PANEL TESTS
TR-147	PANEL EDGE CLOSE OUT TEST
TR-150	COMPRESSION PROPERTIES - CO-CURED SANDWICH SPECIMEN

TR-135 Strength Evaluation of Potted Inserts

Tension and compression strengths of potted inserts were tested in 4.00 inch rectangular specimens. Torsional strengths were tested in 2.00 inch rectangular specimens. All specimens were fabricated with a 5.5 #/ft³ HRP core and 7 ply graphite/epoxy faces. The inserts were potted in the same manner as in the spoiler assembly in both fixed and self-aligning versions. Table VIII summarizes the test data. The tension and compression test fixture is shown in Figure 12.

TR-140 Tension, Compression and Shear Properties of HRP Core/Graphite Faced Sandwich Structure

Flatwise tension and compression and short beam shear tests were run to determine the properties of a basic sandwich construction using HRP core and graphite/epoxy faces. The test results are summarized in Table IX. The test fixture for the core shear test is shown in Figure 13.

TR-141 Sandwich Beam Flexure Tests

The flexural strength of the spoiler at the inboard and outboard hinge locations was verified with and without inserts. Two series of tests were conducted with a four point loading system as shown in Figure 14.

Specimens IWO, OWO, OW and IW were initially tested to evaluate basic ply strength and component capability in the inboard and outboard hinge area. All specimens failed in the area of maximum moment (on the compression face) except two specimens that failed outside the test area. Specimens failed at lower longitudinal strains than predicted using allowables of Table V. Loss of capability was attributed to local dimpling between cells when the laminate was co-cured to the core.

To determine the effect of dimpling on tensile strength, eight tension specimens (IWO1-1 thru -4 and IWO2-1 thru -4) were cut from the laminate skins of flex beam specimens IWO1 and IWO2. As shown in Table X, no significant strength or modulus loss was noted.

After an additional ply of material was added to the basic component skin to compensate for the loss of stiffness from dimpling, fifteen (15) additional specimens (BIW, BOW, and BOWO) were fabricated and tested to evaluate the full scale component capability. Three of the specimens (BOWO-1 thru -3)

TABLE VIII TR-135 STRENGTH EVALUATION OF POTTED INSERTS

DESCRIPTION OF PAILURE	COMPRESSION		-										-	COMPRESSION	TENS ION	COMPRESSION	COMPRESSION	TERSION	TORSION	-							_	-	TORSION	
DESIGN	#019		•									•		#029	192#	#029	#019	192#	70 IN-LBS		,_						_		70 IN-LBS	
FAILING	1315 10	1325	1180	1255	1525	1575	1180	1455	1425	1450	1350	1210	500	1,50	1465	1330	भा	1320	260 IN-LB	220	240	340	350	280	180	88		200	980	
SPECIMEN NO.	1	N	3	1	N	3	1	~	3	7	8	3	1	8	3	7	N	3	1	2	3	1	N	3	1	8		1	8	
CORE		HRP	3/16 0011	5.5 #/m3		•—																					-	RRP	3/16 Ce11	5.5#/ft3
FACE		7 ply	5209	-T300		<u>-</u>						_															_	7 ply	5209	-T300
FINAL		d=.749755		D999-1.005				d=.499504		D749754			d=.687693	D=.937943		d=.562567	₽.812817		d=.749755	D=.999-1.005		d=.499509	P749.754		d=.687693	D=.937943		d=.562567	D812817	
PAS TENER TYPE				Self-	21193					Fixed				self-	align		Pixed			Self-	align		Plxed			Self	align		Plxed	
TENSIOR/COMPRESSION	1 1 1 1	43]			T					PAB PROCEDURES	#1 UPPER CO-CURED	LOWER PRE-CURED		#2 UPPER CO-CURED	LOWER CO-CURED							TORSION							

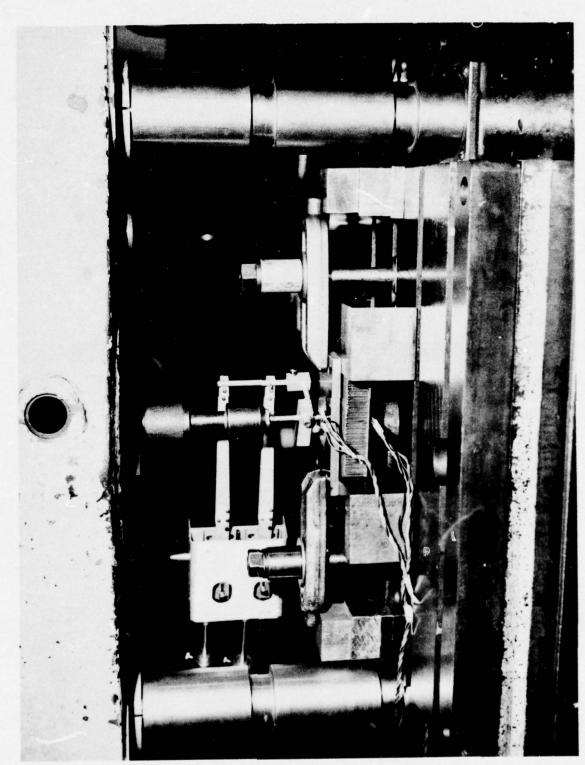


FIGURE 12 INSERT SPECIMEN TEST FIXTURE (TR-135)

TR-140 VERIFICATION TEST OF SANDWICH CORE/GRAPHITE LAMINATE TABLE IX

REMARKS					Core in L Dir.	Core in W Dir.	Core in L Dir.	Core in W Dir.
DESCRIPTION OF FAILURE	Flatwise Tension		Core			-		
DESIGN STRESS (PSI)	NOT APPLICABLE	1000	370	009	180	まる	293	150
FAILING STRESS (PSI)	985 842 975 832 815	1000 1050 966 1010 1028	350 463 434	78 899 427	535 536 536 536 536 536 536 536 536 536	135	3623	235 235 227
FATLING LOAD (LB)	3940 3370 3330 3260	1,000 1,200 3,865 1,040 1,115	1405 1852 1738	3170 3235 2900	1380	1 80 8 20 8 9 9 20 9 9 9	2100	1400 1400 1352
FAB	Co-Cure							Co-Cure
CORE	HRP 3/16 Cell 4.0 #/ft3	жР 3/16 сел 5.5 #/rt ³	HRP 3/16 Cell 4.0 #/ft ³	HRP 3/16 Cell 5.5 #/ft ³	3/16 Cell	4.0 #/1t	жр 3/16 сец	
FACE	6 Ply 5209							6 Ply 5209
S PECIMEN NO.	40 m4 m9	0 M 7 15 M	406	H 0 E	101	7 H W F		0 H 0 E

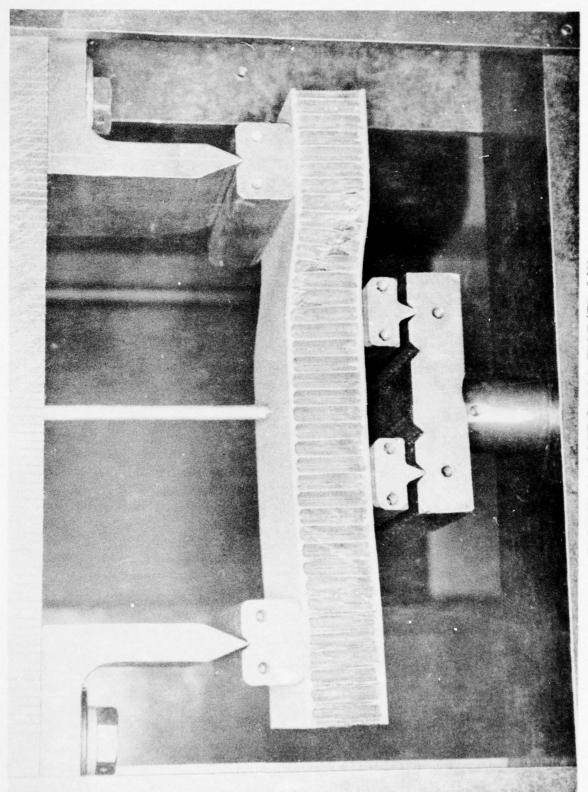


FIGURE 13 CORE SHEAR TEST (TR-140)

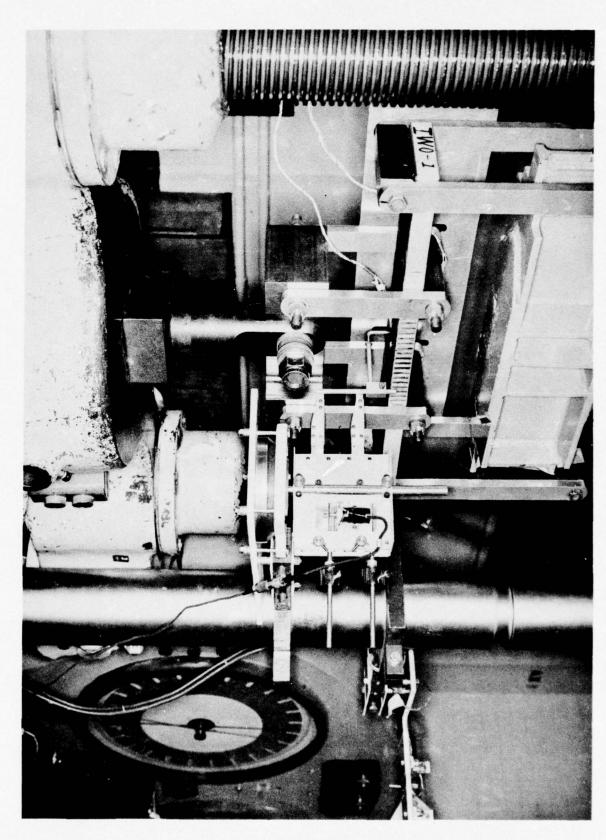


FIGURE 14 TEST SET-UP FOR FLEXURAL BEAM SPECIMENS (TR-141)

TABLE X TR141 FLEXURAL BEAM SPECIMEN TEST DATA

RUTIVA	BOISSTABOO	CORE PACE			noon 1	#015#ZI	-	UPTR 7ACR COMPLESSION		-	2,520,000 eyclom + 2,532,000 eyclom + 7,801,000 eyclom +
F x 10 ⁶ (PSI)	NC (4) NC 13.8	14.9	2833	2 2) N () N	MC MC 12.9 13.2	≅22.22 2.22 2.22	14.48 14.48 20.80 80.80		222	
STRESS (3)	111		100.7 106.5 93.7 93.2	19.2	76.3 90.6 92.7	1111		75.5 90.4 78.3 78.6 71.3	84.7 23.5 82.0 87.0 81.0		
GROSS (3) STRESS KSI	82.2 85.7 86.8	95.4 98.9 97.9	75.5 81.4 70.3 69.8	59.5 76.0	66.8 79.3 81.1	104.6	83.3 115.0 112.1 120.4	66.1 79.1 68.5 68.8 62.4	63.5 62.3 62.0 63.6 63.6	136.6 124.4 150.3	-6.8 ESI lives)
COMPRESSION	.00793 .00678	.0056 .00707 .00697	NA (2) .00549 NA NA	.00362	.00513	(tension) ,0085 ,01013 ,00963	(tension) .00775 .00995 .01010	.00407 .00616 NA NA NA	.004476 NA NA NA NA	222	Cycled from 13.6 KSI to -6.8 KSI Design 40,000 cycles (2 lives)
ACTUAL FAILING LOAD (LBS)	3275 3415 3460	4150 4305 4260	4130 4450 3845 3820	3300	2815 3340 3415	4440 4850 4720 4060	3350 4460 4610 5390	2900 3470 3005 3020 2740 3180	3825 3315 3750 3735 3950 4110	5945 5415 6540	Cycled fi Design 40
PREDICTED FAILING LOAD (LBS)	8094	5719	2406	2015	2015	5092 5167 4962 4512	4826 4656 5057 5370	4800	3500	9909	
NO. INSERTS	NONE	MONE	FOUR	FOOR	1740	NONE	NONE	OFT.	POUR	NONE	POOR
PAB METHOD		Œ2	- co-cns	TI LATUP	м		GBS	1 1 47UP - 00-cu	JA NE	Pre-cured Skins	Wet layup co-cured
LATUP	0,245,02	02+45,0-45,02	04+45,0,-45,02	02+45,0,-45,02	02,445,0,-45,02	tension specimens cut free laminate skin of IVO1	tension specimens cut from laminate skin of DWO2	0,445,0,-45,02	04,+45,02,-45,02	02+45,0,-45,02	04,445,02,-45,02 Wet layup 02-45,02,445,02 co-cured
FACE (1) (FLT)	6 UPPER	7 UPPER	9 UPPER 7 LOWER	7 UPPER 9 LONER	7 UPPER 6 LOWER	tensic cut fi skin c	tensic cut fa	8 UPPER 7 LOWER	10 UPPER	7 UPPER 7 LOWER	10 UPPER 8 LOWER
SPEC.	INO 1 INO 2 INO 3	ONO 1 ONO 2 ONO 3	5555	98 1	321	IW01-1 IW01-2 IW01-3 IOW1-4	IW2-1 IW2-2 IW2-3 IW2-4	NIT-2 NIT-3 NIT-3 NIT-3 NIT-3	804-1 804-2 804-2 804-3 804-5	BOW0-1 BOW0-2 BOW0-3	BPOW-1 BPOW-2 BPOW-3

(1) UPPER FACE IN COMPRESSION (2) NA - NOT AVAILABLE, NO GACE (3) UPPER FACE STRESS BASED ON LOAD (4) NC - NOT CALCULATED PLY THICKNESS OF .0050

had pre-cured skin to reduce laminate dimpling. These specimens show higher failing loads and failing stresses that are close to predicted values.

Specimens BIW and BOW indicated that adequate capability was available in full scale components to sustain design loads.

Three specimens were built (BFOW-1 thru -3) to evaluate fatigue capability.

These specimens show capability of sustaining 100 + lives, indicating a high probability that the full scale component would meet the fatigue requirements.

TR-142 Hinge Fitting/Sandwich Panel Tests

Both tension and compression loads were applied to three (3) spoiler planks through a simulated hinge fitting as shown in Figure 15. The specimens were tested to limit load in tension and failing load in compression.

Two of the specimens failed on the tension face. Stress level based on load was 100.9 and 96.2 KSI. Both failures occurred at the edge of the fitting. The third specimen failed in the core at a laminate flexural stress, based on load, of 97.5 KSI. The higher failing stress was attributed to a local load redistribution because of the presence of the fitting.

TR-147 Panel Edge Closeout Test

The flexural strength characteristics of a typical sandwich panel with closeout edge members and an eight ply upper and lower surface was determined by this test.

Three specimens were fabricated and static tested to failure as shown in Figure 16. Figure 17 shows a failed specimen. Table XI summarizes the specimen configurations and test results.

Examination of the test data and the failed specimens revealed two things.

- (1) All specimens failed in the compression face at a lower value than was predicted. This is attributed to face dimpling.
- (2) Laminate edge member shear stress was low, indicating that the vertical load is reacted by the honeycomb core.

TR-150 Compression Properties of Co-Cured Sandwich Specimens

This test was conducted to determine the compressive modulus when the wet laminate is co-cured to the HRP core. It was found that the modulus of the co-cured specimen was from 12.5 to 17.5% lower than the design modulus. Thus,

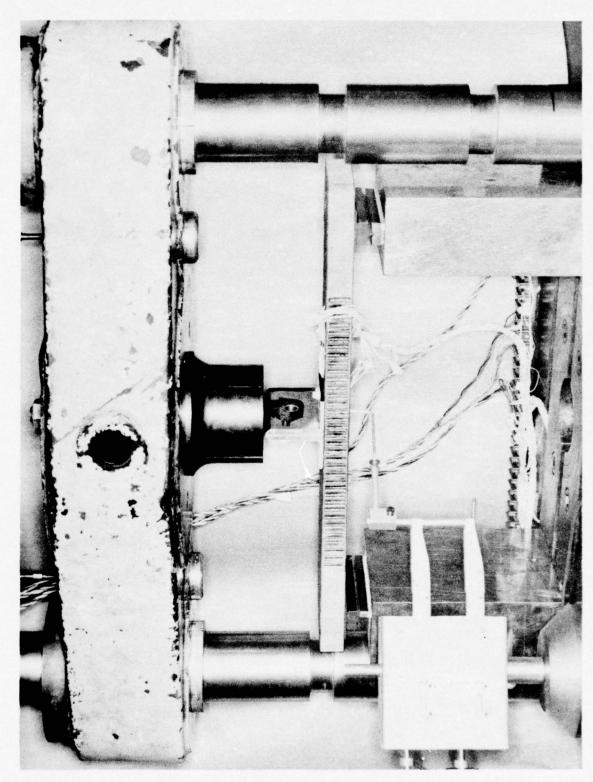


FIGURE 15 HINGE FITTING / SANDWICH PANEL SPECIMEN (TR-142)

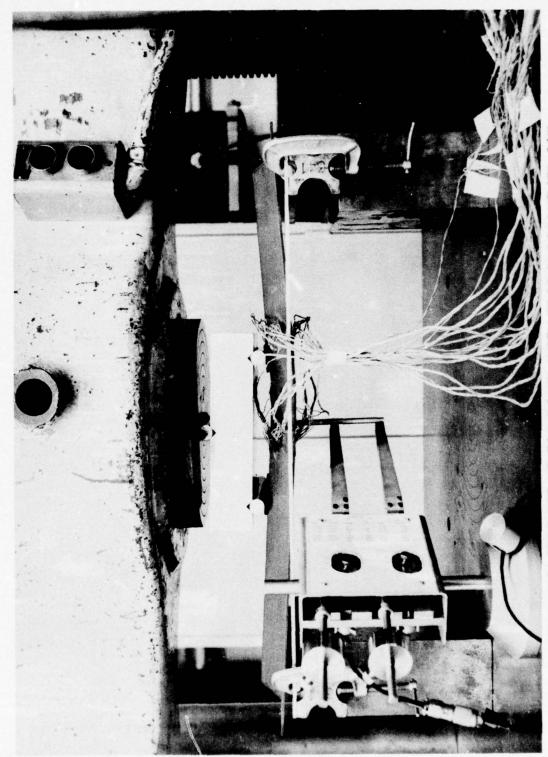


FIGURE 16 TEST SET-UP FOR PANEL WITH EDGE CLOSEOUT (TR-147)

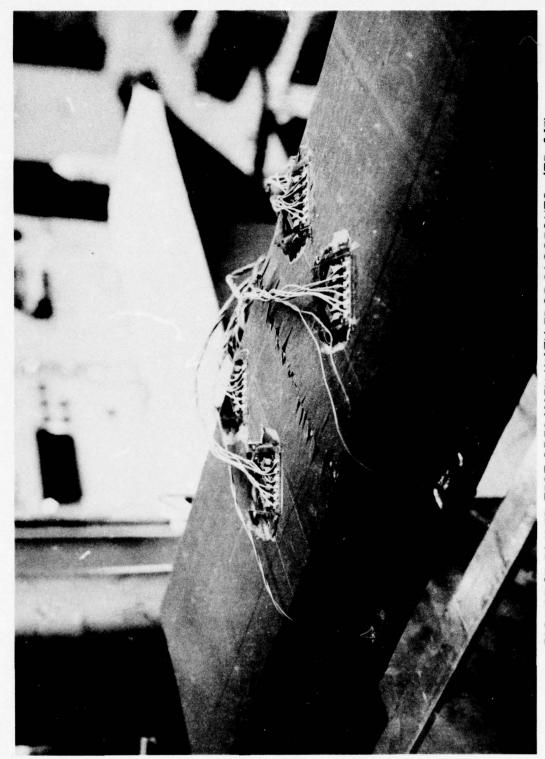


FIGURE 17 FAILED TEST SPEC IMEN WITH EDGE CLOSEOUTS (TR-147)

TABLE XI TR147 STRENGTH EVALUATION OF SANDWICH PANELS WITH EDGE CLOSEOUT

s.			
GROSS STRESS COMP. (KSI)	88.9	78.1	87.3
GROSS STRESS TENSION (KSI)	51.6	45.3	50.7
ACTUAL FAILING LOAD (LBS.)	5165	4540	5075
PREDICTED FAILING LOAD (LBS.)	6200	9029	9029
FAB. METHOD	-савер	oo - aux	MET LA
LAYUP	02, -45, 02, +45, 02 02, +45, 02, -45, 02	0 ₂ , -45, 0 ₂ , +45, 0 ₂ 0 ₂ , +45, 0 ₂ , -45, 0 ₂	02, -45, 02, +45, 02 02, +45, 02, -45, 02
SPEC. FACE (1)	8 UPPER 8 LOWER	8 UPPER 8 LOWER	8 UPPER 8 LOWER
SPEC. NO.	-	2	3

(1) UPPER FACE IN COMPRESSION

an extra ply of material was added to the upper and lower faces of the spoiler. Suspecting laminated dimpling between cell walls, other specimens were run with precured (and thus pre-stabilized) core. Testing showed modulus values equal to or greater than the design values.

Table XII summarizes the test results, and Figure 18 shows the test set up.

Weight

Based on the completed design drawings and data available from production sources, a weight comparison of the graphite composite spoiler and the metal design was made and is presented in Table XIII.

TABLE XII TR 150 COMPRESSION TEST SPECIMEN RESULTS

PATLURE	Compression	At Base												•	-
E x 106 DESIGN	12.6		-	13.7	_	-	14.5							-•	
FAILING Ex 106 STRESS TEST PSI PST	10,40	11.40	13.20	13.72	13.90	15.00	12.70	13.30	12.50	15.07	14.69	14.47	15.53	14.47	य:ध
FAILING STRESS PSI	60,350	60,010	49,800	62,833	67,667	63,500	51,000	67,785	60,500	78,810	93,686	92,800	91,598	100,455	82,778
Fcu DESIGN PSI	110,000	_		122,600		-	129,600	-						•	-
FAILING LOAD (LB)	6035	0109	1,980	7540	8120	7620	0417	876	947o	11060	13120	13020	12920	14120	07911
FAB	CO-CURE	_							CO-CURE	Stabilized	CORE	-	Pre-cured	Faces	-
CORE	HRP	3/16 ce11	4.0#/Ft3											_	_
MAT*L											c	1300		608	25
ORIENTATION	0, \$45,0,			02, 145,02	ı	_	0,54-,0,54+0	_							_
PACE (PLY)	2		2		in .	9	7	_						_	
SPECIMEN	5A	28	20	6A	68	99	7A	æ	2	E	E	12	76	F	TL

FIGURE 18 COMPRESSIVE TEST SET-UP (TR-150)

TABLE XIII SPOILER WEIGHT COMPARISON (WEIGHT IN POUNDS)

	SUE	1		35	30	
	FATIC	-		12.05	27.80	
IGHT	STATIC NO. 3			12.09	27.56	S= 29.03 %
ACTUAL COMPONENT WEIGHT	METAL COMP. WT. MFG. DEV. STATIC NO. 1 STATIC NO. 2 STATIC NO. 3 FATIGUE	8,34	34, 33	11.65	30.20	AVERAGE % WEIGHT SAVINGS = 29.03 %
ACTUAL (STATIC NO. 1	8.31	34.57	11.59	30.56	AVERAGE %
	MFG. DEV.	8,43	33.62		1	
CALC.	COMP. WT.	8.40	33.86	12.28	26.42	
	METAL	12.70		* 16.69	1	
	COMPONENT	SPOILER PLANK 12,70	% SAVINGS	* FINISHED SPOILER	% SAVINGS	

*INCLUDES HINGES, SEALS, HARDWARE

SECTION 3 MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT AND FABRICATION

The manufacturing development portion of the program has covered tooling, a spoiler manufacturing plan and fabrication of manufacturing development specimens, design verification specimens, three static test spoiler assemblies, and one fatigue test spoiler assembly.

Two types of templates were used for spoiler fabrication, (1) mylar templates, and (2) aluminum trim templates. A glass epoxy molding tool was designed and fabricated for spoiler assembly and cure. Tab stiffener sub-assemblies were cured using a .38 thick flat aluminum plate as a tool.

To establish techniques for fabrication of the four deliverable spoiler assemblies four types of manufacturing development specimens were made. Three specimens were made to determine the best method for lightning protection screen attachment to the spoiler lower skin. Six specimens were manufactured to establish a satisfactory method for honeycomb core edge stabilization in order to resist core collapse due to autoclave cure pressure. Two specimens were made to be used as standard defect specimens for ultrasonic immersion testing as well as determination of the correct resin bleeder material to be used between the tool and the spoiler. The fourth specimen represented the outboard end of the spoiler with one hinge tab and edge closeouts on all four sides. This specimen rendered proof of tooling concept prior to lay-up and cure of the manufacturing development spoiler. Table XIV summarizes the results of the manufacturing development specimens.

TABLE XIV - MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT SPECIMENS

SPECIMEN NUMBER	REQUIRED DATA	RESULTS				
MDS-1	Lightning protection screen attachment	Layer of adhesive between screen and lower skin				
MDS-2	Honeycomb core edge stabilization	350F curing phenolic resin				
MDS-3	NDT data & lower resin bleeder requirements	1. Minimum detectable delamination = .50 dia 2. With screen and resin bleeder required				
MDS-14	Proof of tooling concept	Concept satisfactory				

A spoiler subassembly was fabricated as confirmation of the manufacturing planning, checkout of the molding tool and processing parameters. No final assembly operations were carried out for this article, i.e., no hinge assemblies or trailing edge seal were installed. Provisions for these items were included by installation of the threaded inserts and drilling and countersinking the seal attach holes. Fabrication of the manufacturing development article was in accordance with the following fabrication sequence.

I. Core Stabilization

- A. Machine core segments to size
- B. Sand .125 R per engineering drawing
- C. Machine lower bevels
- D. Clean core
 - 1. Solvent flush
 - 2. Dry (1 hr. @ R.T.)
 - 3. Wrap in clean Kraft paper
- E. Stabilize core
 - Stabilize periphery of core by dipping in SC 1008 phenolic resin
 - 2. Cure in oven (350F 1 hr.)
 - 3. Wrap in clean Kraft paper

II. Tab Stiffener Assembly (Separate Operation)

- A. Prepare tool (flat plate) for bonding
 - 1. Solvent clean
 - 2. Apply release coating
- B. From broadgoods
 - 1. Lay up one (10 inch x 7 inch) 4 ply laminate (per 78-002553)
 - 2. Trim one piece HRP core, 5 x 7 inches
 - a. Saw 7 inch edges at 30° bevel
 - b. Clean core
 - (1) Solvent flush
 - (2) Dry (1 hr. @ R. T.)
 - (3) Wrap in clean Kraft paper

- 3. Trim film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10 to match laminate
 - a. Apply adhesive
 - b. Remove backing film
- 4. Apply core to adhesive per engineering drawing
- C. Prepare for cure (specification 208-8-3), apply:
 - 1. Peel ply
 - 2. Separator film
 - 3. Bleeder
 - 4. Vacuum bleeder
 - 5. Breather
 - 6. Bagging film
- D. Autoclave cure
 - 1. Door close to door open 4 hrs.
- E. Debag
- F. Machine -22 and -23 (78-002553) from stock produced by B thru E above.
- G. Clean -22 and -23
 - 1. Solvent clean
 - 2. Dry (160F for 1 hr.)
 - 3. Wrap in clean Kraft paper

III. Lower Skin Assembly

- A. Prepare tool for bonding
 - 1. Solvent clean
 - 2. Apply release film
 - 3. Apply peel ply
- B. Template trim 120 mesh screen to size
- C. Clean screen (CVA 8-51, Method II)
 - 1. Vapor degrease
 - 2. Rinse
 - 3. Alkaline clean
 - 4. Rinse
 - 5. Acid clean
 - 6. Rinse
 - 7. Protect (paper wrap)
 - 8. After cleaning handle screen only when using cotton gloves

- D. Apply screen in molding tool
- E. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10
 - 1. Template trim
 - 2. Place on assembly
 - 3. Remove backing film
- F. Hand lay up lower skin (Ref Figure 19)
 - 1. Trim plies number 1 thru 9 (one template)
 - 2. Place lower skin on tool (use transfer template)
 - a. Remove mylar backing
- G. From broadgoods (38 inches x 90 inches 45° orientation)
 - 1. Trim ply numbers 10 thru 18 (17 templates) (Ref Figures 20 thru 24)
 - 2. Apply plies, in proper sequence, on tool
 - a. Remove Mylar backing

IV. Lower Skin/Core Subassembly

- A. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10, to lower skin to core faying surface
 - 1. Remove backing film
- B. Place core segments onto lower skin
 - 1. Use adhesive foam specification 207-8-408, type III, for core splice (2 places)
- C. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10 to upper surface of core
 - 1. Remove backing film

V. Upper Skin Assembly

- A. Hand lay up upper skin (Ref Figure 25)
 - 1. Trim ply numbers 1 thru 9 (one template)
 - 2. Trim plies for upper skin doublers (three templates)
 - 3. Apply to tool (use transfer template) butt joint corners per engineering drawing 78-002553
 - 4. Apply upper skin doubler ply stack on upper skin (use transfer templates) (Ref Figure 26)
 - 5. Protect from contamination

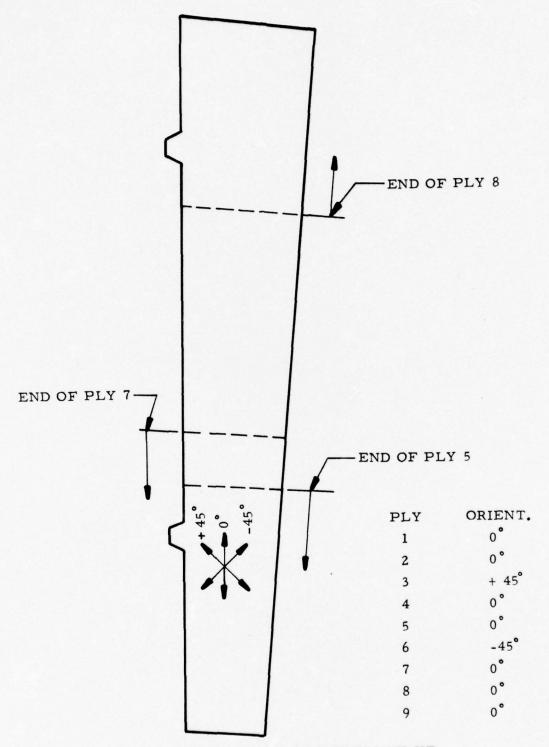


FIGURE 19 LOWER SKIN LAY-UP

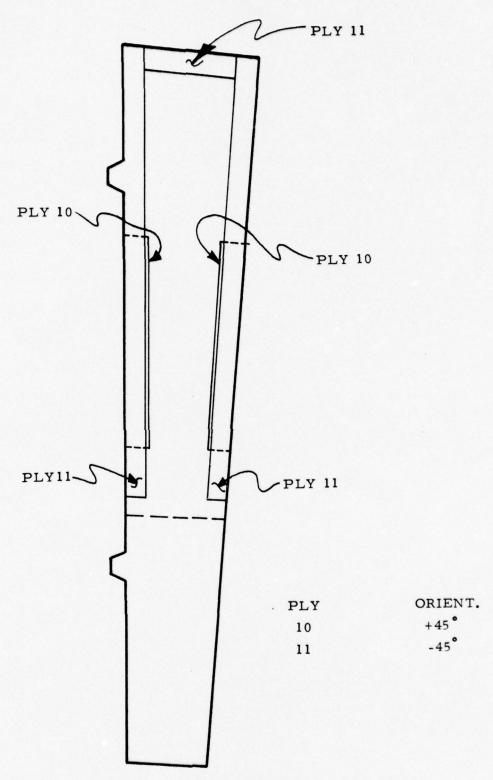


FIGURE 20 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 10 & 11)

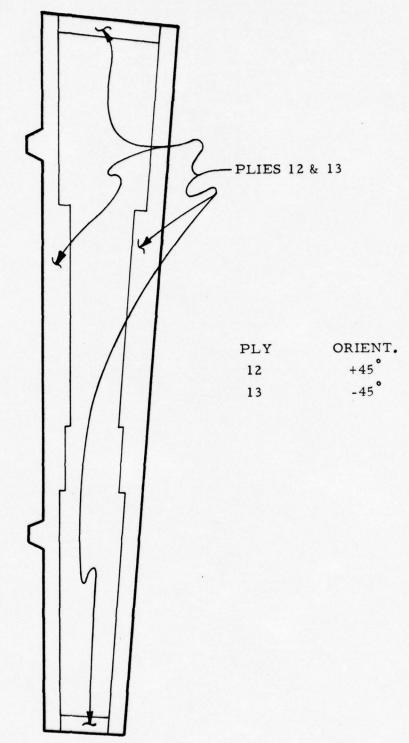


FIGURE 21 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 12 & 13)

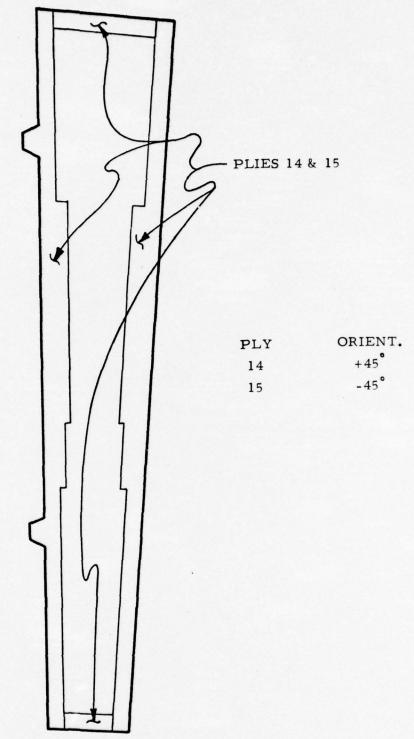


FIGURE 22 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 14 & 15)

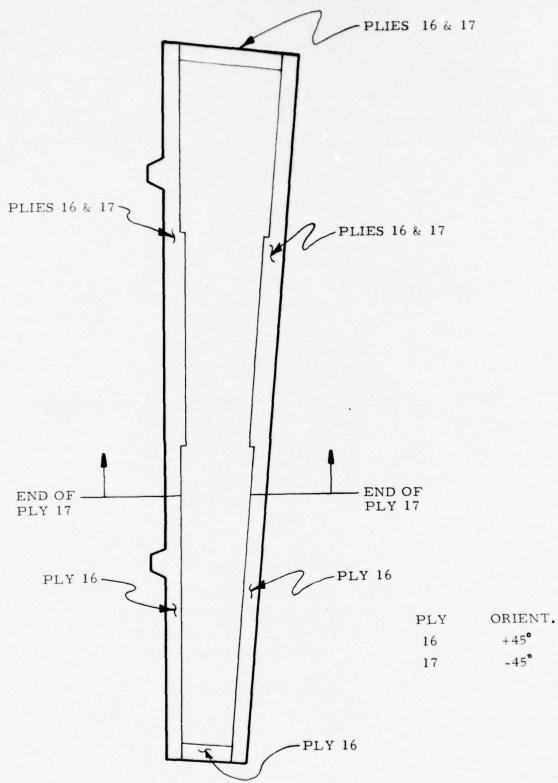


FIGURE 23 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 16 & 17)

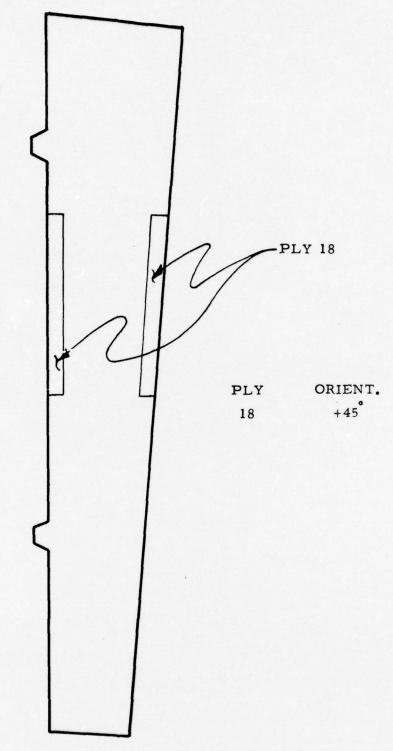


FIGURE 24 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLY 18)

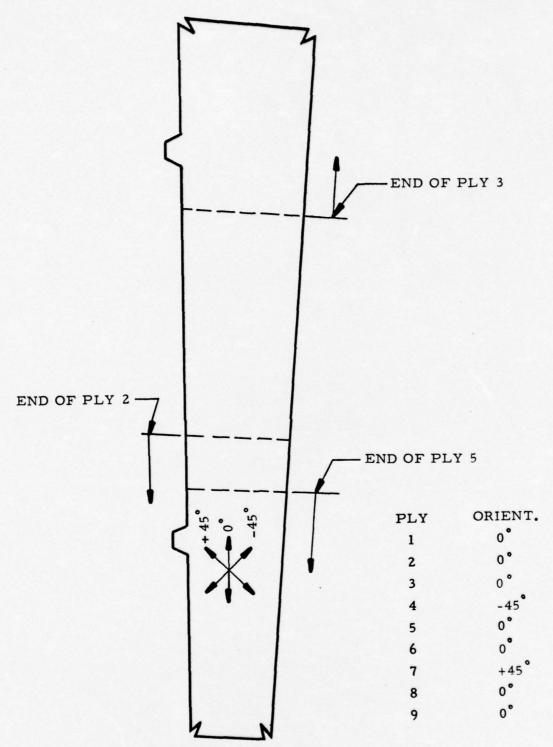


FIGURE 25 UPPER SKIN LAY-UP

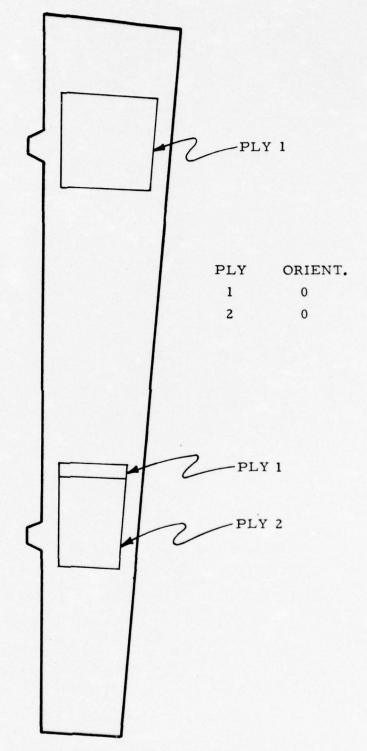


FIGURE 26 UPPER SKIN DOUBLERS

VI. Spoiler Assembly

- A. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10, to -22 and -23 (reference Item II)
- B. Position -22 and -23 on assembly
- C. Prepare for cure, specification 208-8-3
 - 1. Similar to item II.C.1 thru 6
- D. Autoclave cure
 - 1. Door close to door open 4 hrs.
- E. Debag
- F. Rough trim (remove excess resin and molding flash)
- G. NDT(24 -36 hrs. turn around)
- H. Machine to final size (leave tooling tab at each end)
- I. Install hinge inserts
 - 1. Using production hinges and shims
 - a. Load hinges and spoiler in assembly tool
 - b. Pilot holes in spoiler (inner skin only)
 - c. Install inserts
 - (1) .5 diameter hole in spoiler inner skin
 - (2) Under cut core
 - (3) Clean core
 - (a) Solvent flush
 - (b) Dry (160F for 1 hr.)
 - (4) Using paste adhesive, specification CVA 8-405, type VI
 - (a) Mix adhesive
 - (b) Fill cavity (1/2 full)
 - (c) Install inserts
 - (d) Fill cavity
 - (e) Cure (8 hrs. @ R. T.)
 - d. Using sealant, specification CAV 6-579, seal
 - (1) Seal edges of -22 and -23
- J. Seal Attach Provisions
 - 1. Drill 66 holes per engineering drawing
- K. Final Inspect

Process control specimens were made for the manufacturing development article. These specimens are fabricated at the same time, with the same materials, and under the same procedures as the spoiler. These provided a baseline for future process control specimens and give an idea of the quality of the material and procedures. In this case two extra sets of process control specimens were fabricated. One set was made with a bonded aluminum screen. The second set was made with scrim cloth between the specimen and the screen so that the screen could be removed after curing. The purpose of these specimens was to check the weakening effect due to bleed off of resin into the screen. This bleed off of resin raises the fiber volume and therefore it was expected that the screen would decrease the short beam shear strength and increase the modulus. Results concur with prediction as can be seen in Table XV.

TABLE XV - PROCESS CONTROL SPECIMENS -MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT SPOILER

	PEEL PLY BOTH SIDES	SCREEN WITH SCRIM CLOTH	WITH BONDED SCREEN
fsa	13,666 *	12,511	11,063
F	231,469	228,091	280,846
Е	18.03 x 10 ⁶	21.21 x 10 ⁶	26.11 x 10 ⁶

^{*} All values are averages

The spoiler was then cut into three basic types of specimens. These consisted of flexural beam specimens, tensile specimens, and potted insert specimens. Three flexural beam specimens, twelve (12) tensile specimens, six (6) from the upper skin and six (6) from the lower skin, and two (2) potted insert specimens were fabricated from the full scale component. These were cut from the spoiler as shown in Figure 27.

The three flexural beam specimens were four point loaded as shown in Figure 28A. The load concentrations made it necessary to neck down specimens A & B as shown in Figure 28B. This necking down of the specimen assured that the beam would fail in flexure. Specimen C could not be necked down because of the potted inserts. This beam was prepared in order to test the weakening effect of the potted inserts. The general area of the inserts was strengthened with

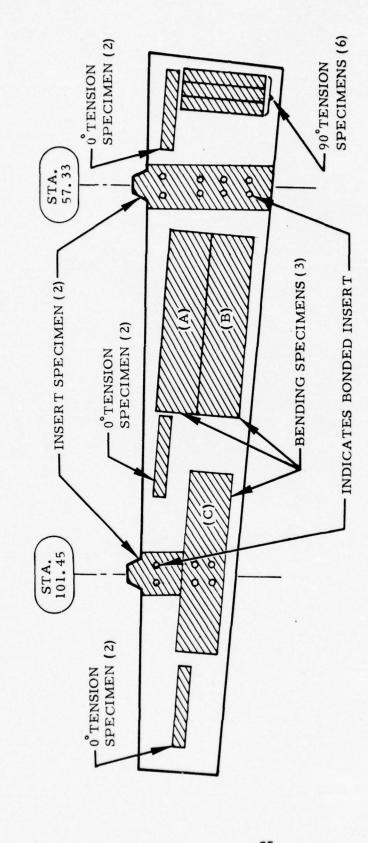
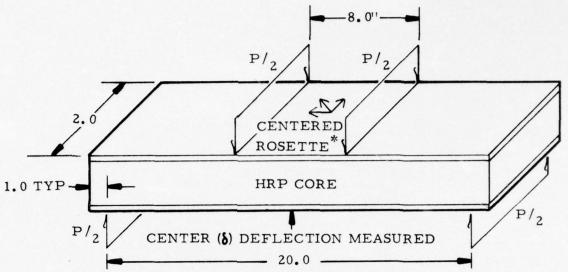


FIGURE 27 SPECIMEN LOCATIONS - MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT SPOILER



* INSTALL ROSETTE ON ONE SPECIMEN, UPPER & LOWER SURFACE FIGURE 28A FLEXURAL BEAM SPECIMEN - LOADING METHOD

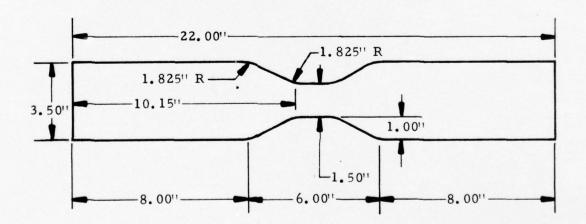


FIGURE 28B FLEXURAL BEAM SPECIMEN - CONFIGURATION

a two ply doubler as shown in Figure 3. In order to insure that the beam would fail in flexure the core was removed and replaced with potting up to a point 0.5 inch inside of the load concentrations.

The twelve tensile specimens consisted of six (6) upper skin coupons and six (6) lower skin coupons with the core removed. They were fashioned for testing as shown in Figure 29.

The results of tests on the manufacturing development article are shown in Table XVI.

TABLE XVI - TEST DATA-MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT SPECIMEN

SPECIMEN		REMARKS
Flex Specimens	Load	
В	780#	Failed in necked down area
A	1065#	Failed in necked down area
C	3970#	Failed at edge of doubler outboard of outboard hinge
Inserts	Load	All values except compression 3 were to 115%
Tension-1,2,3	221#	No failure
Compression-1,2	771#	No failure
Compression 3	1805#	Failure
Torque 1,2,3	70 in-1b	No failure
Tensile	Ftu	Loads shown are averages
A	105,330	0°, w/o screen bonded tab failure
В	88,870	0°, w screen; failed center (test section)
С	13,670	90°, w/o screen; failed edge of bonded grip end
D	11,930	90°, w screen; failed edge of bonded grip end

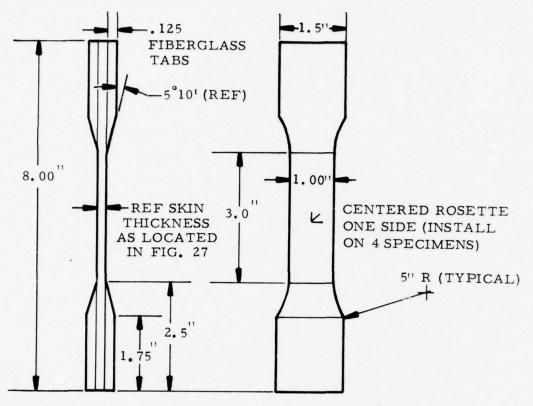


FIGURE 29 TENSILE COUPONS - MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT SPOILER

As can be seen in Figure 27 one of the flex specimens was cut across the outboard hinge area and included four inserts. This specimen had a 10 ply upper and an 8 ply lower surface. The other two flex specimens had 6 ply upper and lower surfaces. The specimen with the inserts failed along the edge of doubler on the outboard side. The other two failed in the necked down section, at the edge of the radius.

The inserts were tested to 115% of design limit load as verification of predicted strength. One of the compression specimens was tested to failure to get an idea of actual strength and margin of safety. It tested to 1805 lbs or 270% of design limit load.

There is an aluminum screen used for lightning strike protection on one side of the spoiler. Therefore, half of the tensile specimens were tested with a screen and half without. The screen, as shown by tests on the process control specimens, had a weakening effect on the specimens.

Four spoiler assemblies were fabricated for testing at NADC. The first three articles are for static testing while the fourth is a fatigue article. Static test articles 1 and 2 were fabricated in the same manner as the manufacturing development article. Static article 3 and the fatigue article were manufactured in accordance with the revised manufacturing plan as described in Appendix C. The change allows direct layup of the edge doublers, deleting the use of doubler transfer templates.

The glass epoxy molding tool has the edge of part (EOP) outline and two tooling hole locations scribed lightly on the OML surface. Two removable tooling pins were utilized to key all mylar templates to the EOP outline. Figure 30 shows the molding tool with tooling pins attached by double faced tape. To provide a surface for lay-up of the skins for the spoiler an outline of the spoiler, which includes .38 trim on all sides, was drawn on a polyethylene sheet. This surface shown in Figure 31 also included a table of ply numbers and orientations. A sheet of nylon film was taped to the table and the lower skin was hand layed-up ply on ply. Ply Number 1 is shown in Figure 32. Figure 33 shows partial completion of ply number 6. Partial plies Numbers 7 and 8 are shown in Figure 34. The complete, template trimmed lower skin is shown in Figure 35. A single sheet of 45° orientation broad goods was prepared. Metal templates were used to trim the picture frame doublers to size. The lower skin and doubler plies were transferred to the tool by utilizing mylar transfer templates. Figure 36 shows doubler ply number 14 on the transfer template. The complete lower skin/picture frame subassembly, after vacuum debulking is shown in Figure 37.

Film adhesive is applied to the lower surface of the previously machined and cleaned honeycomb core segments. Foam adhesive is applied to the ends of the center core segment. Starting with one of the end segments the core is applied to the skin/doubler subassembly. This stage of manufacture is shown in Figure 38. Film adhesive is now attached to the upper and sloped edges of the core. The protective film is left in place during the lay-up and trim of the upper skin assembly. This lay-up process is accomplished in a similar manner to that employed in the fabrication of the lower skin. Transfer to the tool is again accomplished by transfer template. The upper skin requires draping and trimming at each corner. Vacuum debulking is again used after the upper skin application as shown in Figure 39.

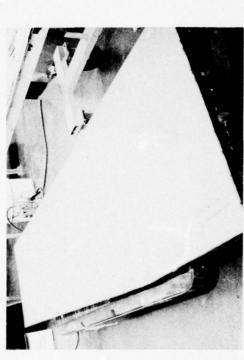


FIGURE 30: GLASS/EPOXY SPOILER MOLDING TOOL

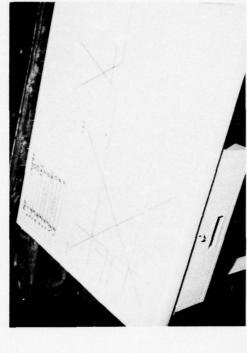


FIGURE 31: SKIN LAY-UP GUIDE



FIGURE 32: LOWER SKIN PLY NO. 1



FIGURE 33: LOWER SKIN, LAY-UP OF PLY NO. 6

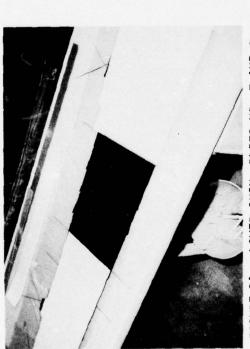


FIGURE 34: LOWER SKIN, PLIES NO. 7 AND 8

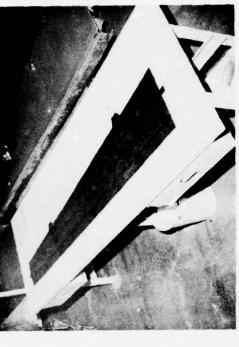


FIGURE 35: LOWER SKIN, LAY-UP COMPLETE, TEMPLATE TRIMMED

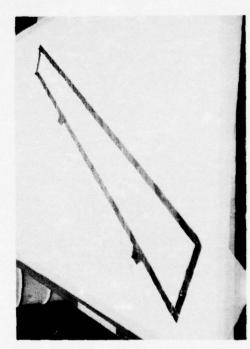


FIGURE 36: PICTURE FRAME DOUBLER, PLY 14, ON TRANSFER TEMPLATE

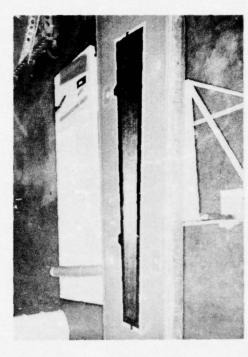


FIGURE 37: LOWER SKIN AND PICTURE FRAME DOUBLERS
AFTER TRANSFER TO MOLDING TOOL

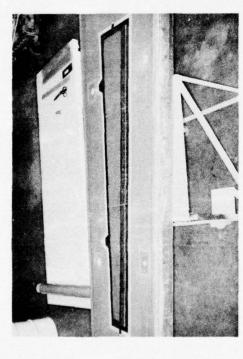


FIGURE 38: MACHINED CORE SEGMENTS APPLIED TO LOWER SKIN ASSEMBLY

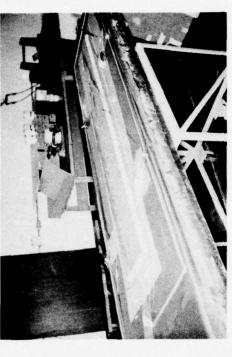


FIGURE 39: VACUUM DEBULKING OF SPOILER ASSEMBLY



FIGURE 40: SPOILER ASSEMBLY, DEBULKING COMPLETE, TAB STIFFENERS INSTALLED

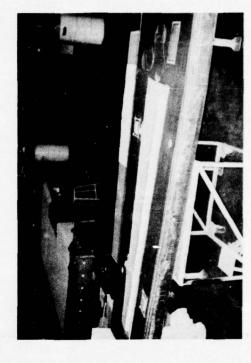


FIGURE 41: BAGGING PREPARATION, BLEEDER PLY INSTALLATION

The precured tab stiffeners are template located on the spoiler assembly, after application of film adhesive to the core to spoiler faying surface. Figure 40 shows these tab stiffeners in place, as well as the Corprene dam in place around the spoiler. Peel ply, teflon coated glass fabric, and resin bleeder material, as shown in Figure 41, are secured to the part.

Two process control specimens are required, per specification 208-8-3. P/C 1 is a sixteen ply unidirectional laminate, from which flexure and short beam specimens are made. Both P/C 1 and P/C 2 are shown in Figure 42. P/C 2 is a sandwich specimen with seven ply alternate 0° and 90° oriented skins. Flatwise tensile specimens are fabricated from this sandwich. Both specimens are cured under the vacuum blanket covering the spoiler assembly.

Figures 43 and 44 show the caul plate and pressure block installation prior to bagging. The caul plates are 0.020 aluminum alloy. The 30° sloping surface of the spoiler utilizes two angles with a 0.008 slip sheet under the angles at the joints. The pressure blocks are wooden strips which fit the caul angles on two sides and slope upward from the tool surface.

Figure 45 shows the tool, spoiler assembly and process control specimens after the completion of the bagging operation, but prior to cure. Four thermo couples were employed during the cure of each spoiler assembly. A thermocouple is located in each of the tooling tabs. While one is located in the solid laminate process control specimen, the other is located in the lower skin of the sandwich process control specimen.

Figures 46 and 47 show the upper and lower surfaces of static article Number 1. Close-up views of the hinge installation and tab stiffner sealant application is depicted in Figures 48 and 49.

Views of the upper and lower surfaces of static articles 2 and 3 and the fatigue article are shown in Figures 50 thru 55.

To verify spoiler final assembly one of the spoilers was attached to a S-3A wing assembly. The actuation system was operated and no signs of unusual operation or system malfunction was noted. Figures 56 and 57 show this installation.

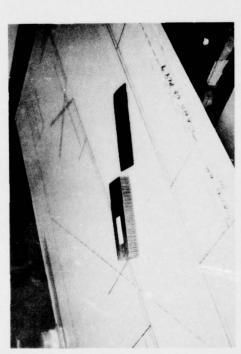


FIGURE 42: PROCESS CONTROL SPECIMENS

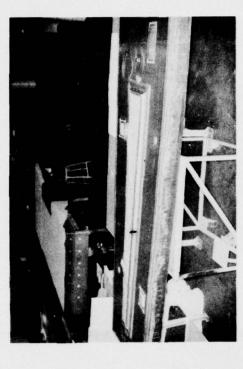


FIGURE 43: BAGGING PREPARATION, PARTIAL CAUL PLATE INSTALLATION

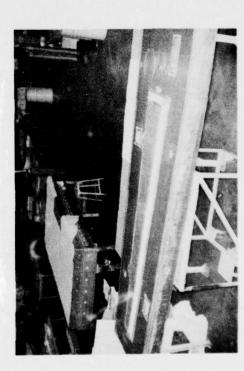


FIGURE 44: BAGGING PREPARATION, PRESSURE BLOCKS INSTALLED

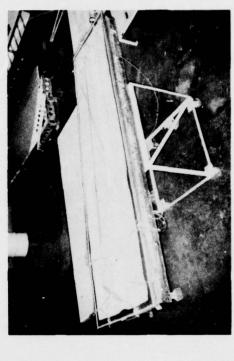


FIGURE 45: BAGGED PART AND SPECIMENS, READY FOR CURE

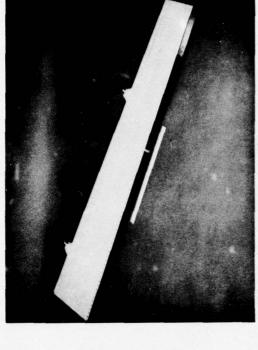


FIGURE 47: LOWER SURFACE, STATIC ARTICLE NO. 1 SPOILER ASSEMBLY

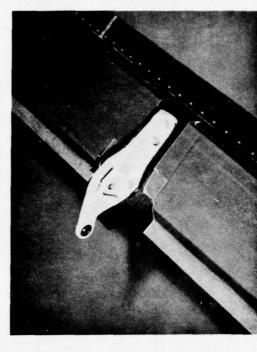


FIGURE 49: OUTBOARD HINGE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

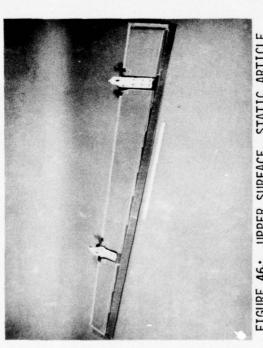


FIGURE 46: UPPER SURFACE, STATIC ARTICLE NO. 1, SPOILER ASSEMBLY



FIGURE 48: INBOARD HINGE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION,

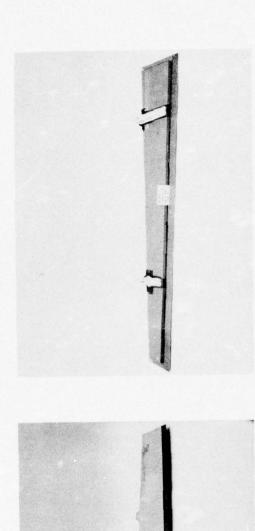


FIGURE 51: UPPER SURFACE, STATIC ARTICLE NO. 2, SPOILER ASSEMBLY

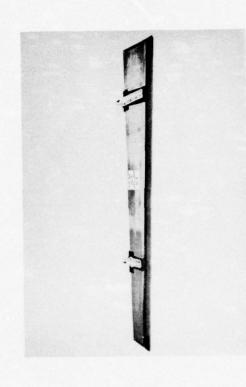
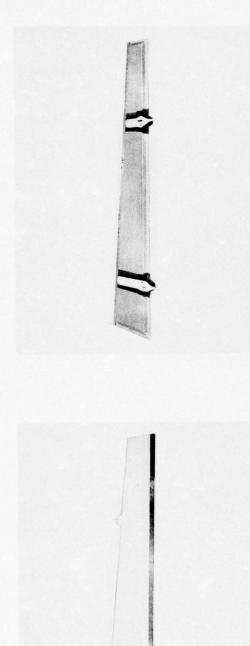


FIGURE 53: UPPER SURFACE, STATIC TEST ARTICLE NO. 3, SPOILER ASSEMBLY



LOWER SURFACE, STATIC ARTICLE NO. 2, SPOILER ASSEMBLY

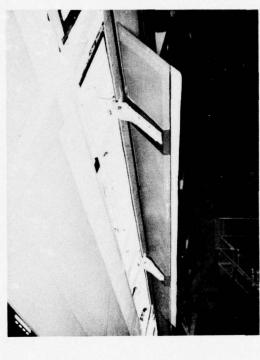
FIGURE 50:



UPPER SURFACE, FATIGUE ARTICLE, SPOILER ASSEMBLY FIGURE 55:



GRAPHITE/EPOXY SPOILER INSTALLED ON S-3A MING, CLOSED POSITION FIGURE 56:



GRAPHITE/EPOXY SPOILER INSTALLED ON S-3A WING, EXTENDED POSITION FIGURE 57:

FIGURE 54:

During the fabrication of static article Number 3 and the fatigue article the fabrication sequence was altered slightly to eliminate the usage of the picture frame doubler transfer templates for assembly. This change reduced the man hour requirements for spoiler fabrication. This change is reflected in the Revised Manufacturing Plan as shown in Appendix C.

SECTION 4 COMPONENT TESTING

All of the component testing was conducted by the Naval Air Development Center at Warminster, Pennsylvania under the direction of Mr. A. Manno. Test results and data were supplied to VSD for incorporation into this report. The full scale component tests conducted under the contract include three static tests and a fatigue test as defined in the test plans. The static test plan, report number 2-53440/3R-10108 included in Appendix B defines test loads and conditions. The fatigue test plan, report number 2-53440/3R-10109 is also included in Appendix B.

Two types of process control specimens were fabricated per process specifications during each spoiler assembly cure. One specimen consisted of a 16 ply unidirectional solid laminate which was cut into three zero degree flexure and three shear specimens for testing. The second specimen was a honeycomb sandwich panel with the same core as the spoiler and seven ply skins oriented 0, 90, 0, 90, 0, 90, 0. This was cut into three 2" x 2", flatwise tensile specimens. The test results on these specimens are compared to the manufacturing development components control specimens in Table XVII, and indicate no deficiencies in manufacturing process control. Table XVIII gives the actual weight versus the predicted weight of the finished test components.

The static test articles were loaded as defined in the Static Test Plan shown in Appendix B, and evaluated for strength and stiffness, to verify the design capability of the spoilers. Stresses and deflections were measured by five rosette gauges and twelve deflectometers on each spoiler.

Although the closing condition is the critical condition, the opening condition was tested to substantiate the spoiler performance for tension loads in the areas of the hinges. Each test checked three data points for the closing condition (150% DLL, 177% DLL, and failure), and one data point for the opening condition. The requirement for sustaining 177% of DLL as a check point in testing resulted from an S-3A operational change which deactivates the upper outer spoilers and increases the loading on the remaining spoilers.

TABLE XVII - PROCESS CONTROL TEST RESULTS

ARTICLE	FLATWISE TENSION	FLEXURE	MODULUS 106	SHORT BEAM SHEAR
Static No. 1	1070*	258,923	18.60	13,065
Static No. 2	958	215,780	17.47	13,787
Static No. 3	1022	230,961	18.10	13,501
Fatigue Article	892	234,166	20.04	14,121
M. D. Article	1901	231,469	18.03	13,366

* All Values Average

TABLE XVIII - ACTUAL SPOILER WEIGHT VS. PREDICTED WEIGHT

_			_
	FATIGUE	*	12.05
ACTUAL WEIGHT	STATIC NO. 3	**	12.09
ACTUAL	STATIC NO. 2	8.34	11.65
	STATIC NO. 1	8.31	11.59
PREDICTED	WEIGHT	8.40	12,28
	ELEMENT	Spoiler	Spoiler* With Fittings

Fittings Include Hinges, Seals, Hardware

** Not Weighed

STATIC TESTS

As required per contract, three static test articles were fabricated according to the drawings of Appendix A, and the materials and process specifications of Table IV. These components were shipped to NADC where the actual testing was accomplished.

Static Test - Spoiler #1

The test report for static spoiler number 1 is presented in Appendix B. The spoiler was loaded thru the test sequence shown in Table XIX.

TABLE XIX - STATIC TEST #1 RUN SEQUENCE

RUN NUMBER	CONDITION	MAX LOAD (% DLL)	REMARKS
1	Opening	40	Check loading fixture
la	Closing	40	Check loading fixture
2	Opening	100	
3	Opening	115	
14	Closing	100	
5	Closing	150	
6	Closing	177	
7	Closing	230	
7a	Closing	290	Failure at 300% DLL before gages could be read

The critical strains and deflections were checked after each run and showed acceptable correlation with the predicted values. The deflection at the outboard tip was less than that of the metal spoiler at the same load. Loading was applied in increments until failure. Failure occurred suddenly at 300 percent DLL, at the edge of the outboard doubler. There were no preliminary audible indications of failure.

Strain measured at the gauge located nearest to the point of failure, when extrapolated to the point of failure, was .00430. Using this value in the

point stress analysis routine, discussed in Section 2, results in close agreement with test results at 300% DLL. The calculated failure occurred at the same point as on the flexural beam specimen cut from the manufacturing development article. When the measured strain was extrapolated to the area of the outboard hinge, the strain was .0061. This value, being higher than predicted by previous tests (TR-141, Table X), indicates that local load redistribution because of the hinge pad reduces the local stress.

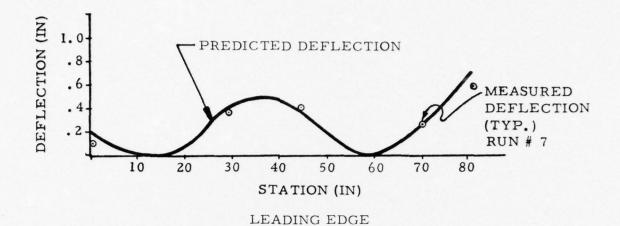
Measured deflections show close agreement with the predicted values, and are within 10% of the predicted values at 150% DLL. A comparison of measured and predicted leading edge and trailing edge deflections for Static Test Article number one (1) are shown in Figure 58.

Static Test - Spoiler #2

The test report for static spoiler number 2 is presented in Appendix B. The second test series is given in Table XX.

TABLE XX - STATIC TEST #2-RUN SEQUENCE

RUN NUMBER	CONDITION	MAX LOAD (% DLL)	REMARKS
1	Opening	40	Check run
2	Opening	115	
3	Opening	150	
14	Closing	40	Check run
4a	Closing	40	Check run
5	Closing	100	
5a	Closing	100	Check run
6	Closing	150	
7	Closing	177	Lost tension pad (reworked)
7a.	Closing	80	Discontinued due to pad unbonding
7b	Closing	177	Retest run #7
8	Closing	240	
9	Closing	350	Failure at 360% DLL before gages were read.



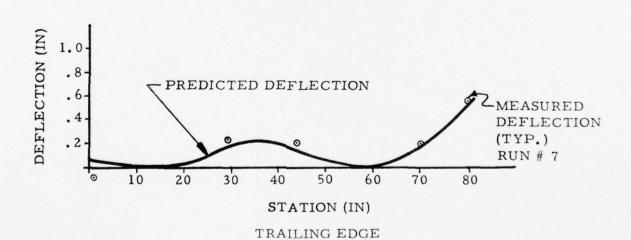


FIGURE 58 MEASURED VERSUS PREDICTED DEFLECTIONS STATIC TEST # 1 AT 150% DLL

Failure on this spoiler occurred at the same location as in the first spoiler test. All data and measurements taken indicate similarity to test data taken during test number 1. The leading and trailing edge deflected shapes are plotted and compared to the predicted shapes for 150% DLL as shown in Figure 59.

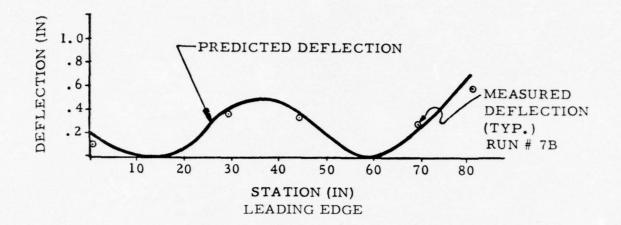
Static Test - Spoiler #3

The test report for static spoiler number 3 is presented in Appendix B. The run sequence for this test is given in Table XXI.

TABLE XXI - STATIC TEST #3 - RUN SEQUENCE

RUN NUMBER	CONDITION	MAX LOAD (% DLL)	REMARKS
1	Opening	40	Check run
2	Opening	115	
3	Opening	150	
14	Closing	40	Check run
5	Closing	100	
6	Closing	150	
7	Closing	177	
8	Closing	160	Lost pads (reworked)
8a.	Closing	100	recalibration check
8ъ	Closing	240	
9	Closing	340	Lost pad - test fixture problems
9a.	Closing	160	Test fixture problem
96	Closing	260	Lost pad (reworked)
9 c	Closing	370	Failed at 375% DLL while loading

Failure on the third spoiler occurred in approximately the same location as the first and second spoilers. The recorded data was showing the same similarity as achieved in prior tests. The leading and trailing edge deflected shapes for spoiler number 3 are plotted and compared to predicted shapes for 150% DLL in Figure 60.



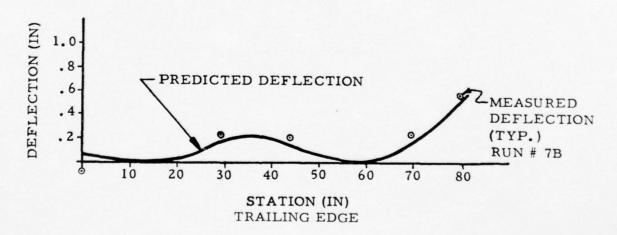
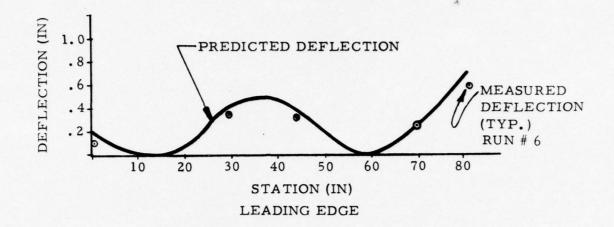


FIGURE 59 MEASURED VERSUS PREDICTED DEFLECTIONS-STATIC TEST #2 AT 150% DLL



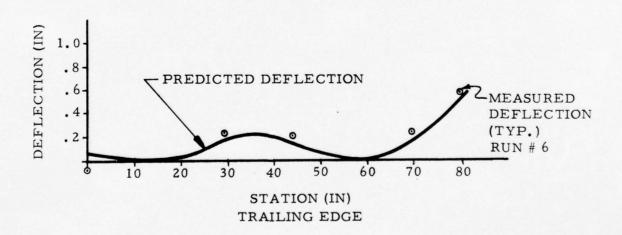


FIGURE 60 MEASURED VERSUS PREDICTED DEFLECTIONS - STATIC TEST #3 AT 150% DLL

FATIGUE TEST

One fatigue test article was fabricated in the same manner as the preceeding static test components and delivered to NADC for life testing. After successful completion of the required cyclic testing as defined in the test plan additional testing was performed. Table XXII shows the test sequence used. The fatigue test report is presented in Appendix B.

TABLE XXII FATIGUE TEST-RUN SEQUENCE

CONDITION	OPENING LOAD	CLOSING LOAD	LIFETIMES	REMARKS
FATIGUE SPECTRUM	SEE FATIGUE TEST PLAN IN APPENDIX B	SEE FATIGUE TEST PLAN IN APPENDIX B	2	NO DAMAGE
FATIGUE SPECTRUM	150% DLL	177% DLL	2	REPLACED SOME METAL PARTS
STATIC TEST		330% DLL	_	FAILURE

The critical strains and deflections were monitored during the fatigue design requirements test and no significant changes were observed. Upon the completion of the fatigue design requirements tests, the test loads were modified to 150% DLL for opening loads and 177% DLL for closing loads and the fatigue test rerun. Damage did occur to both the graphite and metal parts during this modified testing. Details of the damage incurred are in the Fatigue Test Results Report in Appendix B.

After completing the fatigue tests, a static test to failure was accomplished. Failure occurred at 330% DLL; the fracture was similar to the previous static tests. The location of the failure was approximately four inches outboard of the outboard hinge fitting. There was no audible warning prior to failure.

SECTION 5 COST COMPARISONS

INTRODUCTION

Graphite epoxy material is a new material with desirable engineering characteristics for aerospace design. However, a new material not only must have the desired engineering properties, but also must be cost competitive or have lower cost when comparing components fabricated with the new material to metallic components. One of the objectives of this contract was to demonstrate that a graphite epoxy spoiler could be fabricated for lower cost than the semi-monocoque metal spoiler for the production quantity planned. The ground rules by which the cost comparison data was collected are as follows:

- o The graphite epoxy spoiler assembly is interchangeable with the aluminum alloy spoiler assembly physically and characteristically. The graphite epoxy spoiler can replace a metal spoiler on the airplane without any modification to the aircraft.
- o The hinges for the graphite spoiler are identical to the hinges on the metal spoiler except the attaching bolt holes will be a larger diameter.
- o The cost comparison between the graphite epoxy spoiler and metal spoiler will use the S3A production lots, rates and quantities.

 Thus, the metal spoiler will be "actuals" for the quantity produced through 1 July 1974 and will insure identical production program.
- o The cost comparison will use constant dollars. The direct labor rates and overheads will be constant during the production period as will the cost of material.
- o The direct labor rates and overheads are calendar 1975 averages as negotiated with Naval Plant Representative Office, Dallas, Texas.
- o The average cost curve for the sheet metal spoiler is based upon the actual cost of the first 53 ship sets of spoiler produced by 1 July 1974. The costs were obtained from VSD's standard cost tracking system. The cost for the remaining spoilers to the 200 unit is predicated from the progress curve determined from these first 53 sets.
- o The cost for the graphite epoxy spoiler will be an estimate for 200 production articles. The estimate was made after the five developmental spoilers had been produced.

COST MONITORING SYSTEM

Standard Cost Monitoring

The cost monitoring system at VSD is designed to fulfill the reporting requirement for Cost Schedule Control Systems Criteria (CSCS). Under this system, the tasks are divided into contractual line items which have cost reporting functions and a Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) per MIL-STD-881. The WBS is further broken down to 5th and 6th levels to provide VSD with details for adequate control. The cost monitoring system which accumulates the desired cost is an Alpha-Numeric code which identifies the contract and WBS level. In addition, each departmental function such as engineering, tooling, materials, manufacturing and quality is identified for each WBS element. The functional cost can be identified for any WBS item which has been coded.

Sheet Metal Spoiler Costs

The sheet metal spoiler is fabricated under a WBS code. The code is for a ship set of spoilers and contains the contract number, line item and departmental functional notation. The charges by departmental elements have been accumulated for fifty-three ship sets of metal spoilers completed by 1 July 1974. The cost for the metal spoiler which is being replaced by the composite spoiler has been estimated by the responsible departments (Manufacturing Controls - Factory, Materials for direct materials, etc.) from the actual data accumulated by WBS code.

The techniques employed by each department are varied, but historically have produced consistent results; therefore, the cost for the metal spoiler is a "best cost estimate" possible from actual data of multiple spoiler components. The estimates were then dollarized in constant 1975 dollars and used to develop the curve in Figure 61.

Sheet Metal Spoiler Cost Drivers

The cost contributors for the sheet metal spoilers are factory labor, raw materials, quality assurance, sustaining tooling, and sustaining engineering. Figure 62 indicates the percentage for each of these elements as a function of quantity of articles. As noted, the primary cost driver is factory labor with raw materials a strong second. Analysis of data shown in Figure 62 indicates that an increase in material cost requires a large decrease in factory labor to maintain cost competitiveness. The cost for the composite

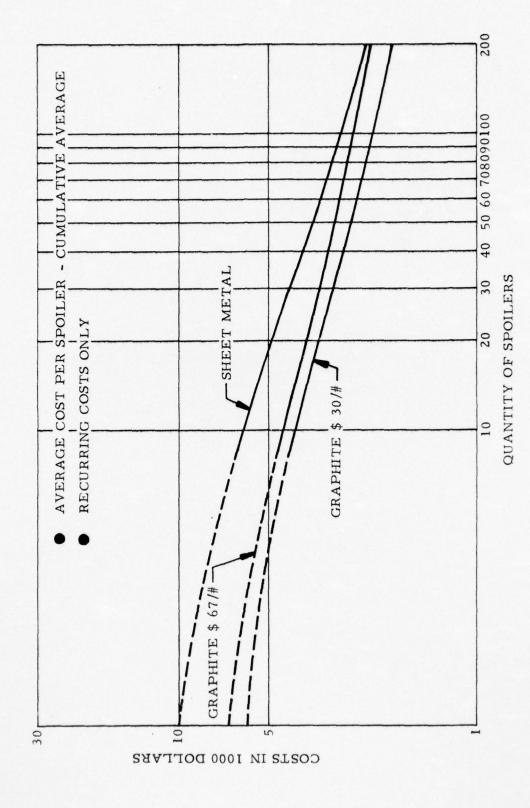


FIGURE 61 COST COMPARISON - METAL VERSUS GRAPHITE / EPOXY SPOILER

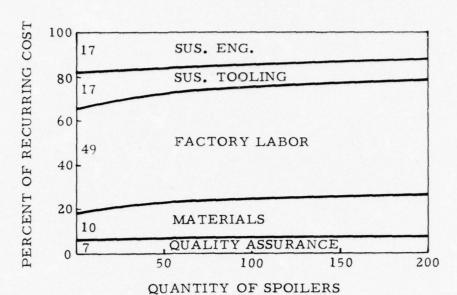


FIGURE 62 PERCENTAGE OF RECURRING COST FOR FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTS - SHEET METAL SPOILERS

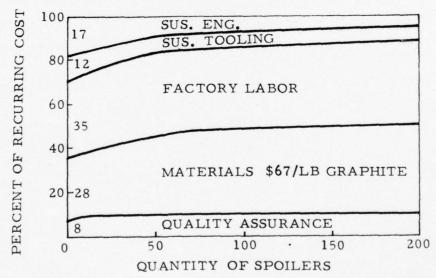


FIGURE 63 PERCENTAGE OF RECURRING COST FOR FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTS - COMPOSITE SPOILER

spoiler reflects a decrease in factory labor, an increase in raw material cost, and shows this spoiler to be cost competitive with the sheet metal spoiler.

Composite Spoiler Costs

The costs for the composite spoiler were estimated after the five developmental spoilers were fabricated. The first five spoilers were used to develop and qualify the process as well as gain some production experience. The departmental estimates were dollarized in constant 1975 dollars and the recurring cost for 200 spoilers is shown in Figure 61.

The cost for the graphite epoxy material for the basic estimate was \$67 per pound. A separate cost estimate was made using an estimate of \$30 per pound for graphite epoxy. This estimate is also shown for reference on Figure 61.

Composite Spoiler Cost Drivers

The cost contributors for the composite spoilers are factory labor, raw materials, quality assurance, sustaining tooling, and sustaining engineering. Figure 63 illustrates the percentages for each of these elements as a function of the quantity of articles. Factory labor is the primary cost driver in the beginning but is replaced by raw materials as the quantity increases. The reason for the reversal of the roles is the progress curve for labor is steeper (faster rate) than the progress curve for materials. The high cost of graphite raw material requires a savings in manhours to offset the material cost delta. Quality requirements for graphite/epoxy structures is more than metal structure for the reasons shown: (1) additional receiving inspection to insure raw material compliance to specification, (2) revalidation testing after 90 days to prolong material shelf life, and (3) the additional quality requirements for bonded structure. With additional experience, the cost for quality assurance will decrease in percentage and approach the requirements of the metallic structure.

COST COMPARISONS GRAPHITE/EPOXY-METAL

Production Program Cost Comparison

The cumulative average cost for the functional elements which comprise the total recurring costs are compared at quantities of 8, 101, and 200 units in Table XXIII. Costs of the sheet metal spoilers are projected from the first 53 ship sets costs and the graphite spoiler costs are projected from the five articles fabricated for this study.

TABLE XXIII - FORMAT FOR COST REPORTING-METAL VERSUS COMPOSITE PART

Part Number 1281384-101			1	Nomenclat	ure Sp	oiler
Nonrecurring		Meta	1	Comp	osite	
Design Engineering		\$118,4	86	\$128	,104	
Basic Tooling		90,8	98	63	,905	
Total Nonrecurring Costs		\$209,384		\$192	,009	
			antity	of Spoile	ers	
	8 10		01	2	00	
	Sheet Metal	Composite	Sheet Metal	Com- Posite	Sheet Metal	
Sustaining Engineering	\$ 1,092	\$ 819	\$ 405	\$ 167	\$ 282	\$ 123
Sustaining Tooling	1,089	572	287	190	211	135
Materials	639	1,300	491	992	456	922
Manufacturing	3,209	1,681	1,463	965	1,262	856
Quality Assurance	497	393	189	257	153	240
Average Recurring	\$ 6,526	\$ 4,765	\$2,832	\$2,571	\$2,364	\$2,276
Average Nonrecurring	26,173	24,001	2,073	1,901	1,047	960
Total Manufacturing Cost	\$32,699	\$28,766	\$4,905	\$4,471	\$3,411	\$3,236

Developmental Cost Comparison

The initial five composite spoilers were used to develop and qualify the production process. A cost tracking system was conducted during the development phase to compare the cost of the composite spoiler to the cost of the initial five metal spoilers. This comparison is made in Table XXIV using the labor rates for the development spoiler to establish a common time frame.

Progress Curves

The progress curve or learning curve is applicable on all non-automated production lines. The initial component has the highest cost since the personnel are not familiar with the details of the component, the production process, or the tools. After the first operation is complete, the operators gain confidence and begin to reduce the manhours required to complete the

TABLE XXIV - COST COMPARISON OF FIRST FIVE SPOILERS

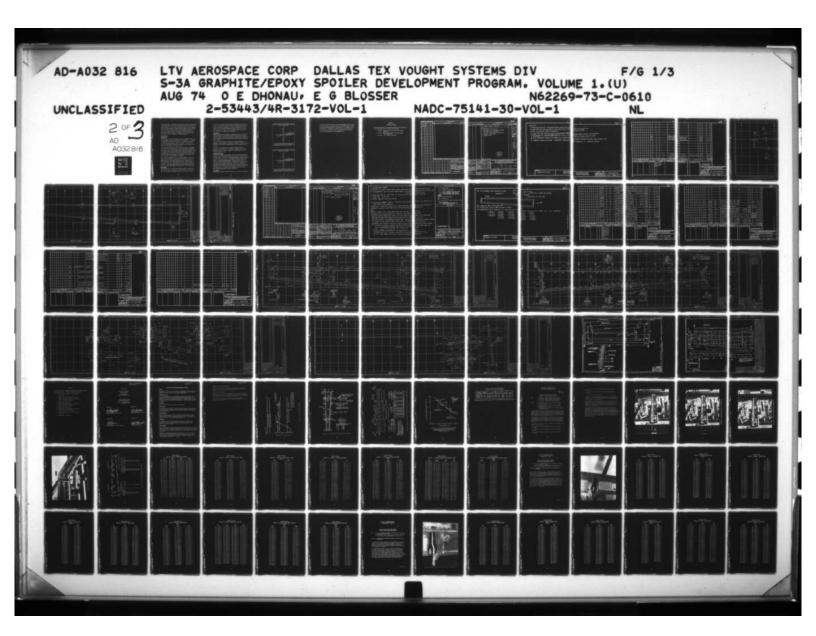
FUNCTIONAL	3 5	S-3A COMPOSITE SPOILERS 5 DEVELOPMENTAL SPOILERS	POSITE	SPOILE SPOIL	RS ERS				S-3A ME INITIAL	S-3A METAL SPOILERS INITIAL 5 SPOILERS	LERS	
ET ENVENIE	Non		1	Unit No.	٥.		Non		n	Unit No.		
CINCIPALITY	recurring	1	2	3	17	5	recurring	Т	2	3	4	5
Engineering Manhours Departmental Costs (\$)	6,118 128,111	40 712	42 748	32 571	32 571	28	5,424 109,077	86 1,565	1,308	60	ηę 836	48 873
Manufacturing Engr. Manhours Departmental Costs (\$)	2,294 44,988	⁴⁰	188 1881	140 766	36	31 594	4,060 30,610	78	1,320	68	44 44	58 1126
Manufacturing Manhours Departmental Costs (\$)	1,721 33,108	143	126 2423	106 2038	107 2058	92	#24 754 8,684	290 5,512	245	220 4,181	205 3896	185 3516
Quality Assurance Manhours Departmental Costs (\$)	310	35 793	38 861	31 702	32	31	252 5,757	50 1,136	1,024	43 979	41 932	39 887
Materials Manhours Direct Materials (\$) Departmental Costs (\$)	31 6,303 7,511	5 1147 1357	6 1212 1446	6 1272 1446	6 1212 1446	6 1212 1446	10 2,000 2,378	571 681	3 571 681	3 571 681	3 571 681	3 571 681
Manufacturing Costs (\$) 203,948	203,948	6379	6329	5523	2490	1105	206,506	10,401	8989	8253	7199	7083

Nonrecurring costs here do not match those shown in Table XXIII for the following reasons: NOTES:

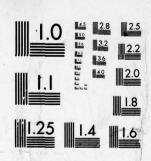
projected quantities of metal and composite spoilers in Table XXIII are projected 1975 labor metal spoilers were calculated using the same rates). The labor and overhead rates for are actuals accumulated during the current contract (For comparison purposes the five Labor and overhead rates for the first five composite spoilers shown in this table and overhead rates.

"One time" only costs for materials and process development are included in the nonrecurring costs for the five composite spoilers. This is not included in the projected nonrecurring costs in the Table XXIII. o,

Cost of test specimens is included in composite nonrecurring; is not in metal nonrecurring



2 OF 3 AD A032816



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-4

required processes. In addition, the production lot sizes may increase which permits amortizing the tool setup time over more articles and further reduce the time per part. In any event, the reduction of time with each succeeding article has been described as learning curves, or progress curves. Factory labor is measured by progress curves, and raw materials are purchased to a curve which is usually the result of purchases of large quantities of materials and reduced packaging. The learning curves for these important cost drivers are further explained in succeeding paragraphs.

PROGRESS CURVES

Factory Labor

Factory labor is a key cost contributor as noted in Figures 62 and 63. The initial components require more manhours than subsequent units. The degree of improvement is a function of the skills of the craftsman, familiarity with the manufacturing process, number of operations - by hand and by machine, design complexity, producibility changes to reduce factory labor, lot sizes, production rate, and similar factors.

The factory labor progress curve for the sheet metal spoiler approximates an 84% slope and is predicated upon the data acquired during the fabrication of the first 53 sets. An 84% learning factor reflects less improvement than the 80% which would normally be expected for a sheet metal assembly. This is primarily due to the complex sheet metal assembly which has many detail parts and is difficult to assemble. The complexity of the assembly does not lend itself to efficient production procedures.

The factory labor progress curve for the graphite assembly is on an 87% slope. This is based upon the data from the fabrication of the first five graphite spoilers. This slower progress rate is in a large part due to factors inherent in the bonding process, which do not lend themselves to a decrease in cycle time. These include the lay-up, bagging and autoclave operations. Lay-up and bagging (applying the vacuum barrier materials to the mold) are hand operations and the curing cycle is a fixed time element.

Raw Materials

The progress curve for both the sheet metal and composite raw materials is 92%. This 92% curve is historical for aluminum structure at VSD, and the same curve was selected for graphite epoxy. Material costs are constant

for the first five graphite spoilers because the material was procured in one buy. Cost decrease will be reflected in succeeding lots as the quantity of material procured is increased. The curve for graphite may become a steeper curve as additional manufacturing capacity is added by the raw material fabricators. However, since the estimate was made using constant 1975 dollars, the 92% progress curve was employed.

Trade Studies

Several trade studies were conducted to determine the impact on cost for the composite spoiler. Since factory labor and raw material are the primary cost contributors for 200 units, these factors were analyzed to determine the impact on manufacturing cost for 200 articles should the other cost elements remain constant.

The study for factory labor with all other cost elements constant is graphically shown by Figure 64. Basically, an increase or decrease of 10% in factory labor will change the manufacturing cost for the composite spoiler by $\pm 3.8\%$.

The study for raw material with all other cost elements constant is graphically shown on Figure 65. An increase or decrease in cost of raw materials by 10% will result in a change of the manufacturing cost for the composite spoiler by + 4.1%.

Composite Raw Material

The effect of a changing total material cost has been described previously. However, a study was conducted to determine the impact of changing the cost of graphite epoxy. For the basic study, graphite epoxy raw material cost was priced to VSD at \$67 per pound. Since demand and production capacity are expected to increase, the manufacturers of graphite/epoxy materials are projecting significant price reductions. A material cost of \$30 per pound was selected for the graphite/epoxy cost; the cost for the remaining materials were kept constant. As a result, the raw material was reduced by approximately 35%. This reduction in raw material will reduce the cost for 200 spoilers by 14%. The cost curve for composite spoiler with \$30 per pound graphite epoxy material is shown on Figure 61.

Core Material

The core for the spoilers is Hexcel's "HRP" core. This core was selected to

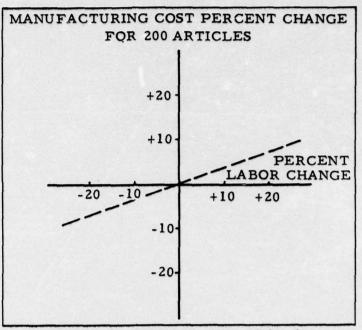


FIGURE 64 EFFECT OF LABOR ON COMPOSITE SPOILER MANUFACTURING COST

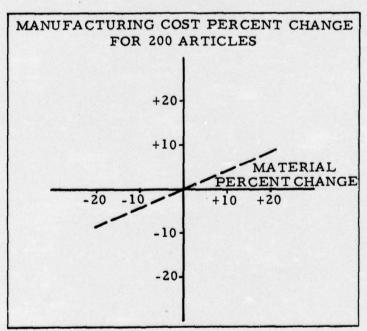


FIGURE 65 EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON COMPOSITE SPOILER MANUFACTURING COST

eliminate the corrosion interface with the graphite/epoxy; however, the "HRP" core is more costly than aluminum alloy core. A study was made to determine the initial cost savings possible for 200 spoilers if the aluminum core had been specified. The material cost would be 11% less when aluminum alloy core is specified. The 11% reduction in material costs for 200 articles will reduce the manufacturing cost approximately 4.5%.

APPENDIX A

ENGINEERING DRAWINGS

This appendix contains the following S-3A composite spoiler drawings and the tool drawings from which the parts were fabricated.

- o 78-002553 Flap S-3A Spoiler Lower Outer Panel Advanced Composites
- o 78-002554 Core Assembly S-3A Outer Panel Lower Spoiler Advanced Composites
- o S/N 405011 082 78-002553 Bonding Mold

REVISED & RENUMBERED NOTES. REMOVED ALL 4.04 CORE REVISED STOCK SIZE &WT. OF -2 ADDED NOTES 647 ADDED M3	STE 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0
	CORE ASSEMBLY S-3A OUTER PANEL LOWER SPOILER PAGE 1 OF 4
OFFICIAL ENGINEERING RELEASE	FIGURE A-1

NOTES:

- 1. HONEY COMB CORE 3/16 5.5 " CVA 207-8-411 CLASS 1, TYPE I GR
- 2. CORE SPLICE FOAM ADHESIVE VSD 207-8-408 TYPE
- 3. FOR CONTOURS SEE 78-002553
- 4. CORE SPLICE APPLY & CURE VISD 207-8-408(TYPETE) FO
- 5. TOLERANCE ON CORETHICKNESS ± .008, ON TRIM ± .03,
- 6. DIP PERIPHERY EDGES OF CORE IN SC 1008 PHE
- 7. PHENOLIC RESIN SCIOOS MONSANTO CHEMICAL

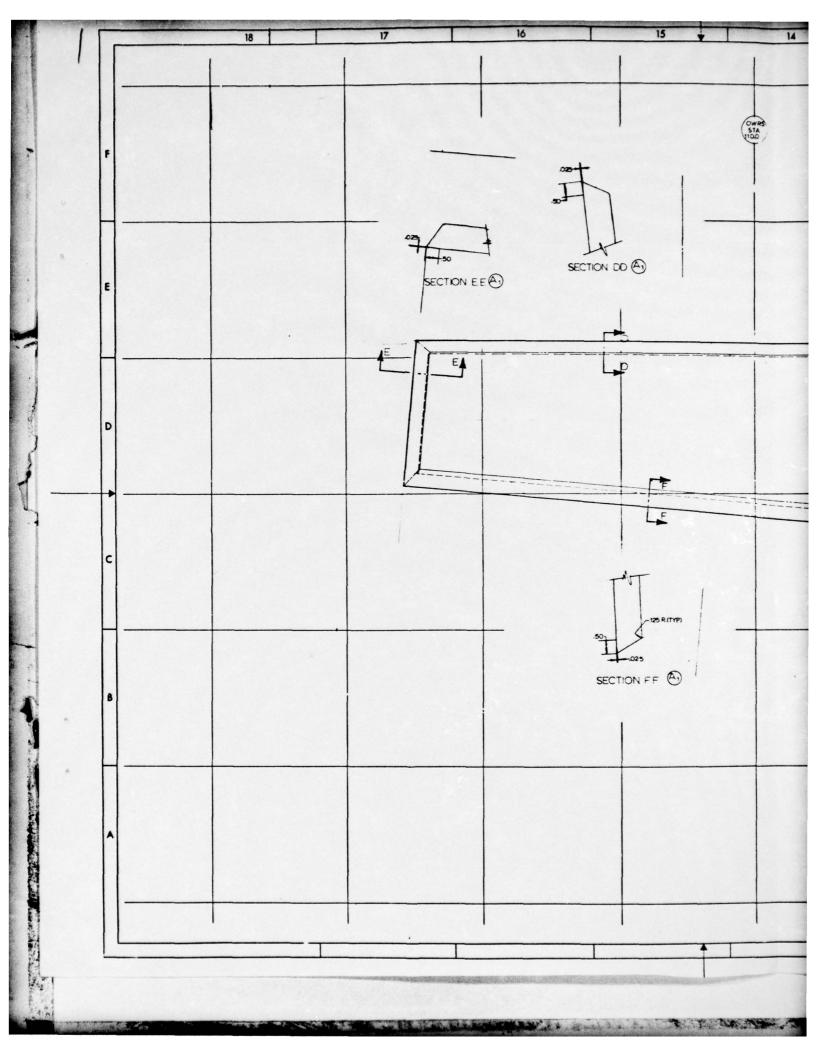
ASSI, TYPE I GRADE 5.5 -8-408 TYPE II

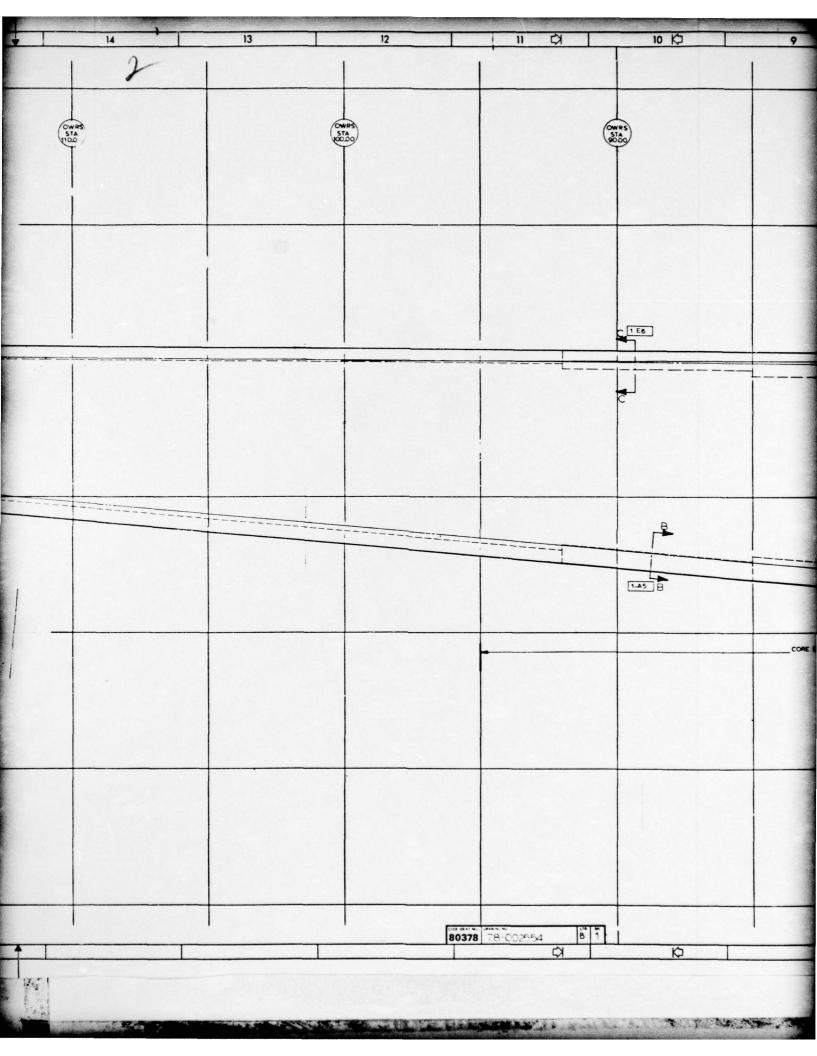
B-408(TYPEII) FOAMPER VSD 208-8-12 TRIM ± .03, ON ANGLES ± 30"

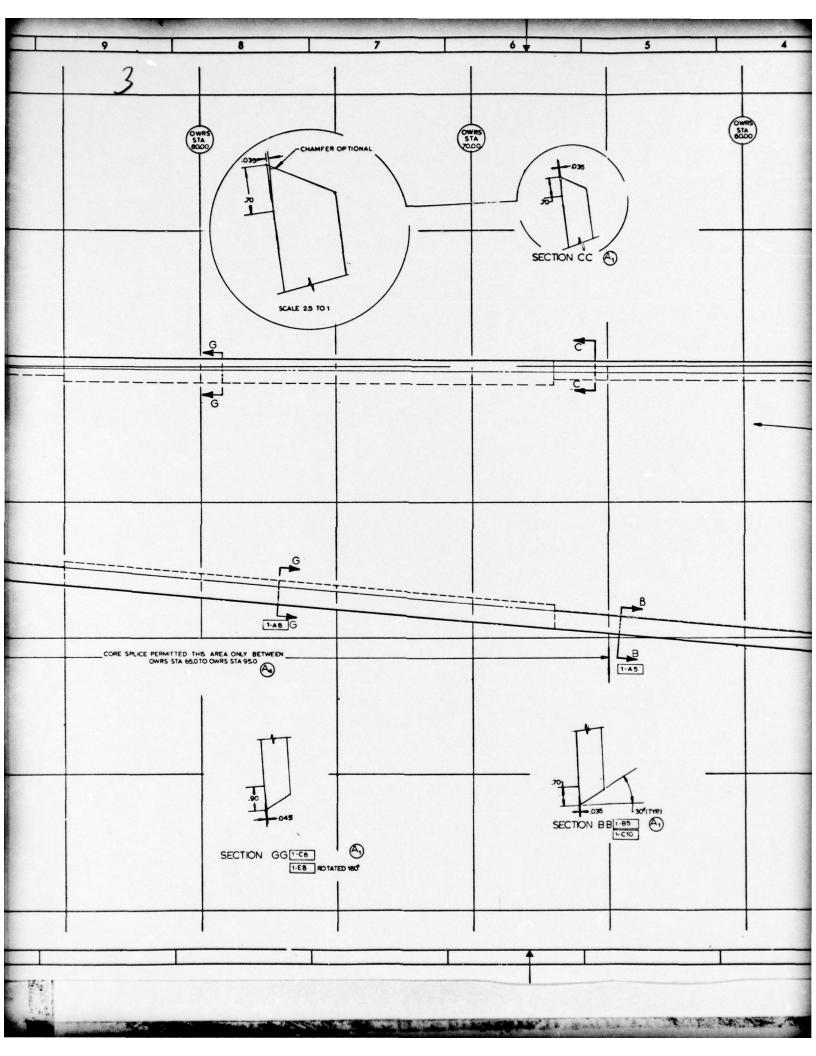
SC1008 PHENOLIC RESIN PER 208-7-18 O CHEMICAL CO. SEATTLE, WASH.

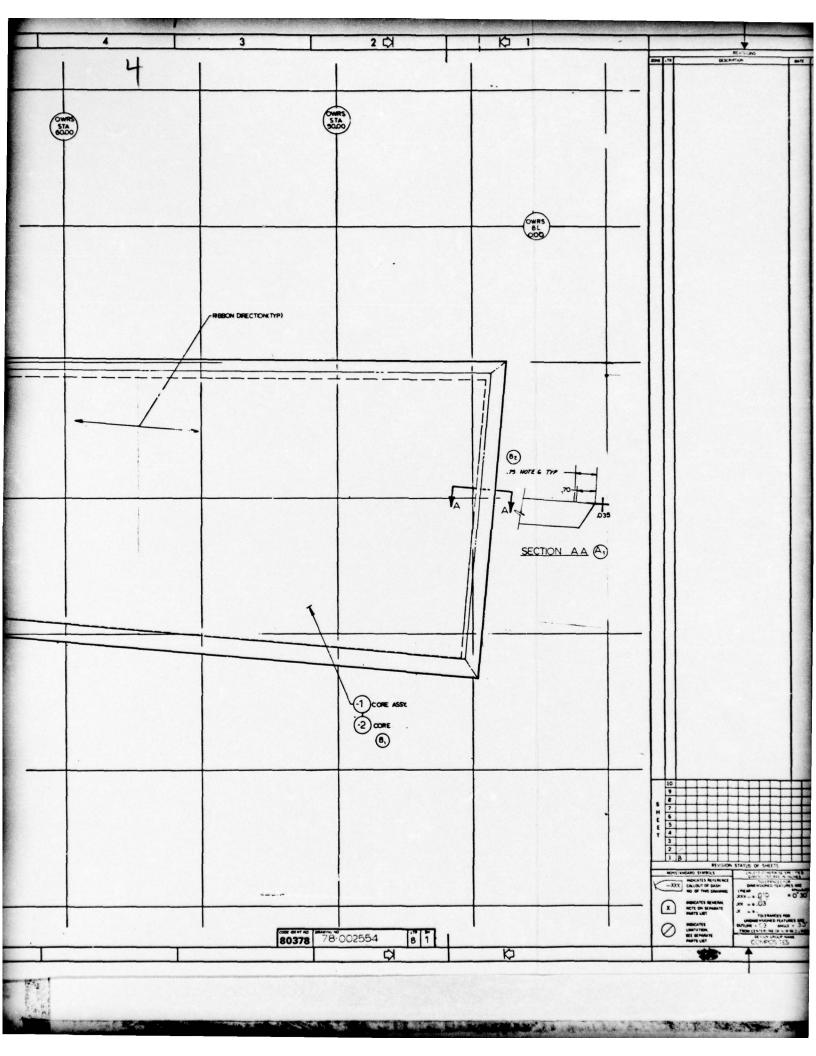
							-2 -1	CORE AS
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-								
				$\dashv \dashv$	AR			CORE SPLICE
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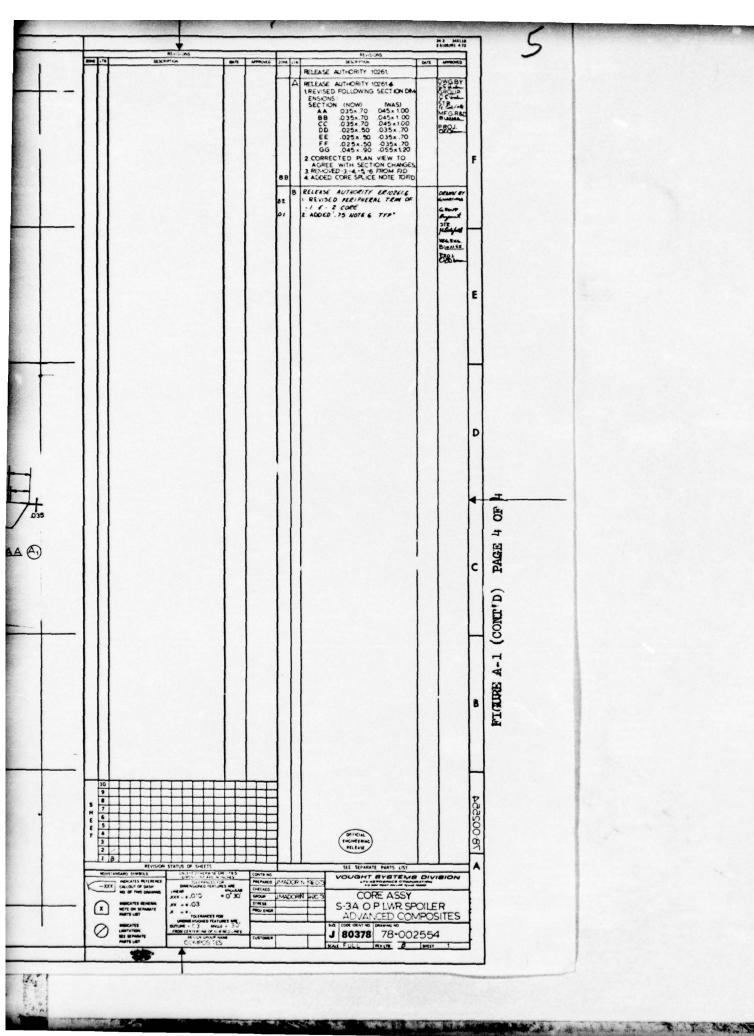
NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL C	R NOTE	UNIT	REV
	CORE ASSY			2.00	À
	CORE	.93×12.0×85.0	MI	1.93	А
	CORE SPLICE		M2	.07	
	PHENOUC RESIN		M3	~	
					H











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A.	RELEASE AUTHORITY 10261.4 SHT.4 REVISED WT. ON -1,-3,-4,-5,-7,-8,-9,-10,-11 " HATL SIZE ON -5,-7,-8,-9,-10,-11 SHEET 3 ADDED NOTE 24	DWG BY JE MNORIN GEOU' JE W. L. MEG RLD BLOSSER PLOS OEDHAM
	OFFICIAL ENGINEERING RELEASE	FIGURE A-2 S-3A SPOILER LOWER PAGE 1 OF 11
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- 1. L.H. PART ONLY SHOWN
- 2. GRAPHITE FILAMENT TAPE EPOXY RESIN IMPREGNATED VSD
- 3. FILM ADHESIVE VSD 207-8-415 TYPE I GRADE 10 (REQUEST ME THIS PRUSA)
- 4. HONEY COMB CORE 3/16- 5.5 CVA 207-8- 411 CLASS 1 TYPE I GRADE
- 5. SEALANT CVA6-579
- 6. EPOXY ADHESIVE CVA 8 -405 TYPE VI

7.

- 8. ALUMINUM SCREEN 5052-0 120 MESH (.004 WIREDIA.) M FROM PACIFIC WIRE WORKS INC.
- 9. PROCESS COMPOSITE EPOXY RESIN IMPREGNATED MATL PER 10. APPLY VSD 207-8- 415 TYPE IL GRADEIO PER VSD 208-8-
 - 12. POT INSERTS WITH CVA8-405 TYPE IL PER CUA 8-260
 - 13. APPLY FAYING SURFACE SEAL (CUAG-579) PER CVAG- 177(1)
 - 14. COAT EXPOSED HONEYCOMB WITH CVAG-579 SEALANT PER 15. CLEAN 5 CREEN PER CVAB-51 METHOD II PRIOR TO LAYUP
 - 16. APPLY FILLER TO EXTERIOR SURFACE PER LCP 78-2055

EPOXY FILLER EPS 37. 7250 (IF READ FOR SMOOTHAL

- 17. APPLY ANTI-STATIC CCATING (CONDUCTIVE MATE EPS 3 37.7272) TO EXTERIOR SURFACE PER PE78-529 AND ONI MIL-C-23377 EPOXY PRIMER PER PE78-509.
 - 18. NDT INSPECT FOR STRUCTURAL SOUNDNESS.
 19. MAKE FROM MIL-P-15035 LAMINATED PLASTIC TY
 20. CPC PAGE IOR8 HUCK MFG. CO. DETROIT MICHIGAN.

NATED VSD 207-8-410/1
(REQUEST METALBOND M-III 3 FOR THIS PROGRAM)
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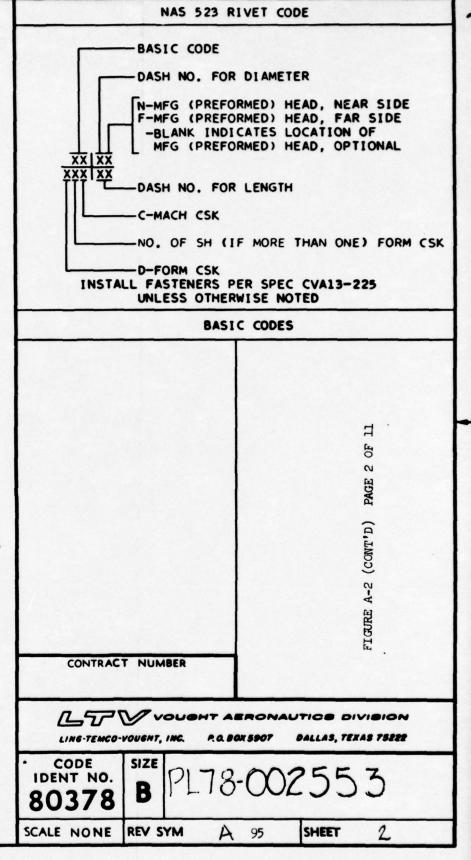
LCP 78-2059 TYPE I UTILIZING. SMOOTHHESS)

MATL EPS 37.7270, 37.7274, S AND ONE COAT OF 509.

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21. PLY NUMBER IDENTIFICATION CODE



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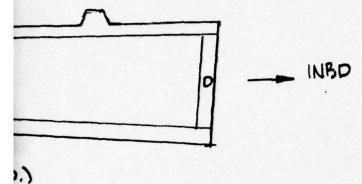
- 22. SHUR-LOW CORP SANTA ANA, CALIF.
- 23. AFTER INSTL. TOUCH UP PER PB 78-510 (IF READ.)
- 24. THE FOLLOWING PARTS ENCLOSED IN () ARE IDENTICAL IN

BASIC PART NO.

AREA OF DWG WHERE PART LOCATED

5 P 10 B

L INDIVIDUAL PLY IDENT. NO.



NTICAL IN OUTLING AND DIFFER ONLY IN PLY ORIENTATION.

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								1		2-818		-10	DOUBLER
								1		289		-9	DOUBLER
								1		2-D1		-8	DOUBLER
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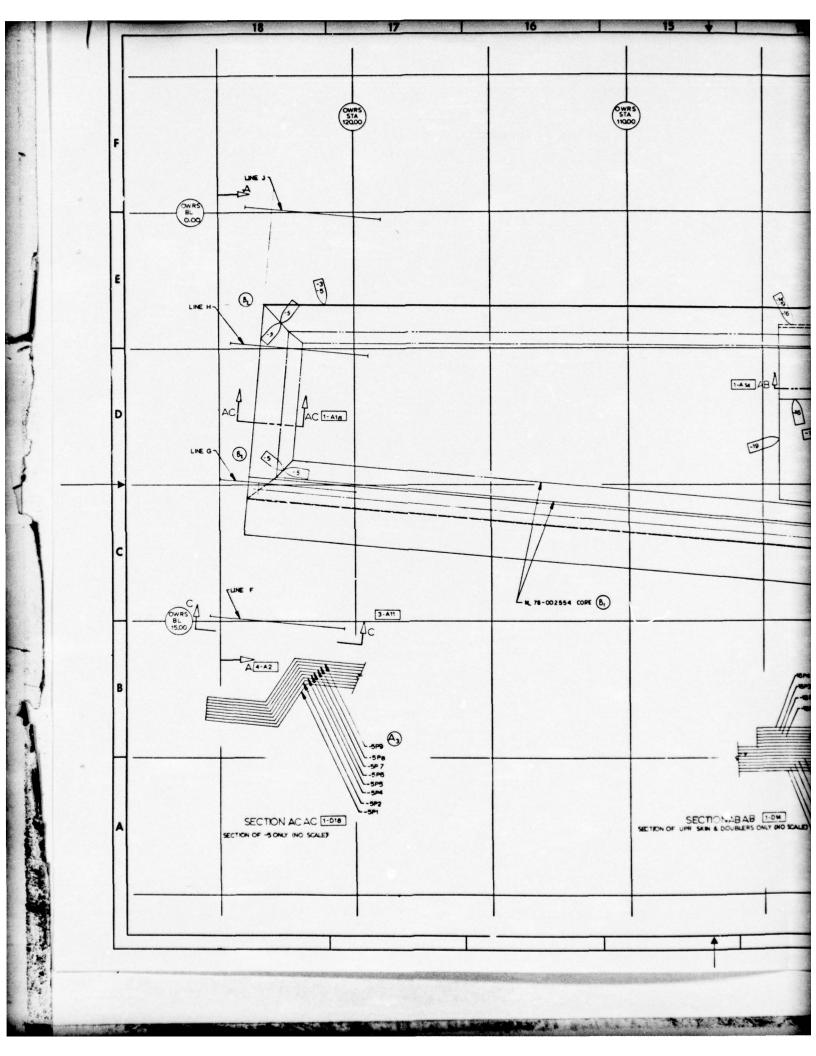
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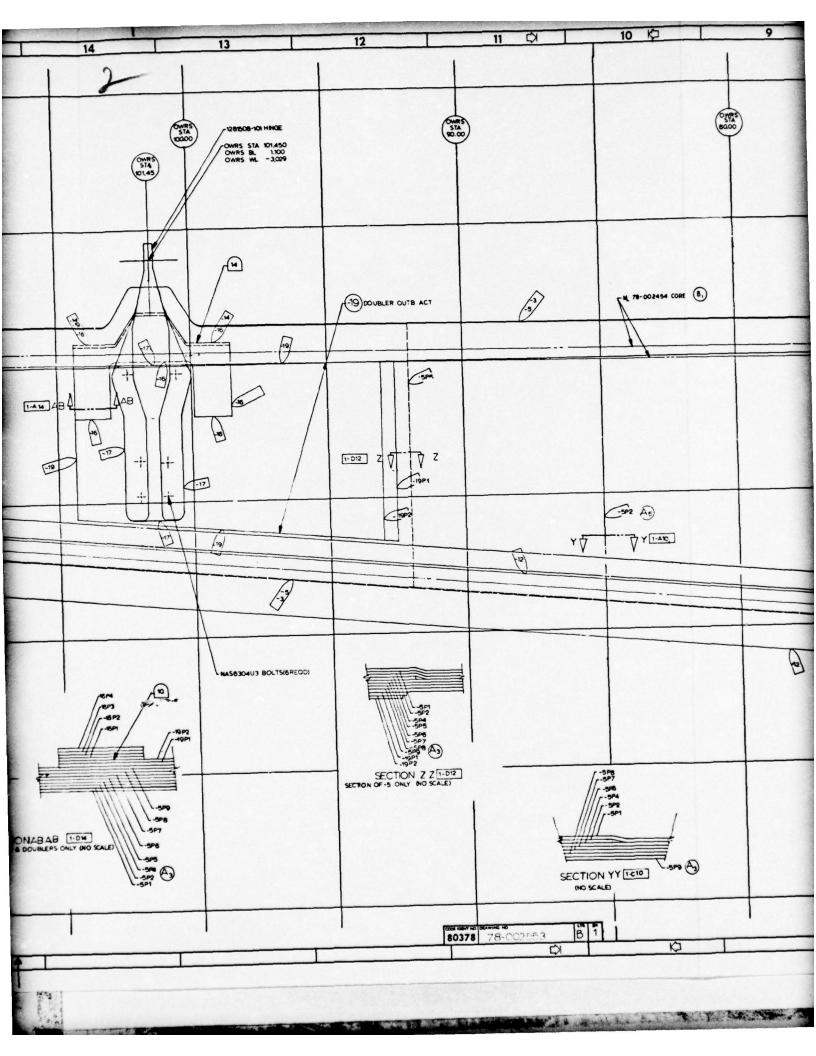
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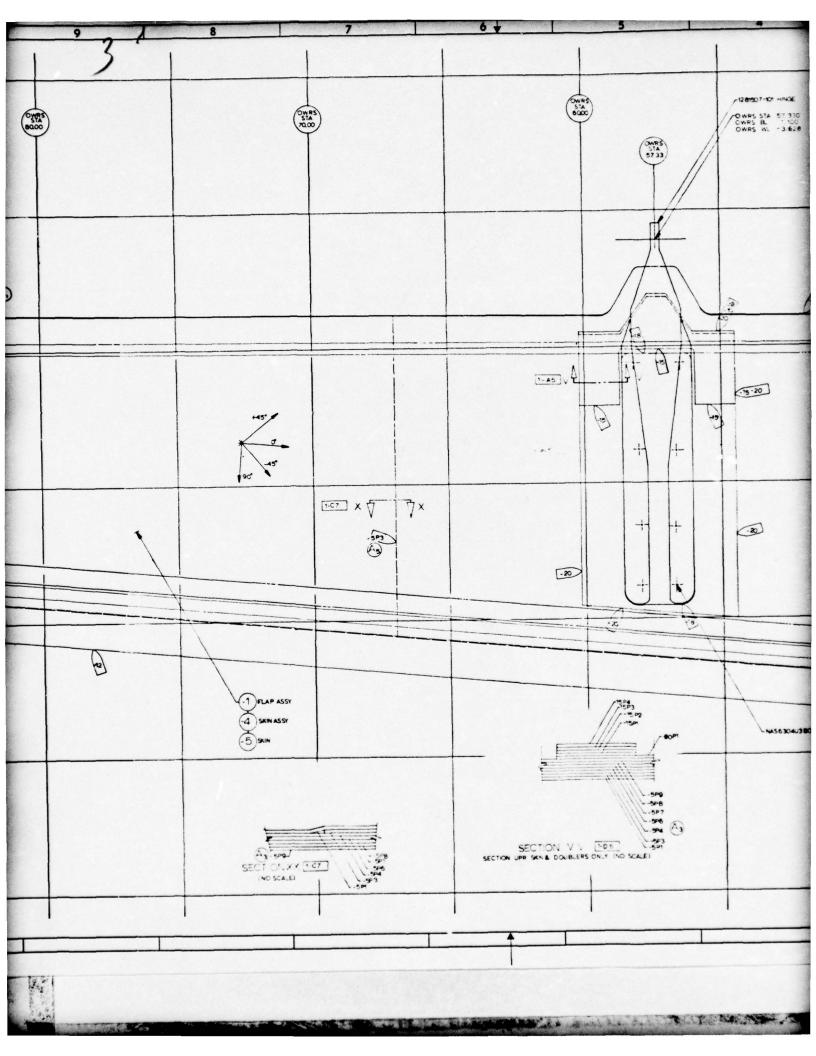
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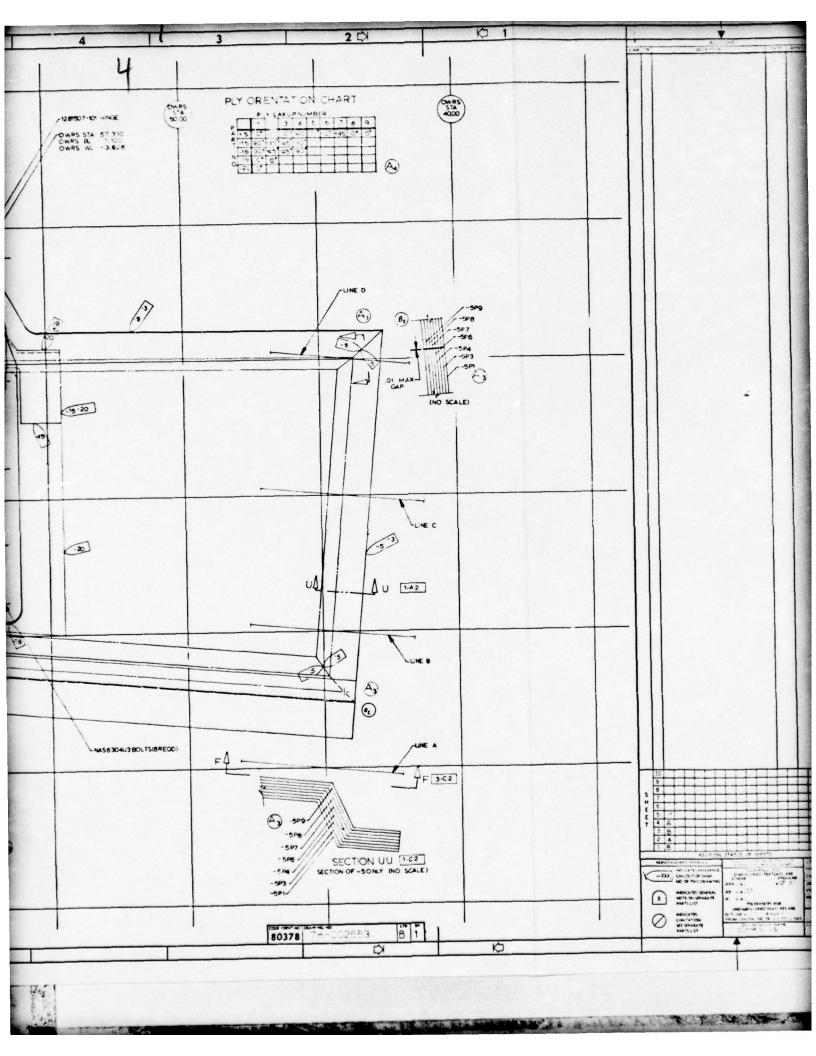
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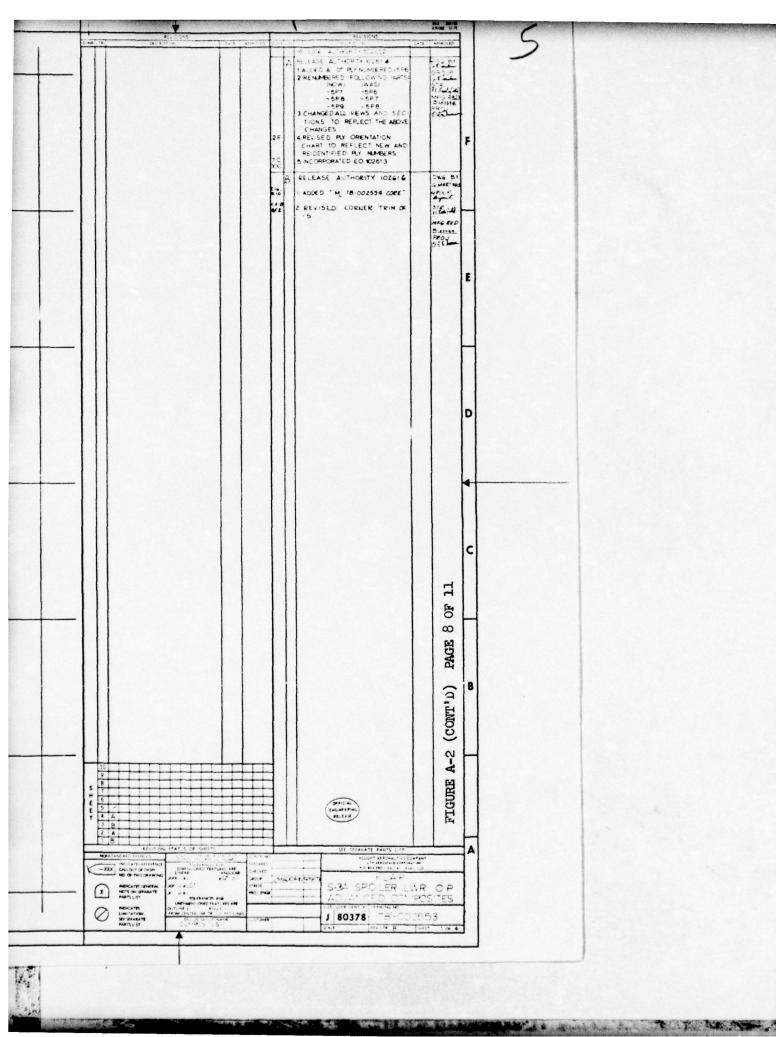
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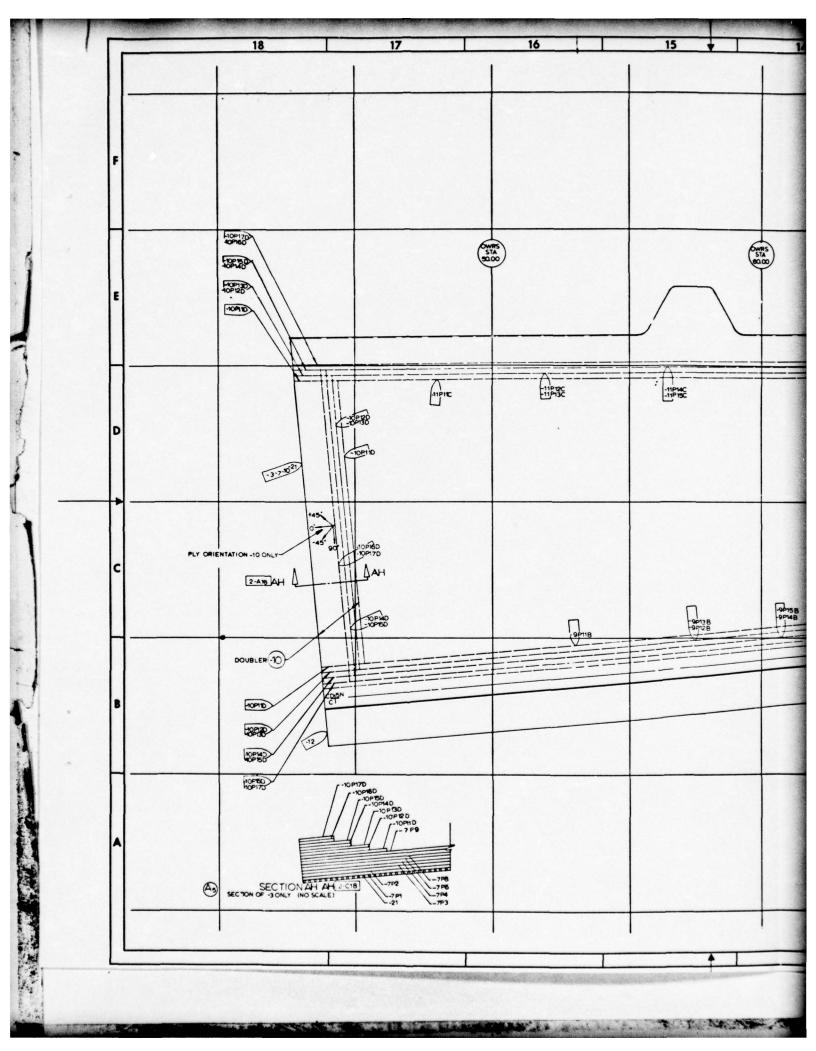


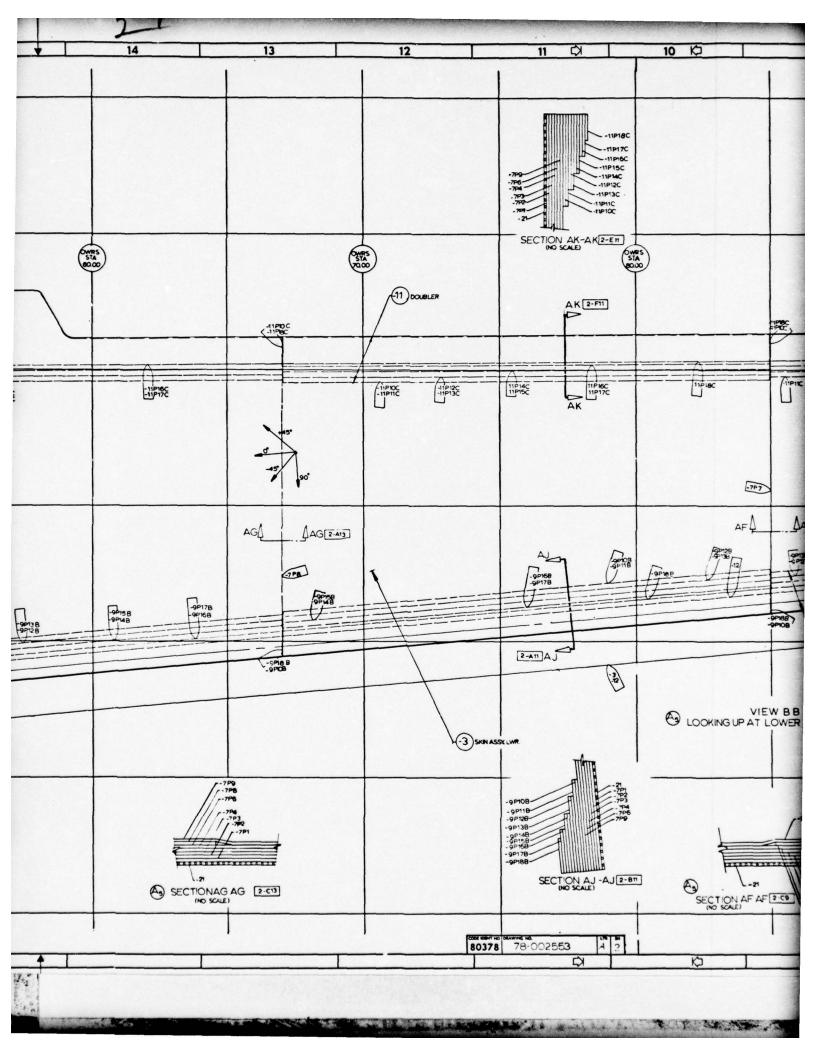


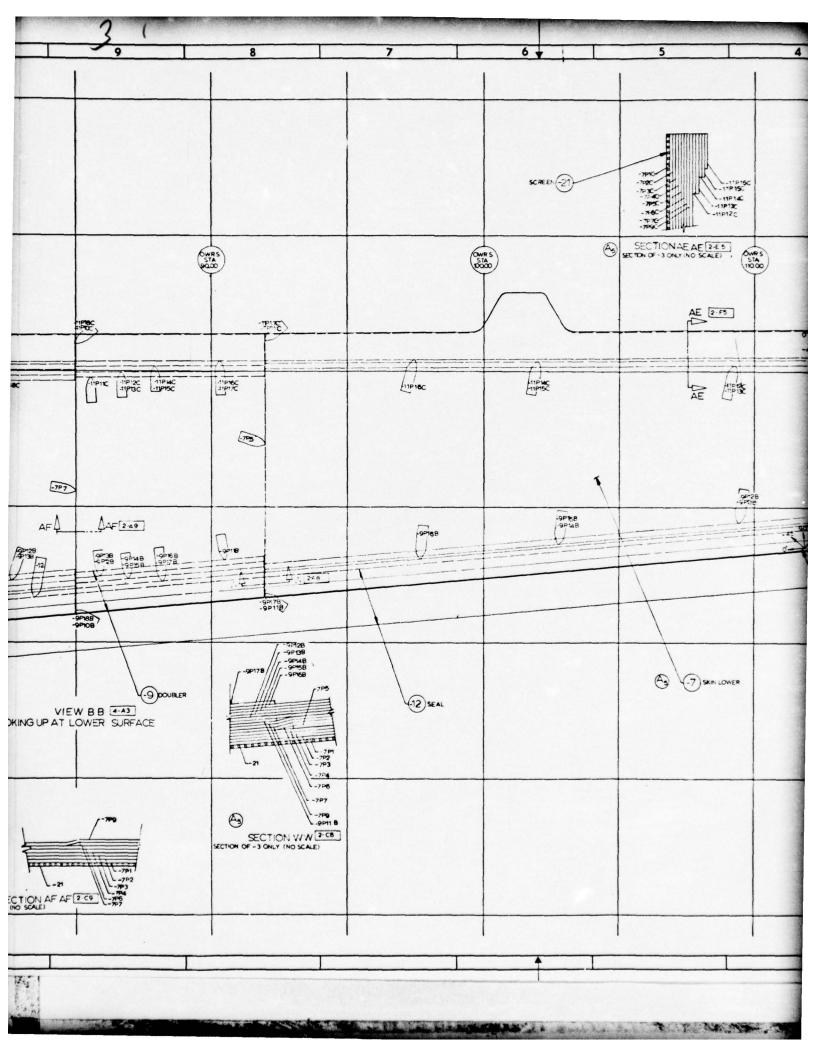


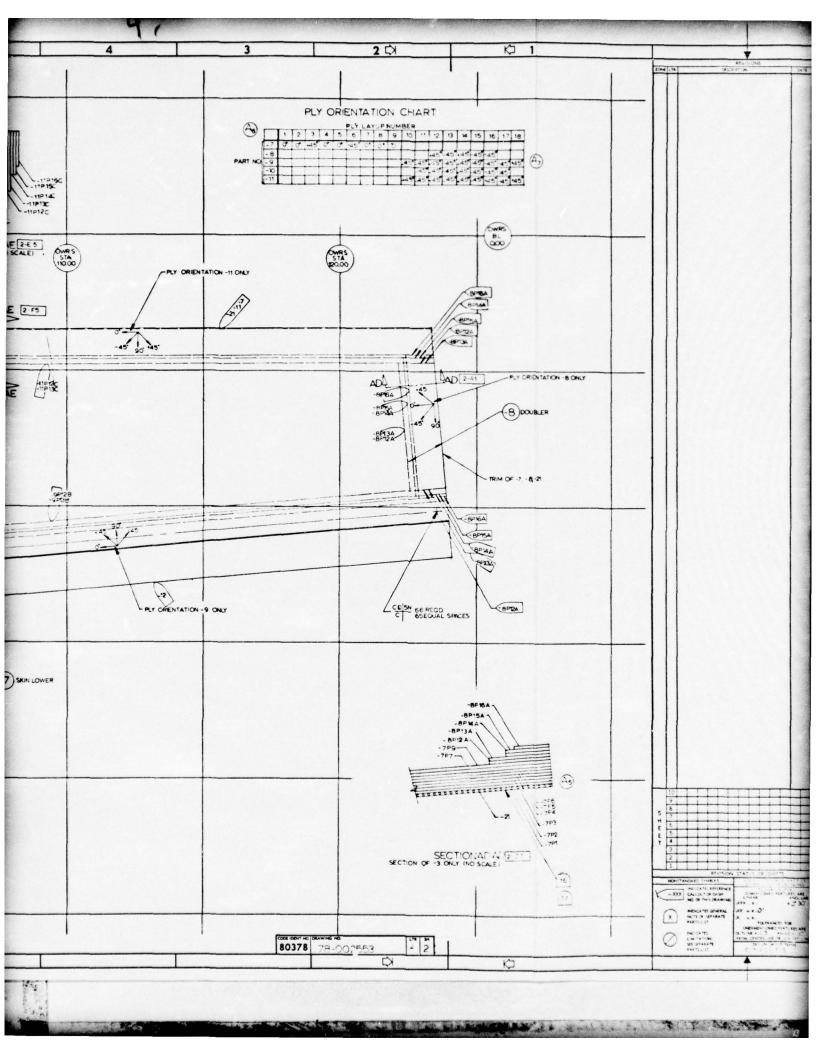


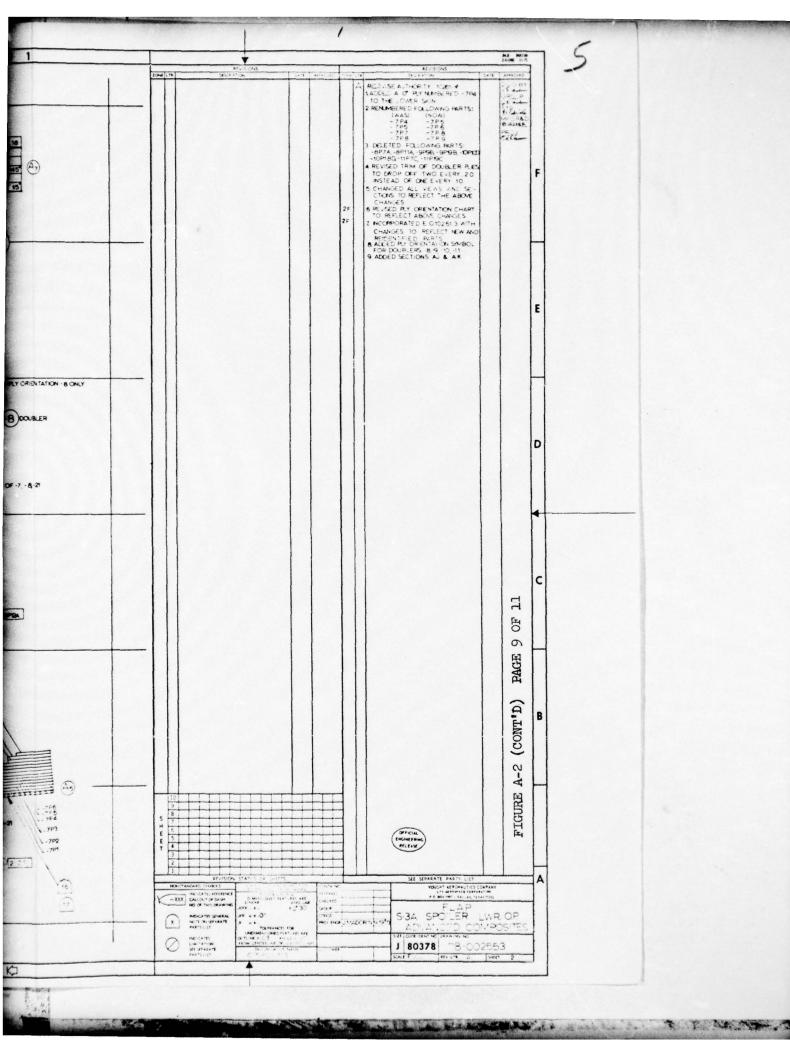


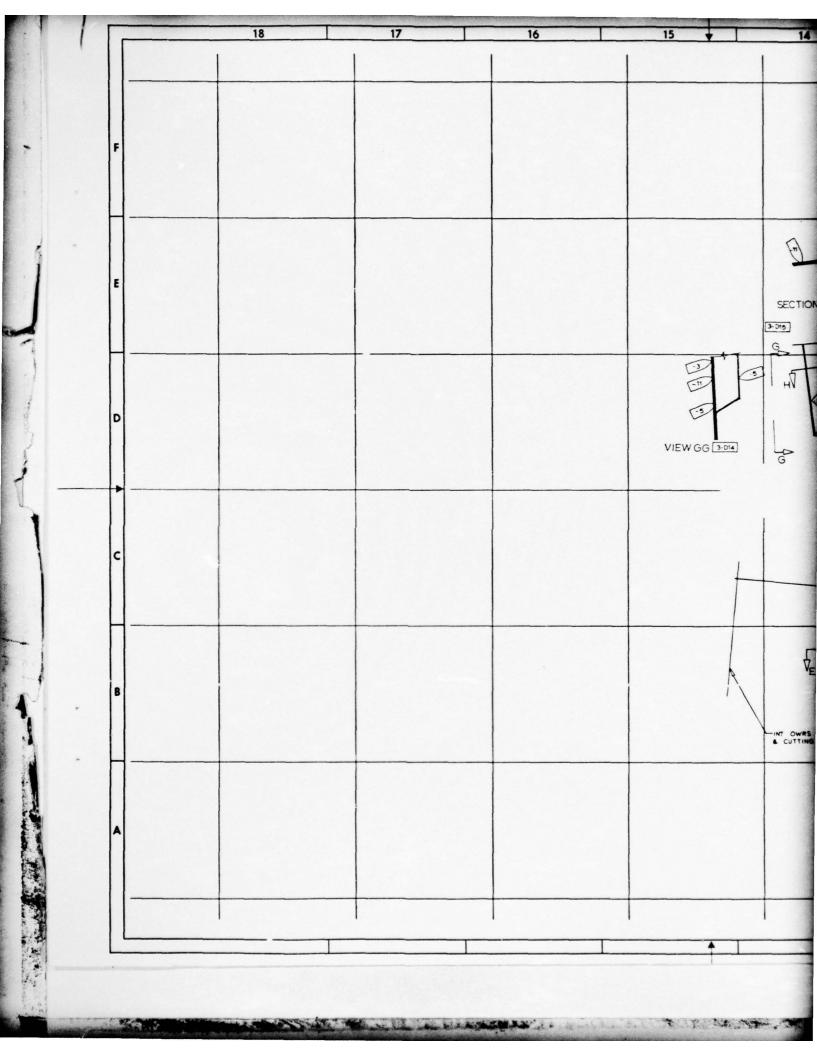


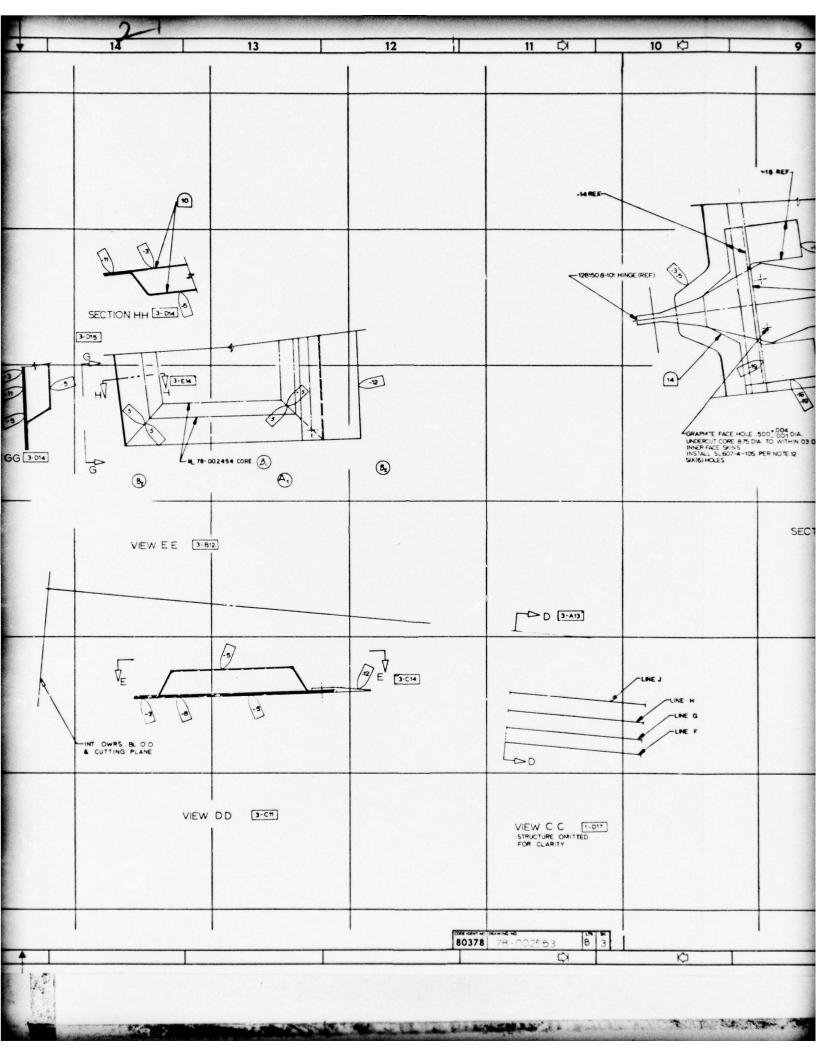


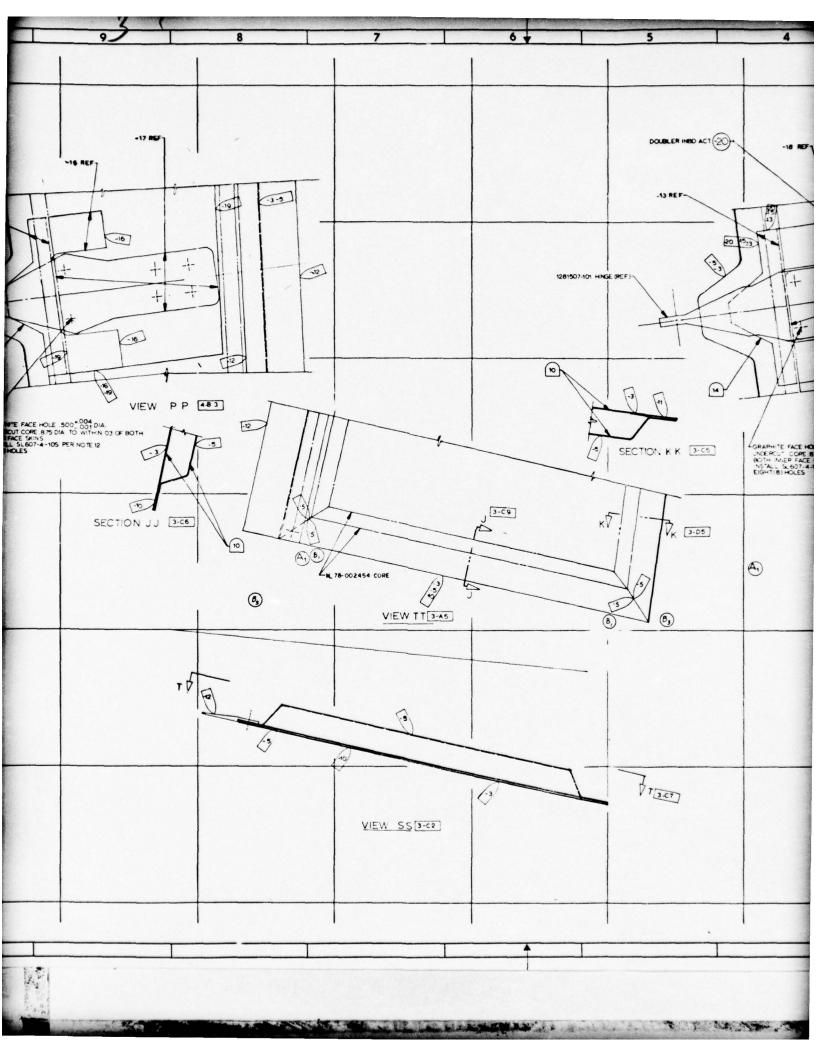


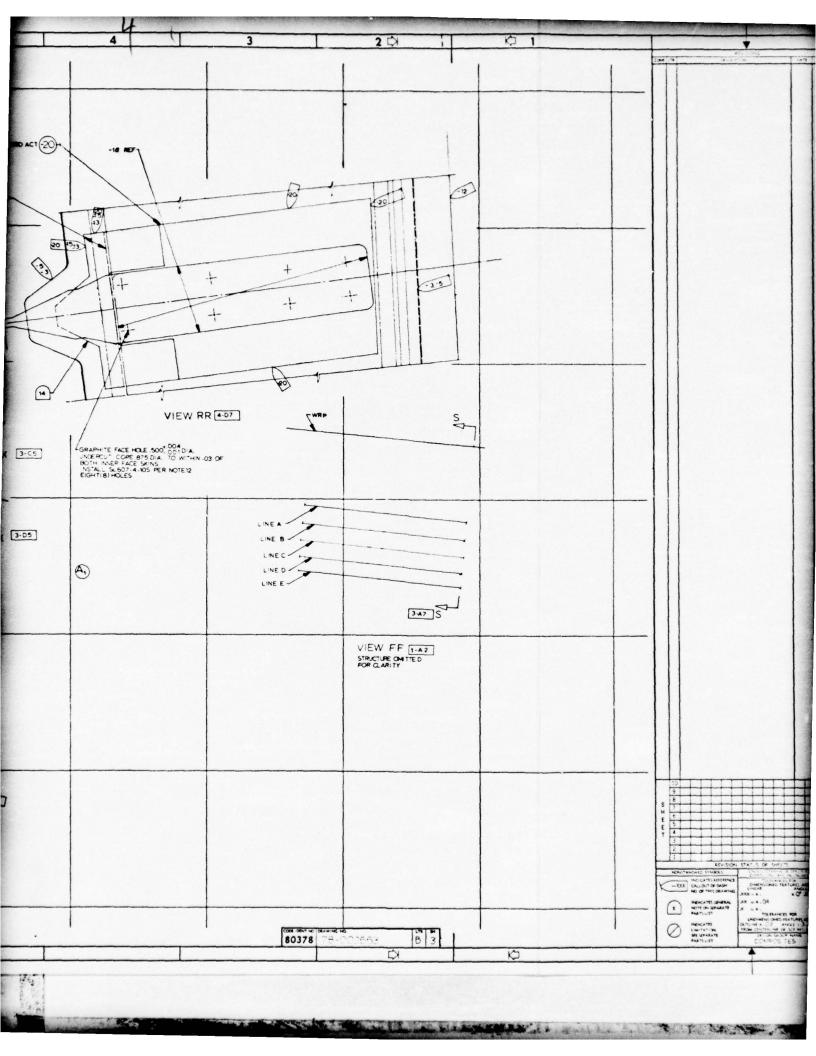


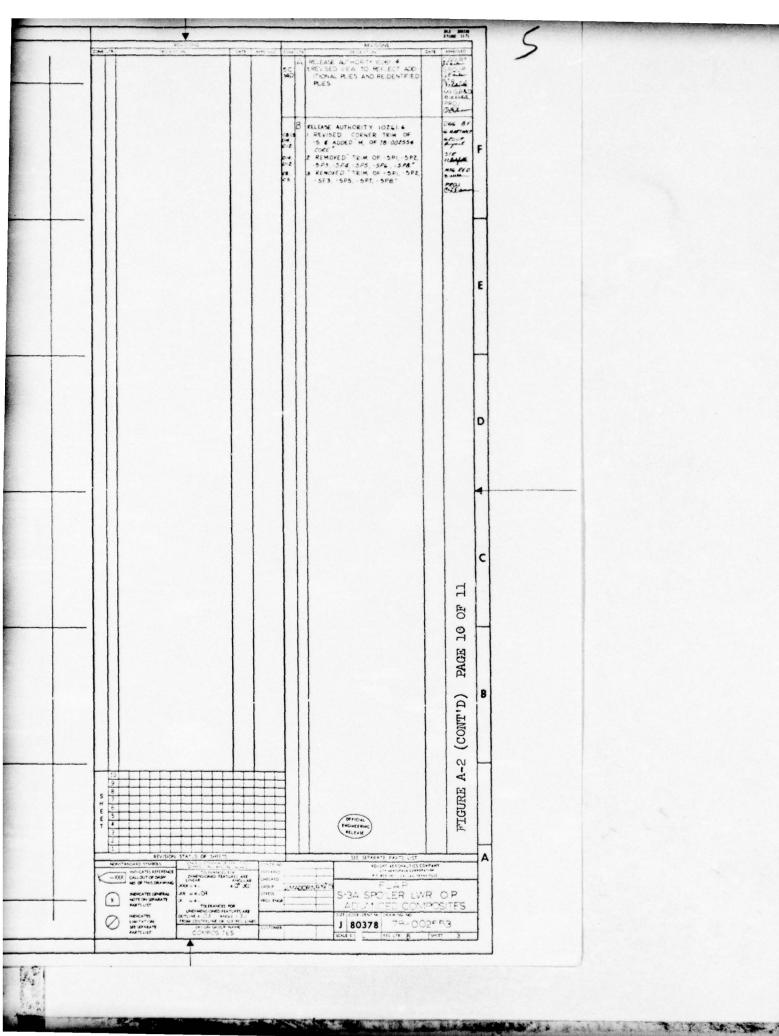


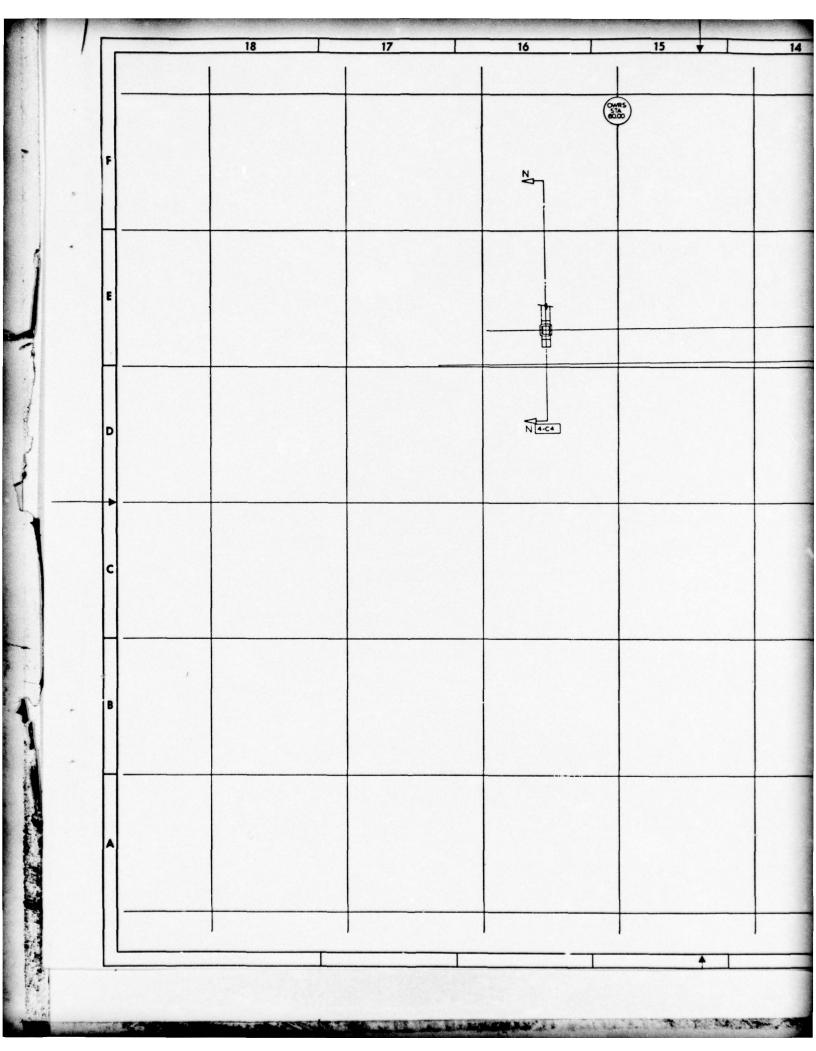


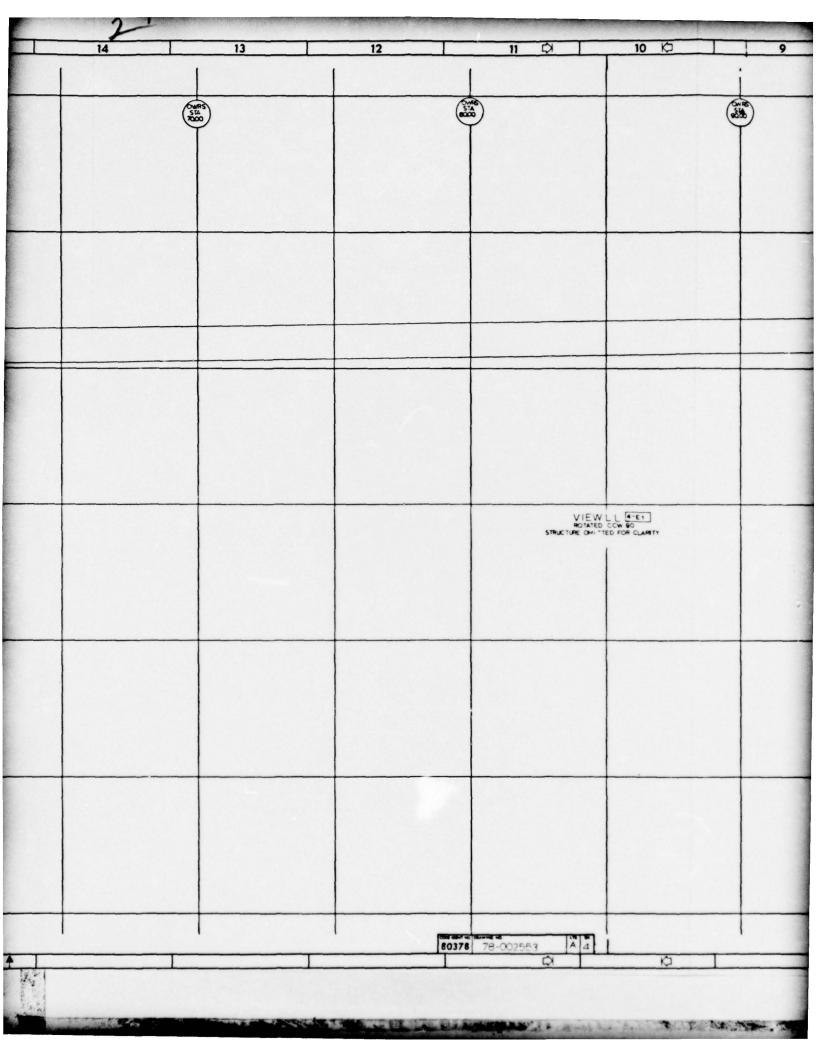


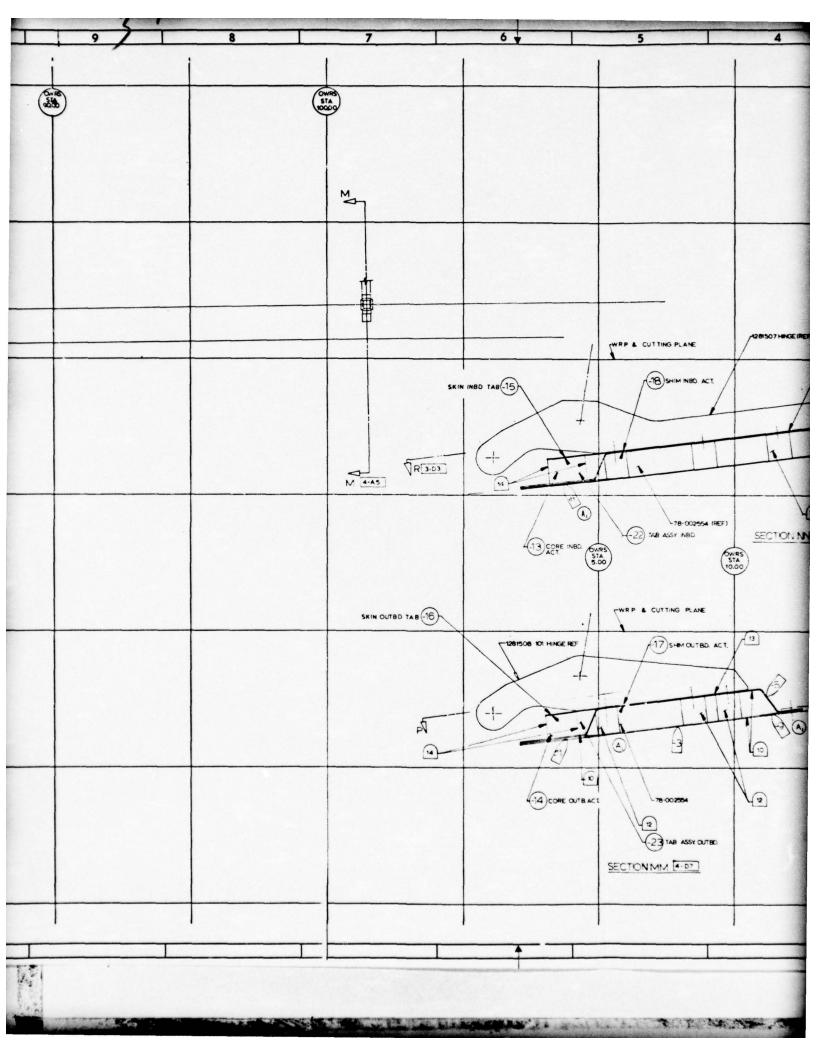


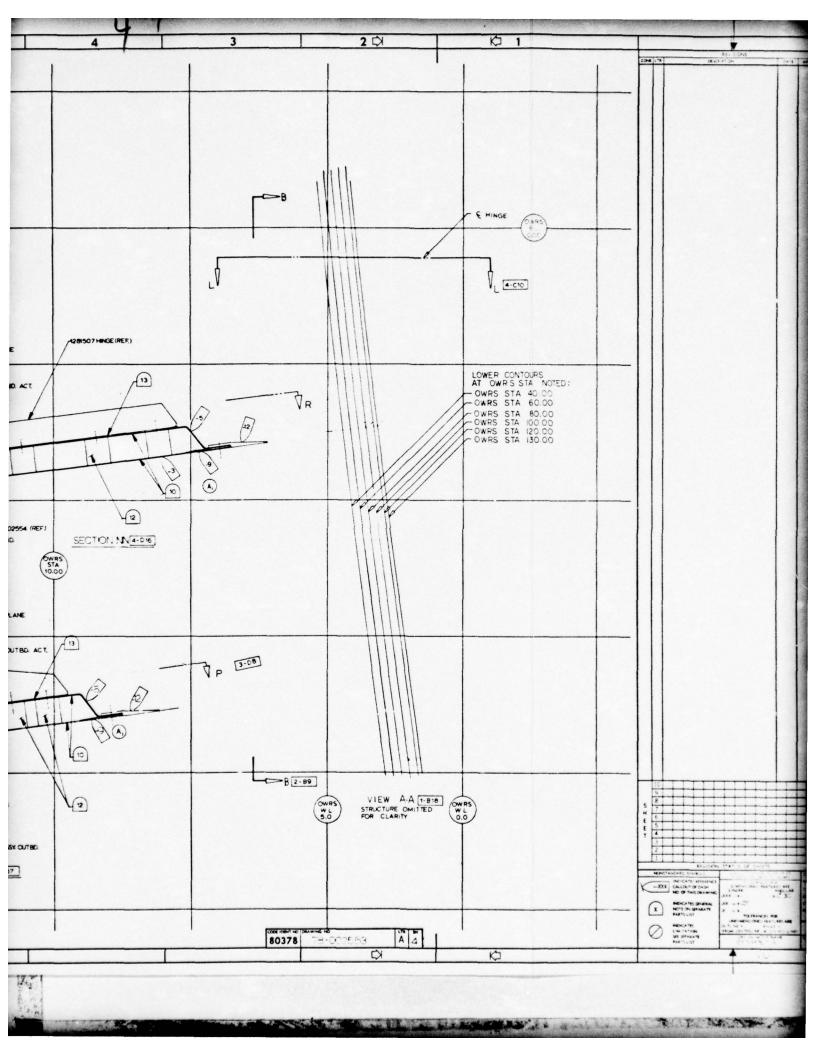


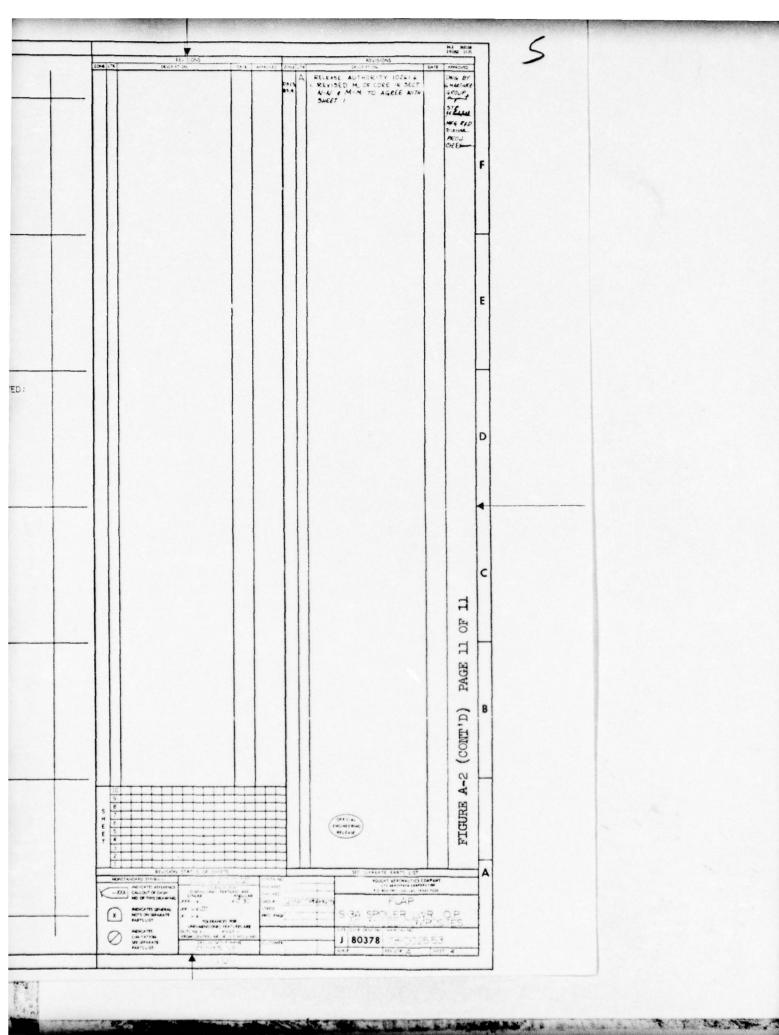


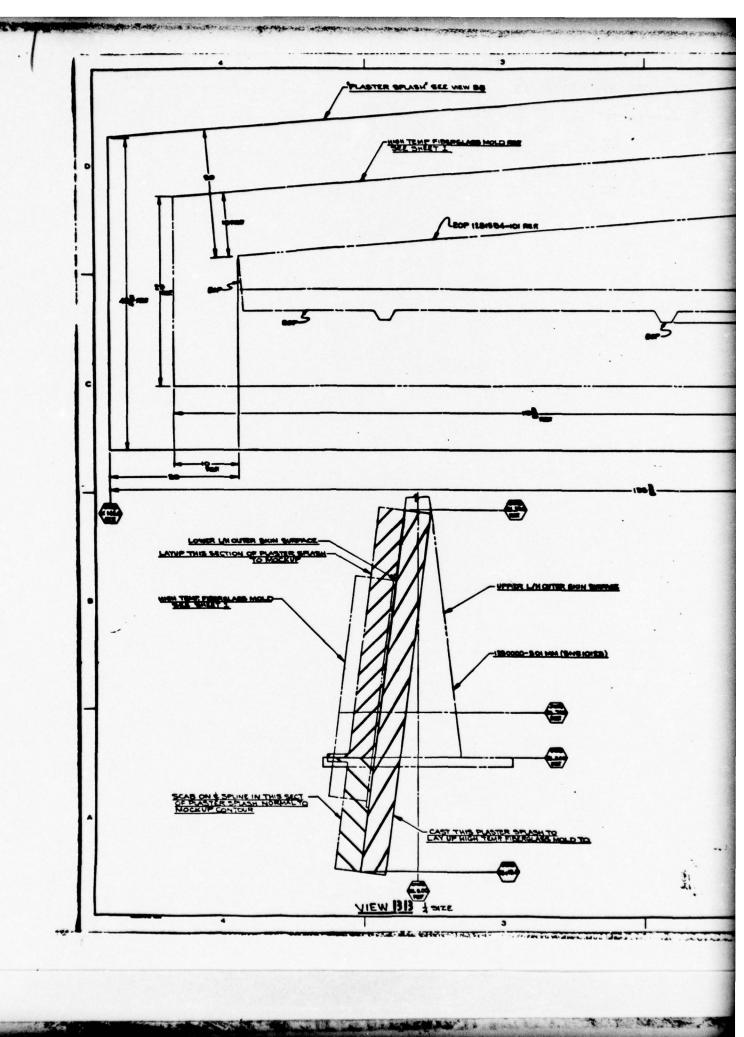


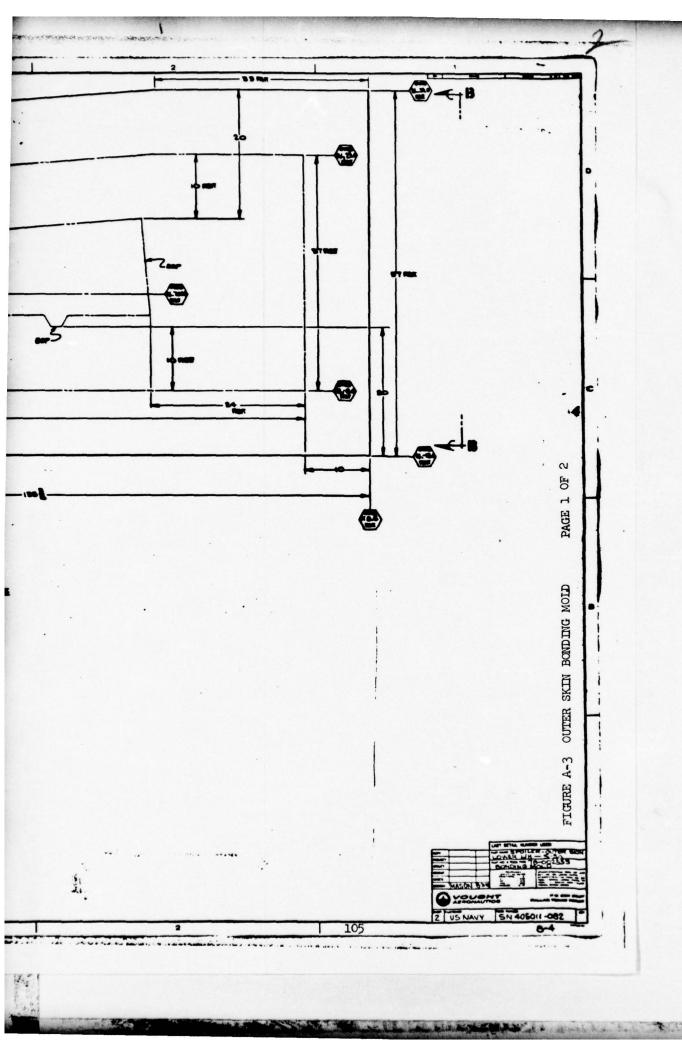


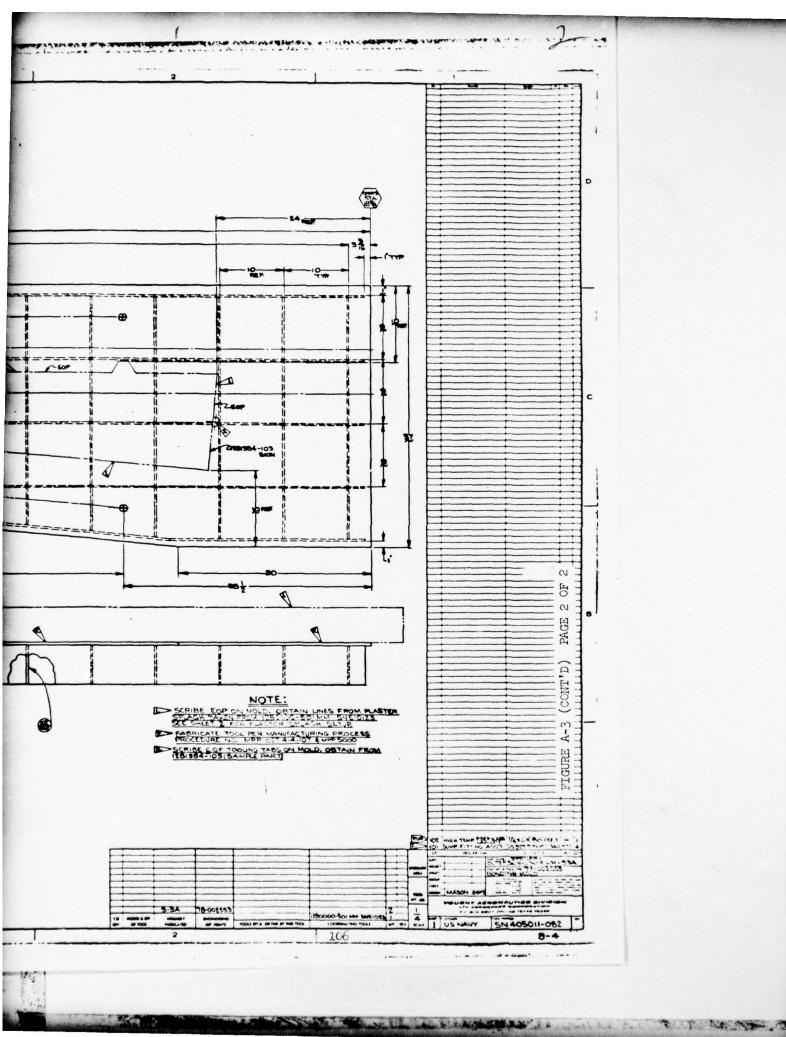












APPENDIX B

This Appendix contains the documentation relating to the component testing under this contract and presents the following information.

- A) Static Test Plan Report No. 2-53440/3R-10108 Rev A, 2/27/74
- B) Summary Report #1 Static Test dtd 30 May 1974
- C) Selected Strain gage information Static Test #1 Run #3, #5, #6, and #7 (7 pages)
- D) Summary Report #2 Static Test
- E) Selected Strain gage information Static Test #2
 Run #3, #6, #7B, and #9 (9 pages)
- F) Summary Report #3 Static Test
- G) Selected strain gage information Static Test #3 Run #3, #6, #7, and #9C (9 pages)
- H) Fatigue Test Plan Report No. 2-53440/3R-10109 Rev A, 6/17/74
- I) Summary Report Fatigue Test

12 Dec. 1973

Static Test Plan S-3A Composite Spoiler

Prepared Under Contract N62269-73-C-0610

Vought Systems Division
LTV Aerospace Corporation
FOR
Naval Air Development Center
Warminister, Pa.

PREPARED BY:

J. E. Littleffeld Engineer Specialist - Structures

REVIEWED BY:

O. E. Dhonau Senior Specialist - Structures Tech. APPROVED BY:

W. A. Poindexter Supervisor, Structures Tech.

APPROVED BY:

Leon E. Boswell Supervisor, Structures

STATIC TEST PLAN S3A ADVANCED COMPOSITES SPOILER

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this test is to verify the design capability of the lower left hand graphite/epoxy spoiler for the S-3A aircraft. Three spoilers will be tested to failure by the method described in the following paragraphs.

DESCRIPTION OF TEST:

Two (2) load conditions will be investigated; the opening load (tension on lower surface) and the closing (failing) load (compression on lower surface). The opening load will be 115% of design limit and failing (closing) load will be 150% of design limit based on data provided in Figure B-1. Test data will be acquired from five (5) rosette strain gages and eighteen (18) deflection devices as shown in Figure B-2.

REQUIREMENT:

This test plan is required per contract N62269-73-C-0610.

TEST SPECIMEN:

The test specimen will consist of a graphite S3A lower spoiler assembly as defined by DWG78-002553 Flap S3A Spoiler, LWR. O.P. Advanced Composite. The specimen will be supported at the actuator hinge fitting thru the mounting holes provided as shown in Figure B-3.

TEST CONDITIONS:

Maximum spoiler hinge moments occur as a function of surface rotation and airspeed as given in Figure B-1. Table B-I gives the hinge moments and positions for the spoiler static test opening and closing condition. Spoiler spanwise unit running hinge moment curves are presented in Figure B-4.

TEST SETUP:

The specimens will be installed in the Test jig as shown in Figure B-2 and B-3. Air loads on the spoiler will be simulated by applying test loads through tension pads. Figure B-3 shows location of pads and applied load at each location, at maximum test loads.

TEST PROCEDURES:

Loads will be applied in increments of no greater than 20 percent design limit load to 100 percent limit load, and in increments of no greater than 10 percent design limit load from 100 to 150 percent design limit load. The structure will be loaded to 115% of design limit opening load (tension) and to failure for the closing load (compression).

Strains will be reduced and plotted during static tests as a check on predicted stress values. Deflection data will be checked during all tests. If a change in deflection rate or strain rate occurs, the above loading increments may be altered to obtain sufficiently small subsequent increments to determine if this change is linear or curvilinear.

MEASUREMENT OF STRUCTURAL DEFLECTIONS:

Structural deflections at spoiler and jig support points will be measured primarily by displacement devices supported by independent structures. The accuracy will be $\pm .02$ inches deflection or better.

METHODS OF LOAD APPLICATION:

All loads will be applied to simulate as nearly as practicable the actual loads on the test article. The loads will be introduced into the structure in such a manner that secondary stresses will not be induced at load application points due to structural deflections during tests.

Loads will be transmitted by rubber backed tension pads bonded to the surfaces. The applied static test loads will be supplied to pads by means of hydraulic jacks.

OPERATING HINGE MOMENT (AIRLOAD LESS FRICTION) WITH SERVO OUTPUT AT 2850 PSI BLOWBACK HINGE MOMENT (AIRLOAD PLUS FRICTION) WITH SERVO OUTPUT AT 3000 PSI LOWER SPOILER

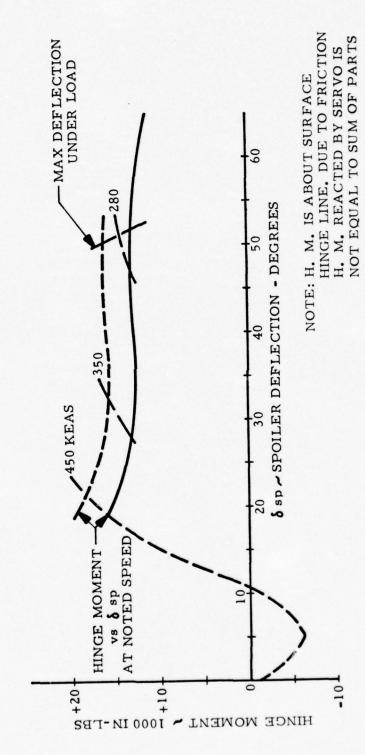


FIGURE B-1 SPOILER HINGE MOMENTS

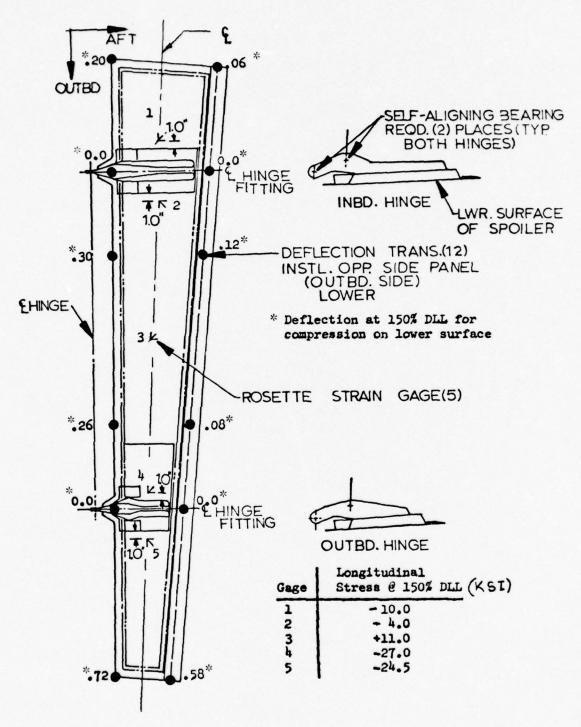


FIGURE B-2 DEFLECTION AND STRAIN GAGE LOCATIONS

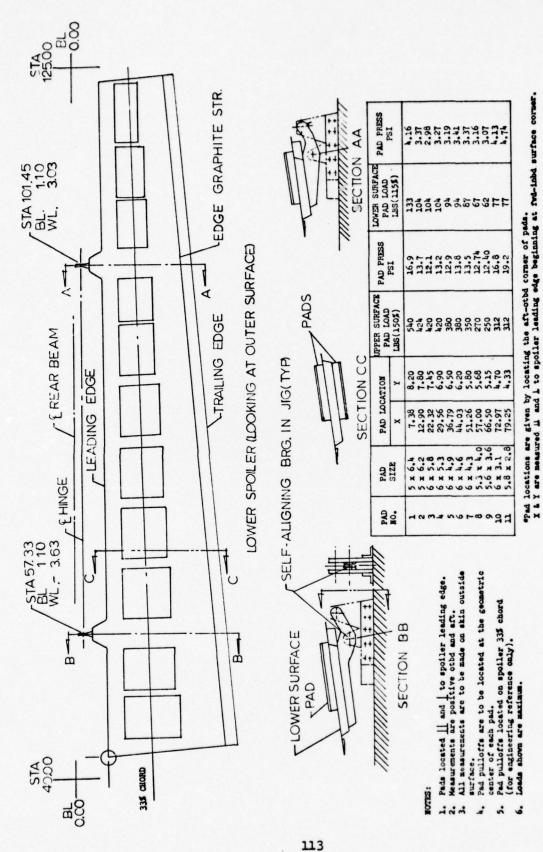


FIGURE B-3 LOWER L. H. SPOILER STATIC TEST SET-UP AND LOAD REQUIREMENTS

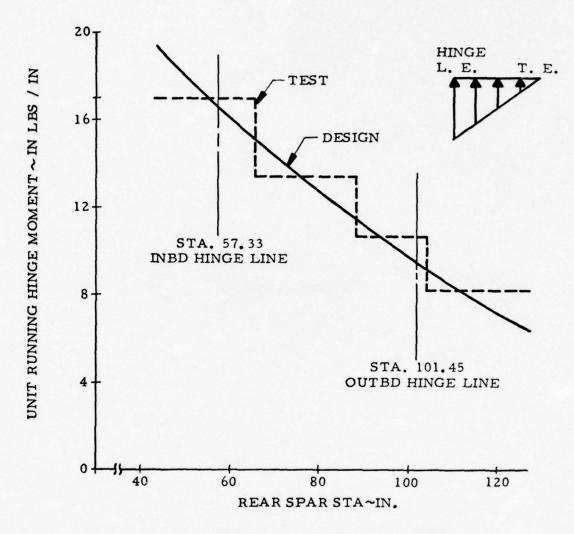


FIGURE B-4 S-3A COMPOSITE SPOILER SPANWISE
RUNNING LOAD FOR A TOTAL SURFACE
HINGE MOMENT OF 1000 IN - LBS APPLIED
(STATIC CONDITION)

TABLE B-I TEST LOADS AND HINGE MOMENTS

PAD LOAD CONDITION	SPOILER POSITION	AIR SPEED	TEST LOAD (LB)	TEST H.M. (IN-LB*)	% (LIMIT)
COMPRESSION	18°	450 KN	4,058	27,900	150
TENSION	5°	450 KN	1,003	6,900	115

^{*}Limit Hinge moment obtained from figure B-1 and increased 24% due to system friction.

MAVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER AIR VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT WARMINSTER, PENNSYLVANIA 18974

3033 30 May 1974

SUMMARY REPORT ON STATIC TEST RESULTS FOR THE S-3A GRAPHITE SPOILER NUMBER 1

Ref:

- (a) LTV Report 2-53443/3R-3139, "S-3A Graphite/Epoxy Spoiler Development Program," dtd Jan 1974
- (b) LTV Report 2-53440/3R-10108, "Static Test Plan S-3Λ Composite Spoiler," Revised 27 Feb 1974

Figure:

- B-5 Photograph No. CAD-18382-4-74--Spoiler loaded at 150 percent DLL
- B-6 Photograph No. CAD-18384-4-74--Spoiler loaded at 177 percent DLL
- B-7 Photograph No. CAD-18380-4-74--Spoiler loaded at 260 percent DLL
- B-8 Photograph No. CAD-18386-B-4-74-- Failure of spoiler at 300 percent DLL
- 1. The spoiler consists of a graphite/epoxy (G/E) outer skin, a glass-reinforced-plastic honeycomb core, a pan-shaped G/E inner skin, and two production metal hinge fittings attached to the inner surface through inserts in the core. The overall dimensions are 30.7 inches by 15.2 inches inboard tapering to 3.6 inches outboard. A detailed description of the construction is given in reference (a).
- 2. The spoiler was tested statically in two conditions—the opening condition and the closing condition. Although the closing condition is the critical condition, the opening condition was run to substantiate the spoiler performance for tension loads in the areas of the hinges. The test loads are shown in reference (b). The loading sequence was as follows:
- a. Apply 40 percent design limit load (DLL) in opening and closing conditions to check set-up.
- b. Apply 100 percent DLL opening load and check test-theory correlation.
- c. Apply 115 percent DLL opening load and check test-theory correlation.
- d. Apply 100 percent DLL closing load and check test-theory correlation.

- e. Apply 150 percent DLL closing load and check test-theory correlation.
- f. Apply 177 percent DLL closing load and check test-theory correlation.
 - g. Apply closing load to failure.

Loads were applied in 20 percent increments up to 100 percent DLL and thereafter, in 10 percent increments. The run to 177 percent DLL was to obtain data for possible new load criteria resulting from buttondown of the upper outboard spoiler.

- 3. The spoiler was installed in the test fixture at the hinges. The distributed airloads were introduced into the structure using tension pads bonded to the surface. The loads for the opening condition were applied to the outer surface (up in the subsequent photographs); loads for the closing condition were applied to the inner surface (down in the subsequent photographs).
- 4. The spoiler was loaded through the test sequence of paragraph 2 uneventfully. The critical strains and deflections were checked after each run and showed acceptable correlation with the predicted values. The deflection at the outboard tip was less than that of the metal spoiler at the same load. Figures B-5, B-6, and B-7 show the spoiler deflection for the closing condition at several load levels. Loading was continued in 10 percent increments until failure. Failure occurred suddenly at 300 percent DLL with no prior audible sound emanations. Failure occurred at the edge of a doubler outboard of the outboard hinge fitting. The failure is shown in figure B-8.

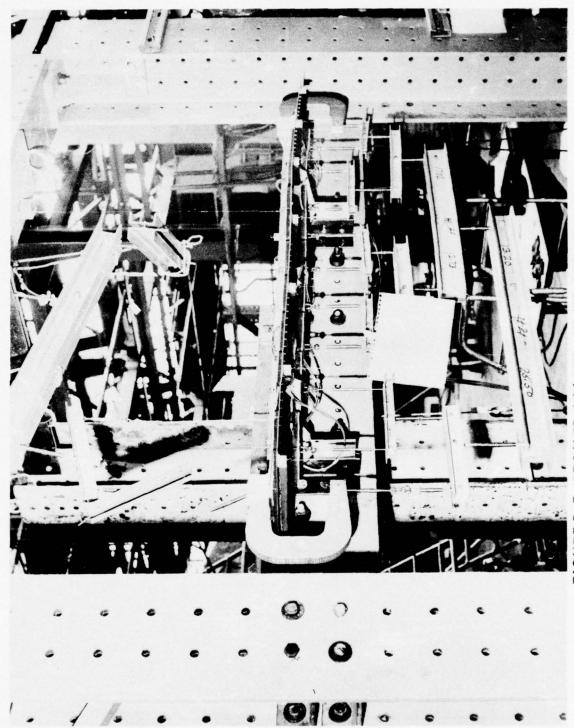


FIGURE B-5 SPOILER LOADED AT 150 PERCENT DLI

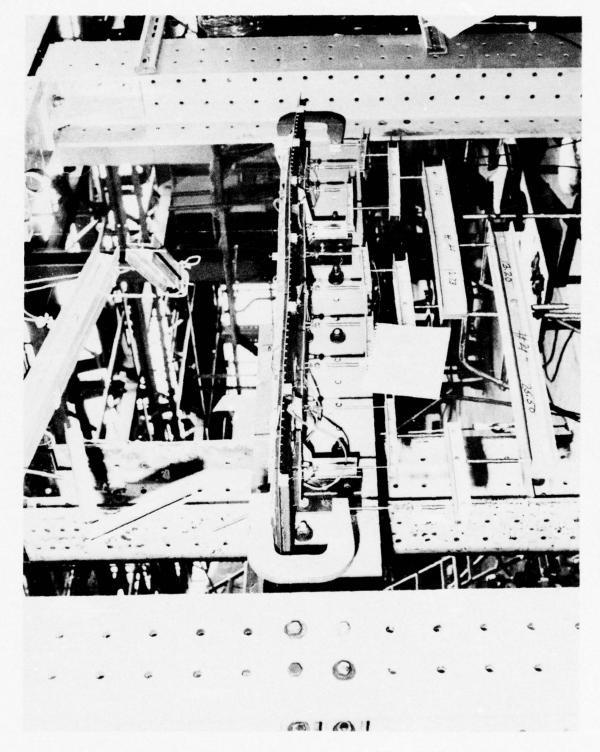


FIGURE B-6 SPOILER LOADED AT 177 PERCENT DLL

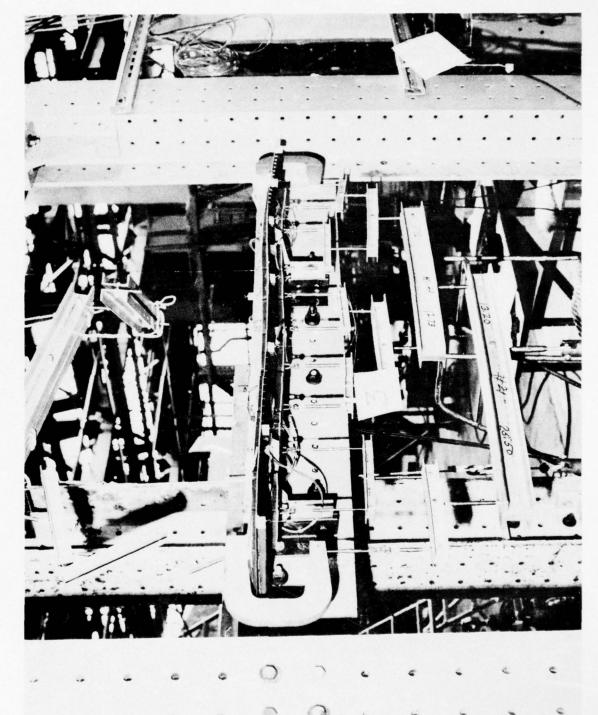


FIGURE B-7 SPOILER LOADED AT 260 PERCENT DLL

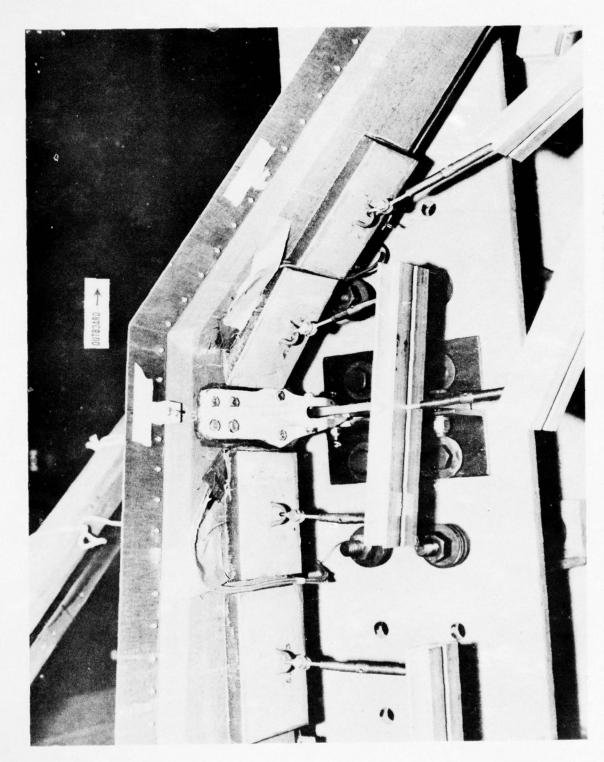


FIGURE B-8 SPOILER FAILED AT 300 PERCENT DLL

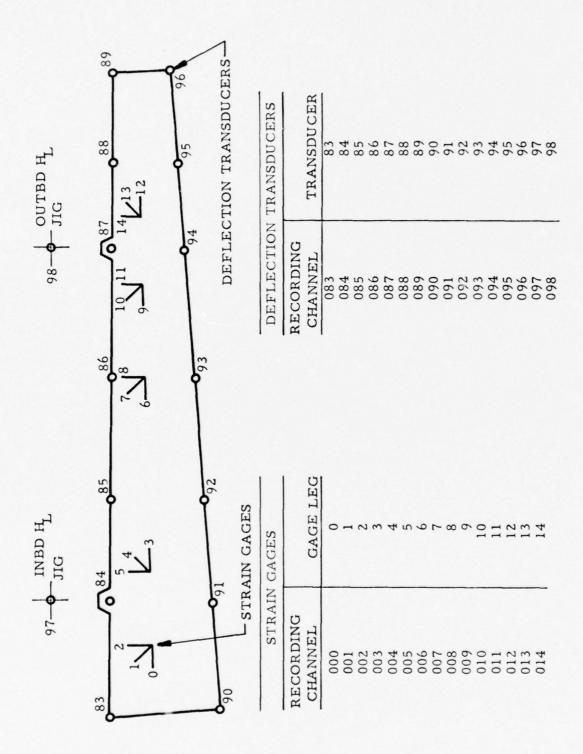


FIGURE B-9 STATIC TEST INSTRUMENTATION KEY

STATIC TEST #I
RUN NO. 3 115% DLL OPENING LOAD 4/8/74

	0%			40%			80%			115%	
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098	- 88883	V :	490	-04499	0	840	- 80189	1	448	- 44114	+7
691	-00229	0	041	-89558	10	041	-00235	Ø	647	-00241	n
046	+00012	is	NY6	+ 8 8 8 6 5	Ø	1146	+41131	13	646	+601/4	, 14
095	+ 0 1 1 1 0	12	040	+80044	8	640	+00081	N	845	+00114	n
074	+110000	U	044	+00083	d	694	+00103	0	644	+00750	1
1143	-00102	ю	043	-00007	0	643	-00050	•2	043	+00004	U
445	-04111	N	872	-00000	U	985	- 00057	V	835	+00021	0
W × 1	+60011	ø	641	+42440	U		+00014	Ŋ	071	+011115	0
NAN	-010/0	U	840	-90040	¥J	מצט	-04004	8	RAR	+00050	N
ยอง	- 40004	e	N89	-04061	Ø		+20220	8	N Q 3	+000/2	13
1130	-N6102	+1	600	-00145	(1		-00122	N	NAA	-06105	*1
007	-60114	U	00/	-40121	r)		-40120	9	N 0 7	- 49132	6
000	- 80 9 11 6	e)	630	+84055	,1		+49955	0	N99	+1101182	N
485	-10129	1,1	ひおち	-44110/	U		- 6/10/15	U	はなら	- 6666	0
004	-03503	vi i	Ø 0 4	-00510	,)	_	-0001/	N	084	-111025	0
853	ANTERS	4	005	-00103	U		-1111873	13	083	- 611085	M
962	วททบทบ	11	N 8 2	5000000	٨	_	punnan	+1	082	מוטעשיכ	U
051	ยยนยน	U	N 5 1	500000	۵		נוממנונו	J	No1	טיוטעיול	٥
Jou	Dellella	.9	000	200000	ن	กรุง	Chattag	4)	NAR	204040	1)
1114	Sonella	19	014	500000	J		b wan wa	V.	014	panning	٥
010	วะสอกที่	¥J.	01.8	500000	W		pannan	+)	18	Dediction	K)
017	509000	J	NII	Danang	ø		pontion	0	017	20,000	*3
116	วทหองหอ	1)	1116	philling	e)		appanda	'n	W16	ממנימרק	N
415	500001	13	015	2041104	v		P P S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	1	* 115	pounna	W
814	-00012	19	014	-64011	Ø		- 110134	N	1114	- 49797	B
413	+ 2 1 0 1 3	+1	B 1 3	+03055	13		+ 50195	U	W13	+01147	Ø
012	+0005/	uj .	012	+60780	2)		+40314	0	417	+311449	R
011	+ 66080	0	611	- WKKIN	*1		- ממטמי	17	011	- PROBB	6
N 1 B	-64844	9	010	+011110	0	•	+66631	N	010	+ 11000/	6
104	+00021	12	KAA	+00155	11		+ 40213	W	647	+00310	O
800	+44649	v)	DNB	+00024	12		•00041	k3	N es ti	+60853	9
307	-42053	N	001	- 00000	N		-110003	*1	1007	-1111111	0
Writ	-011643	U	000	-0013/	ri	-	- 40531	7	1110	-10314	6
000	-0000115	*1	6.15	- 40012	1		- DN 623	11	6119	- 20031	C
844	+waterst >	1	10 to 4	- 11 W 11 M 3	Ŋ		-00012	1)	61)4	- 811817	N
643	- 94011	•1	003	+111143	n		+ 11 11 10 1	9	100.5	+001119	E
11:18	- 00061	9	NHS	-00054	N		-00037	11	2011	-111054	K
W 1. 1.	- 12.10110	ы	100	-111614	0		- 0112 19	()	001	-00025	1
1.16	+. 1345	N	ททย	+ 21 4 11 7 11	ri		+ 6 3 6 9 0	el	UNU	+11+1141	el
11	6 141	-	11.1-	13 .358	.,		111103	•	1111 -	1711774	-
21		.,	•			to tree!	1 0 1	3	1) (1)		11

STATIC TEST #I RUN NO. 5 150% DLL CLOSING LOAD 4/9/74

0%	40%	80%
044 -NSONO 0	Ny 7 - 11426 0	899 -41159 W
1178 -01151 N	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 v	848 1-85145 B
041 -00140 B	ע עצוטט- /עט	047 -06142 0
N 6 - 93048 A	046 -110244 0	0 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
895 - BABBB B	NY5 -0016/ W	675 -602/0 6
294 + HDY22 B	074 +60712 0	044 +00054 B
895 -80252 d	643 -103356 1	N43 -N04/2 0
1.2 -44299 9	072 -005/4 W	845 - 94244 6
071 +00729 0	091 +00846 B	871 +00/50 H
UYW +00761 N	090 +00885 B	A THOCH+ OAN
807 UU156 B	089 - KA2NA B	1 0/4/10 - 6RA
000 -00220 U	N68 - UAZ82 A	848 -89365 K
807 -811184 B	087 -00230 0	087 - 00080 3
1106 -110001 W	086 -00154 0	0 60 - 0 1 260 0
0 11200 - 650	185 -111298 N	035 -0034/ c
034 - NN395 W	004 - wno82 0	N84 -03082 N
NOS -01211 N	N83 - พบ546 พ	083 -005/N B
מו בולות מושל שבע	082 500000 D	082 Severio 0
พรา วิลอสซีฮ อ	081 5000W0 0	N91 2011611 1
88 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	400 DENUUU 4	833 500000 O
019 50JUUN 0	W19 500000 0	019 SEGEDU 0
010 200000 n	018 50HOUN 0	018 5nh000 0
พาว วบพบทพ ฮ	6 6 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	417 SUNDIN 0
ชา6 รถตอสถ ฮ	016 500000 v	016 5006000 0
U15 500000 0	415 5 N D D D D	015 500000 0
014 +011003 1	614 +001/5 N	014 +00005 9
13 + WHOW/ 0	N13 -00145 N	wi3 -00311 W
112 - NNO 01 N	V12 - VV440 V	012 -00919 N
N11 +64684 0	011 +00010 G	N11 +00014 0
6 2000 - 010	ยาย - ยหยุงว ย	010 -001/4 M
009 +00074 D	009 -00318 M	8 6 6 6 6 8 B
UDS +BUBBSIE	NN8 -NNN21 N	409 -41110 N
PAL + SURVES OF	007 + NNE/3 0	10/ +Muloo J
11 0300G- 000	NOO +NN212 0	NH6 +000/3 0
อคร +ยทยหร อ	005 +00028 v	U 11 CB 10 CB
0 26 3 00 - PBB	004 +00025 0	NU4 +0504/ 0
842. +ABRAT N	un3 -us124 v	003 -11025/ W
8 99 + F 10 10 10 10	002 +00055 B	002 +101 0
001 +69000 0	001 +00015 V	801 +00026 B
800 -00000 J	000 -0014/ 0	8110 - 113311y 19
NN- 113936 -	00- 110/52 -	ww- 111443 -
שליו ויוור ע שעש	0 0 0 0 10 4 0 D	3110 .200 c

STATIC TEST #1

RUN NO. 5 150% DLL CLOSING LOAD 4/9/74
(CONT.)

		(CONT.)			
120%				150%	
044 -135/4	И		049	-01397	0
NY0 -40131	n		949	-11.1121	0
09/ -00185	N		691	-00160	0
040 -DD616	b		046	-00/03	11
045 -003/5	Ŋ		ロソラ	-011454	M
044 +00003	N		094	+110/98	17
045 -N0240	U		045	- B & C & B	۵
0+000 - SKN	Ŋ		42	-03/24	9
UY1 +00004	15		NY1	+69543	4
090 +00/19	0		670	+21.003	Ø
009 -00011	0		498	-00/67	D
000 -0045y	Ŋ		808	-110444	W
801 - 400 68	Ŋ		031	-00057	11
NHO - NN304	Ø		660	-011447	4
885 -118446	N		いなり	-1133/1	E)
NG4 - NUNO2	0		1184	-00044	'n
1183 -111744	Ø		N33	-11.1011	0
מהמטוול במט	Ŋ		NAS	508140	J
NOT 2000NV	v		031	DAHANA	0
000 500000	U		N 9 N	FRIEVAG	۵
N19 20004N	0		019	500000	W
พาล วนนกพุง	U		1118	physkac	0
บ17 วับทับกับ	1)		01/	560600	v
010 201001	ש		016	PUBLUD	.1
015 Sphoky	0		W15	5000000	3
014 + 00000	N		014	- 000000	0
113 -110405	Ø		W13	-01778	13
N15 -91400	U		012	+ 6 6 6 5 1	U
N11 +0NN19	0		011	-00331	v
NTO -N4505	N		NAA	-012/6	10
009 -01012	V		NOB	-00244	0
008 -00100	9		/ טש	+00291	٥
007 +0023/	U		000	+01100	0
99000+ CNP	d		ชบร	+00074	+)
			10104	+0000/	i
NN4 + NN 609	U		0113	- 1111484	N
802 +80141	N		800	+00168	14
107 + v 10 13	9		N#1	+10.0094	d
666 - Juley	N		v, 1) U	-11 15 9 11	ð
00- 111245	-		W W -	111399	•
nab 1 120	U		11 10 11	1111	.1

STATIC TEST #I RUN NO. 6 177% DLL CLOSING LOAD 4/9/74

	0%			40%			80%	
049	-12/13	e	099	-45/62	U	1199	-04111	d
470	-901/6	•)	1148	-00160	0	1148	-1015/	d
847	-80246	v	097	-00242	W	097	-40203	J
440	-60136	۵	096	-00292	N	646	-6340/	N
645	-84123	6	845	-00266	U	845	- 68544	¥3
094	+00/23	•	094	+00000	И	094	+06042	U
095	- 802798	•	043	-44389	1	1143	- いりもソカ	+1
245	-90001		092	-00412	U	1345	-000000	15
091	+49625	•	091	+00/57	0	471	+1110/2	6
שירט	+64814	*	090	+00352	И	696	+44/15	1
14.19	-00212	V	009	-00340	שׁ	933	-60500	1)
850	-110253	•	408	-00015	d	408	-1:11304	N
551	- MUTNA	i	007	-00104	ú	001	- 641190	1)
Kil	- 601130	:	1186	-88185	Ø	800	-00250	Ŋ
000	-110201		1165	- 88329	d	500	-03+20	ij
1 c 4	-5011 !	i	004	-04102	10	854	-01039	1
ins.	-110571	Ľ	983	-005/0	U	10 to 3	-000000	U
802	298111111	¥	182	SUBUUD	J	002	2011/11/19	Ø
61.2	Shilling		1101	500000	J	1131	builting	*)
600	500000	p	280	Sugaro	v)	1000	DUSCHN	W
617	SURENJ	¹ 3	1119	5000001	:)	019	りいひしじゃ	U
110	5000031	· ·	110	5 11 4 11 10	ø.	W18	51.11.1100	1)
317	DUNNAN	ų,	1111	DUBENA	9	111	5000000	U
1116	DANAMAG	٨	W16	500000	1	016	5000001	1.7
1115	Senona	U	015	500000	۵	015	5000000	11
814	- SNAMI	Я	1114	+001/3	Ø	014	+ 400005	Ø
013	+62861	И	N13	-00149	Ŋ	013	-03313	0
N12	-000013	Ŋ	812	-00444	8	012	-119755	N
911	+800044	И	11	+00010	N	W11	+ 11 11 14	Ŋ
N: 1 el	- 460014	N .	010	- 200000	ø	010	-NUT/2	N
809	-1100115	19	640	-80316	0	NAA	10001	1
1100	FNR HOA	v	848	-000074	4	600	-44114	٥
0.1	+00001	v	007	+000/5	n	no/	+44129	1)
0 v. 6	-1100113	t)	930	+002/0	6	n 11 9	+44549	1)
1111	- 600115	d	005	400026	0	りりり	+10040	0
11 11 4	+1.11000	Ki.	N W 4	+88824	Ø	61,14	+1100021	ı
1003	- 11 17 17 17 11	d	N 0 3	-00123	d	003	-113233	U
0:2	+ 20 9 8 4	W	0112	+44444	И	244	+1111112	1)
W W 1.	- 0 2 a 8 a	·J	0.11	+00012	J	001	+1141150	14
0 1111	-4110111	.1	000	-11:146	c	OHO	-1 ., 71,9	1)
1111-	1414111	•	110-	141531		11	1-1-51	•
000	v	υ,	ono	L +11	U	1	2	

STATIC TEST #1 RUN NO. 6 177% DLL CLOSING LOAD 4/9/74 (CONT.)

	120%		150%			177%	
444	-02153	U	พรร รอนอกท	6	1147	-63435	10
810	-03122	4	898 -88125	1	1190	-54114	V
041	-00209	Ø	047 -00202	U	141	-0019/	N
096	-00039	0	896 -80/65	d	140	- 64449	Ø
145	-113382	0	095 -01459	И	445	-10034	0
194	+00596	ø	86603+ 468	и	344	+0.1514	M
093	-00002	n	043 -00/22	U	N43	-110//3	0
145	-00052	J	092 -00/45	U	842	-00351	0
091	+ 1110113	и	U91 +80004	V	091	+404/2	0
שעט	+00/05	Ŋ	כלחומ+ שפט	ø	240	+117240	0
009	-00001	Ŋ	889 -80/95	N	N 7 4	-668832	N
0 8 8	-00448	N	038 -00003	0 .	800	-00005	0
001	- 00061	is	00/ -00074	u	001	- 88846	.1
300	- 00365	NO.	N86 - N8455	U	1136	-00029	Ø
305	-110522	· vi	000 - 00005	И	080	-44656	8
004	- 80000	U	884 - WOWOO	Ŋ	884	-04440	n
483	- 44644	v!	033 -00621	Ø	1111		1
802	500000	c	002 D00000	U	289	204499	2
001	SUNUNA	N	บรา รอยอยส	J	001	PHPPAG	•
000	Sonund	11	המשומשל ממא	٥	NAN	204049	e!
014	วทุกกทุว	ċ	019 50000n	v	1119	שורו מו ה	U
N18	200000	K	nenge sin	N	N 7 R	Summin	1)
W17	วทบบทก	U	ย17 รยงยนท	۵	N17	500000	11
110	วยนทยย	•	माठ ५०मण्य	v	N T 9	200000	Ċ
115	5000000	d	ย15 รถปอปท่	1	015	Panana	0
W14	+00525	N	014 +HH054	rl	1114	+607.65	N
013	-10-141	U	079 -64652	e)	W1.5	-00/49	n
117	-01400	И	112 -01//4	Ы	415	-n21n3	1
011	+0001/	И	U11 +00019	V	N11	+110014	U
010	-40762	ď	NTO -N0332	Ŋ	NIA	-00345	Ŋ
809	-01011	ð	NEY - 12/1	i)	493	-11513	10
640	-110191	4	HNB - 40244	el	ព្រព	-042115	·;
1017	+10234	4	N37 +00241	i)	1111/	+04341	•1
860	+440085	ı	NN6 + N11N/	U	000	+01312	1)
405	+ 11 11 11 6 11	4	NED +NOU/1	И	660	+600/9	N
1114	+0110/2	U	004 + MND04	1	1114	+00107	N
N 10 3	-00064	ø	803 -00483	U	0113	-00567	6)
1002	+110155	N	NOS +NUTUA	Ø	0012	+00188	N
N 0 1	+1111042	N	881 +44053	d	n 11 1	+11111001	11
040	-11.400	.1	000 -00284	И	6411	-11.1090	,1
48.5	1.11793	7	111- 101531		802	417741	V.

STATIC TEST #I
RUN NO. 7 CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE 4/9/74

	0%			100%			150%			200%	
099	-N3161	0	844	-44541	N	377	-36411	0	0+4	-64032	J
NYB	- 1111100	14	078	-11.13/	i	1140	-00125	0	018	-11110	14
by/	- 1011229	4	041	-00210	ø	091	-01/14	U	119	-00142	11
1196	-00159	9	840	-445/8	ø	040	-00/40	đ	N 7 6	-61029	6
ロソラ	-00149	M	445	- 03363	Ŋ	045	-00+00	14	095	- NUONY	0
094	+00094	9	044	+000012	1	844	+00001	0	094	+004/2	
193	-00326	0	045	- 60000	0	643	-00/12	8	845	-00005/	Ø
092	-100341	Ø	892	-00610	U	NYZ	-00/82	0	945	-03423	4
041	+40/40	0	871	+00013	A	N91	+600001	1	091	+60400	0
669	+ 400/1	0	890	+00/11	J	649	+0001/	Ŋ	649	+44250	K
690	-110221	Ø	859	- 44540	Ø	1104	- + 10 0 11 1	B	623	-01004	M
808	-110266	0	800	-00425	1	640	-03515	B	ยยย	-00000	8
087	-00000	0	037	-66064	0	1131	-000052	V	N 0 7	-000032	8
006	-00116	d	606	-00333	0	1000	- 69 408	0	800	-90277	N
005	-04569	0	005	-004/4	U	000	-100790	ø	005	-40/27	6
1134	-00044	Ø	254	- 60006	0	1184	-60045	N	804	-00023	10
680	-09258	U	003	- 1:10000	ĸ	593	-08005	N	203	- 31054	11
082	phyphic	0	102	200000	N	ย02	phononq	*2	002	277040	U
001	900000		001	bustend	·	001	20116119	80	681	Dunond	Li .
030	PHRANA	10	000	SUBBUS	t.	000	200000	۷	080	PHOPPIC	U
014	569000	ø	019	5 6 6 6 6 6 6	U	W14	500000	.1	014	PHUMPIC	U
018	2011100	U	010	วบหมหง	U	010	500000	•)	и18	PANORA	0
017	NUMBEC	V	117	200000	J	011	Seeche	ć	017	Phonone	ri
016	PHRUNN	1)	010	500000	U	W16	500000	K:	016	PRRRRA	U
015	PANNAD	ย	115	SEMONI	Ø	015	5000000	v	115	Suauka	•
014	+ 11 11 11 14	H	014	+64435	N	014	+111043	Ø	014	+ 6 6 6 5 4	0
1113	- nuina	d	013	-00414	U	013	-111032	N	013	-00000	0
N15	- 60509	•1	012	-0110%	•)	615	-01/02	K	912	-02394	0
N11	- 649642	U	211	+000011	13	011	+606660	8	011	+ 110005	۷
010	-00010	U	010	-49550	O	010	-00335	V.	010	-90124	U
400	- 11 11 11 11 1	Ø	004	-00033	10	NUY	-11262	11	0.19	-01/13	K
869	+ 6 6 6 6 7	N	808	-0015/	.1	888	-00220	6	RNA	-00354	0
1001	- 11 00011	8	007	+60188	O	1011/	+00280	N	100	+00383	v
900	+00001	U	000	+00/35	10	619	+01101	C	0110	+21463	3
600	-00-11	0	005	+00045	11	11115	+00002	C	6119	+00001	1)
004	+0110110	V	604	+03060	U	004	+000000	N	004	+00121	K
600	-04044	N	693	-1111321	Ø	11113	-11:4/8	K	6113	-110643	U
200	-110001	N	an5	+110105	0	hns	+00104	*	002	+44549	1)
ทย1	- 44644	N	W 1 1	+00050	1	N:11	+000145	N	011	+1111155	11
ทบบ	-4111999	N	043	-11.0307	1	F1 53 57	-00003	U	וינט	-13/30	6
NN-	12112110	•	() () -	120428		n.1-	15111/	-	- מט	121129	•
0110	Barrand	e)	200	. 1110	7	61 .555	1 1 230	4	999	1 10204	•

STATIC TEST #I
RUN NO. 7 CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE 4/9/74
(CONT.)

	240%			280%			290%	
099	-1.4.01	Ø	11 2 2	• 1	·	149	- 11282	1:
0 40	20 10	1	040	-00001	٥	11 7 8	-10001	. 10
441	-00100	4	641	-00101	v	1147	-00169	14
440	- 81410	U	616	-01449	0	DY6	-01401	0
445	-00/10	И	845	- 63530	v	445	-110012	0
044	+11041/	Ø	274	+00001	И	N 7 4	+1111555	8
013	- 67474	d	043	-01134	ь	845	-1111119	N
672	-01085	٥	F. 45	-114/1	n	092	-01630	+7
041	+00311	٥	641	+99195	Ø	1141	+110200	U
010	+00443	1	649	+61336	Ü	040	+00000	0
650	-011/4	บ	NRA	-01383	0	494	-111010	0
N 50	-40085	Ø	000	-03/19	S.	ยยผ	-110/00	0
11137	- 3 H - T 4	ð	118/	407065	8	001	+110011	Ю
000	-00/01	Ø	840	-61184/	K	386	-10025	N
005	-119823	b	683	- W.140/	b a	623	-60942	4
004	-130-114	ύ	684	+62054	٨	004	+01023	0
663	-000074	N	N 5 3	-111000	Ŋ	033	- 64621	v
200	SUNGHE	13	885	SOURGE	Ø	302	200000	v
no1	500000	4	651	DEBOOK	Ø	001	5000000	12
690	500000	·)	11110	500000	4	200	200 111 1	
N17	5000000	U	BLA	50001111	J	014	Sudieno	.1
010	500000	J	N10	2011/90	ii .	918	20001.0	.5
11/	900000	•)	0111	טטטטטטכ	o)	1117	Detholla	17
010	buttette	N	015	500000	U	010	Serend	17
W15	5 . 11 0 .1 .1	ર્ચ	015	boiling	.,	015	5 4 5 - 13 -	U
P14	+01019	И	974	+01174	Ú	1114	+11157	17
812	-01000	4	115	-6130/	٥	013	-11255	d
N 15	-82333	1	112	-0323/	.1	012	- 42060	J
011	- 64994	J	011	-00031	J	011	-23-21	1,5
310	-1111221	J	MIM	-011600	•)	1.10	-0.0042	1,
K 11 3	-47000	Ą	1610 2	-02498	.)	004	-112+114	
1120	-111440	r)	nrs	-00557	٠	600	-1.3533	ن
017	+110453	U	46/	+ 11 0 2 3 3	J	631	+69019	11
1170	+01140	i)	1110	+82103	И	1100	+01.01	O
כטט	+60011	ń	005	+00100	e.	のりつ	+000000	• 7
804	+00149	1)	N : 3 4	+60159	o	544	+00180	+1
003	-116/07	0	003	- 94259	**	6113	- 0.15 6 3	7)
1105	+110/32	C	1145	+00201	0	Sun	+1.11.500	V
001	+000/2	И	001	+10030	N	001	+ - 1 1 1 1 4	*)
n n u	-4111445	Ŋ	4) 1,1 M	-01141	0	RAL	-,11100	1
11 ri -	101014	•	H -	101/45		Y 2 -	121/50	-
1000	* * 440	,)		1.1	-3	4511	104	11

MAVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER AIR VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT WARMINSTER, PA. 18974

3033

SUMMARY REPORT ON STATIC TEST RESULTS FOR THE S-3A GRAPHITE SPOILER NUMBER 2

- Ref: (a) LTV Report 2-53440/3R-10108, "Static Test Plan S-3A Composite Speiler", Revised 27 Feb 1974
 - (b) MAVAIRDEVCEN 1tr report "Summary Report on Static Test Results for the S-3A Graphite Spoiler Number 1" dtd 30 May 1974

Figure B-10 Photograph No. CAD-19396-7-74--Failure of Spoiler at 360 percent DLL.

- 1. The spoiler was tested statically in two conditions -- the opening condition and the closing condition as described in reference (a). The loading sequence was the same as that for spoiler 1, described in reference (b) except that the spoiler was loaded to a maximum load of 150 percent limit load rather than the designated 115 percent limit load for the opening load condition.
- 2. The spoiler was installed in the test fixture at the hinges as described in reference (b). The spoiler was loaded successfully to 150 percent DLL in the opening condition without incident. While loading to 177 percent DLL in the closing condition, several tension pads unbonded from the spoiler. To prevent similar occurrences, "C" clamps were installed on the spoiler to transfer the applied loads from the inner surface to the outer surface. Loading was continued to failure. Failure occurred suddenly at 360 percent DLL with no noticeable sound emissions prior to failure. Failure occurred just outboard of the outboard hinge fitting as shown in Figure B-10.

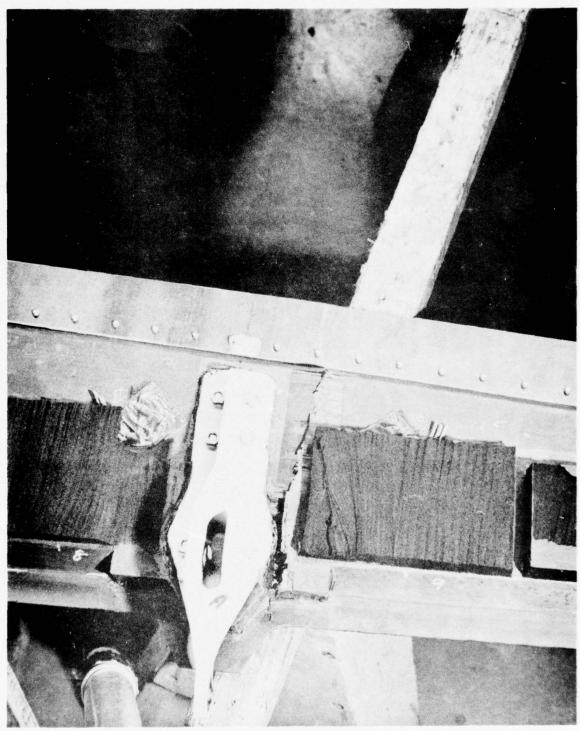


FIGURE B-10 SPOILER NO. 2 --- FAILURE AT 360 PERCENT DLL

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 3 150% DLL OPENING LOAD

	0%			40%			80%	
899	-02091	ย	399	-03133	¥	199	-82164	٤
098	-00243	d	098	-00301	k	098	-00387	ď
197	-81263	o	197	-03134	k .	097	-04601	V)
U96	-01569	V	096	-03845	K	196	-05060	E
195	- 68283	U	095.	-00410	*	195	-00591	K
094	-00031	y	094	-144/2	Ł	194	-18494	K
093	+00005	U	093	+00295	4	293	+00219	2
092	-00040	a	092	-00034	¥	092	-00006	K
091	- 88897	d	091	- 66666	K	091	- 800068	K
090	-00180	O	040	-002/2	٤	040	-003/1	K
189	-00097	Ø	689	-00114	K	889	-001/9	R
886	-002/7	Ø	888	-00281	K	088	-00010	K
287	-00063	4	087	-00155	2	687	-00263	Ł
006	-00241	d	86	-00477	K	086	-00/24	K
185	-00144	d	885	-00115	K	085	- 68666	L
084	-88185	ø	184	-00091	Ø	084	- 66683	K
203	-00250	ø	083	-00411	K	083	-00589	K
182	200000	w w	082	200000	Ø	882	200000	¥.
381	200000	บ	081	200000	ь	081	-00034	6
350	200000	ť	BBB	200000	Ø	080	200000	K
019	-00020	U	014	-00019	Ø	019	- 66656	K
010	+00001	8	010	- 800000	V	18	- 200002	K
01/	+00011	V	111	+88811	Ю	017	+00010	K
016	+66665	V	116	+88885	0	W16	+00003	K
115	500000	b	015	500000	0	015	500000	K
114	- 20000	บ	W14	-00067	Ø	914	-00123	K
013	+00001	ø	113	+00045	Ø	v13	+00078	K
012	- 20002	8	012	+00153	Ø	012	+00282	٤
011	-00001	ð	011	- 66 6 1 5	9	011	-00632	ĸ
010	-00001	บ	010	+66634	Ø	010	+00055	K
009	- 40000	e	600	+00119	V	900	+90216	ĸ
208	+00002	v	800	+88826	٥	899	+00033	k
097	- טטטטט	U	007	-00016	Ø	007	-00037	Ł
186	- 20001	0	006	-660002	V	006	-00183	k
105	+00000		600	- 20003	И	כטט	-00015	Ł
804	-00001	v.	664	-00005	И	004	-00014	Ł
993	+00001	W	603	+00043	Ø	003	+00077	+
002		ช	042	-00021	V	002	-00041	ŧ
101		V	001	-00003	Ø	1001	-00013	Y
NOA	+66666	9	999	+66662	Ø	NON	+00095	k
-שנ	090/52	•	00-	11 צטצט		可图的	BRATERA	c
000	000000	v	989	000040	ט			

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 3 150% DLL OPENING LOAD (C ONT.)

120%		150%
099 -025.43	Ŋ	099 -01/58 b
098 -00491	Ø	098 -00503 B
097 -01357	8	097 -10486 W
096 -06968	ò	096' -092/1 0
095 -00000	U	095 -01007 W
094 -21/82	U	094 -23901 W
093 +00357	E	093 +00016 U
MA5 - MAMAA	Ø	092 +00030 0
091 -00092	И	091 +00001 0
990009- 060	ki)	090 -00082 B
89 - 883/	Ø	089 -005/2 W
008 -00351	0	888 -88423 B
087 -00451	K	87 -80007 W
886 - NT n 39	ย	886 - 11484 W
68000 - 680	N	ש /ומטט- כפט
084 - 6066	ĸ	084 - WWW1W W
883 -88/99	Ŋ	N83 - P1 P68 A
095 500000	ĸ	N95 500000 0
ดดา อุดุดดดุ	0	081 500000 o
080 200000	Ø	080 500000 0
819 - 60023	Ø	v19 - vv 23 v
918 - ppppp	N	018 -00002 0
017 +00007	U	n / n n n n n n n
016 +00000	Ø	016 -00001 b
215 500000	U	015 500000 d
814 - 88189	Ø	014 -00239 0
013 +00120	V	v13 +vv151 v
012 +00440	Ø Ø	V12 + VV > 5 V
J11 -00053	e U	N11 -00063 8
010 +00081		010 +00100 c
108 +00057	v v	009 +00419 0
007 -00065	e e	P 89999+ 899
100 -00203	b	007 -00083 b
105 -00027	0	006 -00362 b
004 -0001/	Ø	005 -00035 0 004 -00021 0
103 +00119	Ø.	003 + 00151 b
102 -00064-	Ø	003 +00151 6
101 -00020	v	001 -00025 0
000 +00126	v	NON + NO196 A
180 000103		

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 6 150%DLL CLOSING LOAD

	0%		40%			80%	
144	-00304	+1 69	9 -60/04	ø	449	+660044	0
148	-00113	× 09		. W	498	-00110	U
197	-00024	w 69		Ł	047	-00506	ø
146	-08080	ú 09	6 - 86237	U	846	-00399	U
195	-00131	ė 09	5 -00211	¥.	095	-00286	0
194	+000/1	'u u y	4 +00048	2	894	+00020	1)
845	-00139	e 09	5 - 60214	K	093	000299	0
042	-110193	U 09	2 -00292	Ø	092	-00398	0
841	-00120	. 89	1 -001/4	ы	891	-00227	0
649	-00140	. 09	0 -00196	Ø	BY N	-00249	0
209	-001/8	٤ 08	9 -60327	Ø	689	-00489	Ø
038	-00335	2 88	8 -00403	e)	800	-00408	N
007	- 80093	. 88	7 -00095	U	007	-00090	0
086	-00215	¥ 08	6 -00292	K	006	-00360	0
005	-00190	t Ød	5 -002/0	C	085	-00368	٥
004	-00111	K NA	4 -00104	d	034	-600044	0
183	+00019	й и 8	3 +00007	é	083	-00010	5
152	200000	о и в	2 500000	ช	125	+12/38	0
181	-00120	w W6	1 - 20243	ù	081	-14023	0
000	-14143	ю и8	W -18637	6	999	-14382	0
119	-00054	v v1	9 -60055	N	019	- 60004	11
118	-00025	ט טו	8 -00030	N	018	-00029	r.
017	+30007	0 01	7 +00006	۵	017	+00001	U
016	-00013	w 01	6 -00015	N	016	-00014	0
015	500000	r: W1	5 500000	d	115	500000	v
014	+00000	נט ט	4 -+ 88193	K	014	+00380	ki
013	-00003	r 10 1	.3 -00143	4	013	-00294	N
012	+ 22002	n 91	7.17	Ŋ	312	-00499	U
011	-000001	i) b1		Ò	011	+000/0	٥
010	+00002	0 01		И	010	-00245	B
009	- 69000	5 00		J	009	-00/41	0
999	+00004	1) 06		ø	800	-00154	0
007	-99088	ย ยะ		И	007	+90986	3
110	-00010	90		ů.	900	+00079	U
000	+00000	9 08		8	005	+00055	0
004	-63003	9 98		Ø	104	+66034	0
183	- 200006	6 04		0	003	-00258	0
002	+61644		12.+00067	Ø	102	+00126	0
001	-00000	2		6	001	-00024	0
440	+88886	2 02		¥	000	100010	
200	488884	0 0 0		ย	000	1800AB	Ø

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 6 I50% DLL CLOSING LOAD (CONT.)

	120%		150%
049	-02528	N	049 -02/45 0
195	-00113	U	098 -W0116 W
097	- 600005	d	897 60384 3
196	-00594	v	896 -00/14 B
895	-003/6	Ø	095 -00444 0
094	- 66626	Ø	094 -bbb46 B
W93	- 88483	0	093 -00486 W
692	-00016	U	092 -00006 0
891	- 60305	Ð	091 -00354 0
090	-00315	2	090 -00361 B
889	-00060	U	089 -00/80 b
880	-00544	.1	N 66CON- 8RR
887	- 66663	d	087 - WW 087 A
886	-00466	W	006 -00533 d
U85	-00469	0	u 65 - u u b 45 u
084	- 66684	J	004 -00U82 0
003	- 66033	И	083 -00041 0
082	500000	ij	n 85 2 2000 R
881	-18974	W	081 -23365 B
000	-18129	W	080 -22//2 U
119	-00055	r	B 66988 - 618
818	-00029	٤	N 62989 - 818
117	+00007	6	U17 + UU U 05. U
116	-00014	K	016 -00014 0
015	500000	W	015 500000 v
014	+885/5	0	014 +00097 0
013	- 88463	E	013 -0058/ 0
012	-01491	U	012 -01857 B
011	+00104	U	v11 +vv126 v
010	-003/9	V.	ט מ/4טט- טוט
007	-81144	U	. 009 -01421 0
008	-00253	e	808 80325 W
007	+00132	D	887, +88168 8
000	+64449	K	000 +01135 B
005	+00011	8	Ø 08000+ 600
104	+ 6 6 6 6 6	. 10	004. +00000 0
103	-00387	2	003 -00472 0
102	+00185	2	802 +80227 B
101	+66636	10	001 +00042 2
900	-80524	6	000 -00654 0
140	366459	J	00- 100703 - 0 001000 000
			N N C 1 C N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 7B 177%DLL CLOSING LOAD

0%		40%		80	%	
099 -03767	1 079	+05,986	1	u99 + u1	1542	
198 -00103	k 098	-00103	1	098 - 08	1100.	
29700253	¥ 097	-00258	1	097 - 08	1257	
146 -00001	¥ 096	-00203	1	196 - DE	3584 8	4
095 -00108	k 095	-00177	1	095 - 68	1266 4	2
894 +00092	g 994	+60067	1	094 + 66	1038	ă
043 -00246	4 093	- 80320	t	043 -08	1416 k	٥
092 -00235	2 692	-80350	k.	092 -UK	1434	5
191 -00355	¥ 691	-00407	*	891 - BE	1474 k	0
040 -00034	2 690	-000086	r	N 9 0 - N 8	1147 8	1
889 -88198	6 69	-00324	k.	-	1442 4	1
988 +00999	K 089	+00041	¥.		1027	ó
08666 189	v 87	-00081	¥.	N87 - 08	1 W / 4 x	٥
NAQ -5072A	5 096	-00410	K	N86 - DE	1495 8	3
85 -88284	2 085	-00051	8	885 - NE	1447 K	9
84 -NO150	v 684	-00145	Ľ		1134	1
5800A - 580	ы и в з	- 68682	6	p83 -08	1105 8	3
882 588888	6 895	500000	×	882 50%	1000 6)
001 -01054	2 081	- 60251	0	181 -05	439 K	3
939 -45693	8 88	-08204	Ø	680 -06	161	3
019 -00040	0 019	- 66646	Ø	019 -08	1847 K	2
018 -00020	v 15	- 20050	ь	1 -	1051 K	0
917 +00004	2 117	+66663	Ø	-	IND? K	,
810 - 610	8 816	-00008	Ø	016 - WE	A BRAG	3
915 290000	9 015	. 200000	O	015 502	א מממו)
914 - 60000	0 014		И	214 +06	13/3 4	3
013 +00003	o 013		Ø		1279 K	1
N12 +00003	b 12		D		1442 8	
011 +00003	W 11		Ø		1075 8)
010 +00002	3 11		ю		1222 K	
90000+ 600	0 009	,	Ø		1/20 K	
808 +00001	9 008		Ø		1152 6	
007 +00002	9 007		Ø		1102 8	
006 +00001	r) 006		٥		1287 8	
805 +00003	0 005		e)	005/+06	*	
004 -00001	0 004		Ø		1045 1	
003 -00002	0 003		V		1249 K	
002 +00003	0 002		V		1099 8	
001 -60000	נטט ט		И	_	1020 8	
000 -00001	9 998		Ø		337 8	
00- 135845	- 66		•	-	1/23 -	
000 000135	988	9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	U	200 000	1999 6)

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 7B 177%DLL CLOSING LOAD (CONT.)

	120%			150%			177%	
699	-60510	L	049	-010/1	v	899	-00540	W
898	- 66086-	Ł	860	-66666	Ø	098	-00091	6
097	-00247	ž.	197	-00247	V	297	-00241	. K
896	-88568	e e	096	-00097	Ø	W96	-00013	0
695	- 20353	v.	045	-00413	v.	095	-00472	Ø
094	+00010	V	094	- 88821	Ø	094	- 66644	W
093	-00502	ď	095	-005/7	0	193	-01642	U
442	- 00549	Z	092	-00037	0	092	-00/09	v
691	- 60033	K	091	-00585	Ø	891	-00025	N
090	-00200	Ł	090	- 66238	V	040	-002/6	E
089	-00647	ē	889	-00//1	Ø	009	-000/9	10
888	- 88896	U	860	-00153	Ø	888	-00197	6
087	-00067	Ø	007	- 20064	Ø	007	-00057	0
006	-80581	6	086	-00053	И	006	-00/10	۵
985	-80540	¥	085	-00621	Ø	085	- 68088	Ø
084	-00121	Ø	084	-00119	0	084	-00108	Ø
W83	-00117	0	683	-00124	Ø	083	- 66134	Ø
982	500000	e)	082	500000	Ю	182	500000	0
W81	- 85082	Ø	481	-12377	Ø	381	-14453	Ю
MAR	- 04835	ь	989	-11537	Ø	080	-12888	10
219	- 88846	Ŋ	019	-00040	Ŋ	119	-00045	Ø
018	-00021	Ø	118	-00020	Ю	018	-00021	0
017	+00004	И	017	+00003	Ŋ	017	+00003	B
016	-000009	N	116	- 60 608	Ø	016	- 600008	B
015	500000	Ľ	615	500000	D	115	500000	0
1114	+00554	ย	014	+00090	Ø	014	+80000	N
013	-00452	U	013	-00003	Ø	013	- 60664	W
W12	-01436	Ŋ	912	-01815	Ø	112	-82156	10
011	+00109	d	011	+00133	6	011	+00152	Ŋ
010	-00340	v	910	-00428	Ø	010	-00510	U
600	-01108	V	009	-01397	Ø	009	-01657	W
PER	-00244	Ø	860	- 60315	٥	800	-00383	0
007	+00154	R	007	+00193	6	107	+00226	Ø
000	+00899	N	999	+01141	Ø	000	+01355	0
005	+00000	bi .	005	+000/2	3	005	+ 6 6 6 6 7	U
004	+00067	41	004	+00090	ю.	004	+0010/	6
603	-00209	U	003	-00459	Ø	203	-00538	0
002	+00150	N	1112	+00189	Ø	862	+00221	0
001	+00033	N	001	+00041	Ø	001	+00048	0
MARIA	-00515	Ŋ	000	-00648	v	000	-00/68	Ø
00-	140432	•	000	141013	u u	00-	141131	9
900	000120	v	000	200170		000	DODIII	U

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 9 CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE

	0%			40%			80%			120%	
199	+88246	W	199	+02717	io	199	-83312	8	099	-012/8	U
683	-60004	ki	148	- 20003	Ø	098	- 88881	0	098	-000/9	0
097	-00249	U	097	-00246	b	097	-00249		097	-00242	0
096	-000/5	0	096	-00216	0	096	-00391	0	496	-000/2	8
1195	- 66116	Ø	095	-00183	ø	095	-00264	0	895	-00346	8
094	+00067	Ø	094	+00043	Ø	094	+88828	0	094	- 8 8 8 1 6	· 6
643	-00255	Ø	093	-00328	0	093	-00420	0	643	-00019	0
935	-00251	Ø	092	-00341	0	W92	-00448	E)	042	-00563	8
091	-60366	N	091	-00411	Ø	091	-004/8	Ø	091	-00536	Ю
999	00049	D	090	-00100	6	090	-00151	8	969	-00204	
039	-001/5	ð	189	-00311	Ø	689	-004/1	0	089	-00027	9
088	-00255	0	886	-00320	0	ผยล	-00381	Ø	680	- 66448	8
087	-00000	Ю	087	- 666954	b	087	-690023	И	087	- 60051	U
1086	- 82336	Ø	086	-00409	0	886	-00484	Ø	886	-005/1	1
005	-80278	Ŋ	085	-00331	9	V 85	-00434	11	885	-00555	6
884	-00129	R	084	-00129	0	084	-00119	U	084	-00107	J
083	שכשטע-	M	883	-000/2	Ø	083	- 88885	0	883	- 66682	N
382	500000	0	082	+12310	Ø	082	+09397	0	685	+13034	Ø
881	+45/54	Ø	081	-02/18	0	081	- 101414	K	001	-11338	8
080	+00112	0	080	-84125	Ŋ	080	-04009	ø	080	-07897	B
019	-00026	Ŋ	019	-00051	Ø	019	-00027	Ø	W19	-00026	0
018	-00016	Ø	018	-00014	Ø	18	-00014	6	818	- 6 6 6 9 1 4	n
17	+00031	0	217	+00031	Ø	W17	+00032	Ø	17	+00032	10
1 16	+66614	Ø	916	+00020	C	W16	+00021	0	010	+00021	is
W15	ONNANG	0	015	500000	V	W15	900000	D	215	500000	D
014	+66633	Ø	014	+00211	E	114	+66461	10	014	+600064	0
013	+00033	0	13	-00071	1	013	-00239	0	113	-00394	B
012	+00047	0	012	-003/1	N	W12	-008/4	Ø	012	-113/3	S
011	-00005	0	011	+00041	Q	011	+000//	8	011	+00104	0
970	+00042	0	010	-60046	B	010	-00168	U	919	-00281	6
600	+00632	Ø	600	-00292	10	600	-000/2	Ŋ	009	-01053	N
500	+00015	Ø	800	-00051	Ø	840	-0013/	9	908	-00228	B
007	+00042	6	100	+89083	8	007	+60144	4	007	+00196	1)
000	+90001	0	999	+00329	0	006	+00644	6	000	+00962	10
005	+00011	Ø	005	+00035	Ø	005	+00055	b	902	+000/1	0
004	+00033	Ŋ	004	+00056	0	400	+66688	U	004	+66161	10
003	+ כלשטש	K	003	-00059	Ŋ	888	-00183	V	003	-00304	0
995	+40018	ы	002	+000062	Ø	062	+00112	Ø	802	+86164	S
001	+ 60035	U	001	+00043	N	001	+00055	D	001	+02066	6
טטט	+ 6666	-	000	-66666	6	999	-00217	8	000	-00453	U
99-	100117	-	808	505R34	•	00-	102400		00-	102444	
000	рырыйы	L				ששש	RRARARA	10	טטט	000120	0

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 9 CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE (CONT.)

	160%			200%			240%	
077	+ 64064	ש	499	-04225	Ø	199	-03417	ď
998	-000/4	Ø	898	-000/4	Ø	098	-00050	65
097	- 80256	U	097	-00230	Ø	197	-002225	11
096	-60/41	U	040	-00420	Ю	196	-01096	É
095	-00455	U	095	-00012	Ŋ	095	- 80097	U
094	-00047	v	846	-00000	Ø	194	-00100	B
693	-00011	Ü	143	-00/06	Ø	093	-00/95	b
492	-006/3	Ø	b92	-00/83	Ŋ	192	-0089/	0
091	-00099	0	091	-00000	Ŋ	191	-00/16	W
040	- 80254	0	040	-00302	Ŋ	090	-00349	8
209	-00/92	U	089	- 88445	9	009	-01115	W
884	80C00-	0	888	-00583	d	038	\$ 00000	D
687	-00042	Ø	087	-00035	Ø	087	-00031	à
886	-00062	Ø	086	-00/50	Ŋ	086	-00845	И
035	-00034	Ø	085	-00/34	Ø	085	- 20050	Ø
084	-40102	b	U84	-00000	Ø	084	-000/9	0
283	-00107	И	083	-00114	Ø	003	-00121	1)
882	+100/2	Ø	082	+13678	Ø	182	+11250	0
081	-888/8	Ø	881	-10022	W	081	-10086	0
880	-05013	Ø	880	-07574	y	000	-01444	15
019	-00027	U	019	-00026	Ø	019	-00026	S
118	-00013	Ø	018	-00013	b	018	-0001)	• 1
17	+00031	U	W17	+00051	Ø	017	+00002	ы
116	+00021	0	16	+00021	И	016	+00020	ú
015	500000	ษ	Ø15	500000	שׁ	015	500000	U
014	+00/62	Ŋ	114	+00775	Ŋ	014	+01100	U
013	-0055/	Ŋ	13	-00/23	Ø	013	-00405	¥J
012	-018/9	Ŋ	012	-02383	R	W12	-02904	D
011	+00139	Ø	011	+00163	Ø	011	+00184	J
010	-00400	v i	010	-00518	b	010	-00044	Ø
600	-01440	0	9 6 9	-01825	b	009	- p 2 2 2 2 1	0
844	-00321	Ø	800	-00451	V	863	-00541	F.
007	+00248	8	007	+00290	Ŋ	007	+88544	0
006	+01285	N	886	+01003	N	006	+0142+	0
ย ย 5	+88886	Ø	005	+00100	v	035	+00111	0
004	+00136	K	004	+00165	Ø	600	+00193	e
003	-84423	6	003	-00539	0	803	-00057	U
002	+00213	И	805	+00258	6	200	+00303	0
N W 1	+000/5	Ł	001	+00085	N	001	+ 260645	v
000	-00031	K	טטט	-00806	Ø	000	-00986	U
80-	102528	•	- 88	102012.		00-	102053	•
888	999199	k	טטט	000200	6	טטט	000240	L

STATIC TEST #2 RUN NO. 9 CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE (CONT.)

	280%			320%			350%	
099	+002/2	C	079	-01656	V	099	+023/1	ž
498	- 00064,	Ø	098	- ספששם	Ю	098	- 60044	U
097	-00222	R	197	-00221	Ø	197	-00200	Ø
096	-01269	Ø	096	-11461	Ø	696	-01594	6
095	-00091	ď	345	-00/19	Ø	095	-00054	D
094	-00148	U	094	-00189	Ø	694	-00220	k)
093	- 60705	Ø	093	-01005	Ø	093	-11002	2
092.	-01023	K	192	-01141	V	842	-01243	ď
891.	-00/89	Ŋ	091	-00053	Ø	091	-00722	0
BYB	-00411	R	990	-00468	Ø	669	-00512	N
089	-012/0	٤	689	-01441	N	089	-01569	Ø
680	-00/20	R	889	- 60660	Ø	880	-00064	0
087	-00016	0	987	-00003	Ą	887	+00000	Ø
886	-00740	Ú	036	-01004	Ø	688	- DIOD4	Ŋ
085	-00745	U	005	-01049	0	085	-01151	B
064	-000/1	Ø	084	2 לטטט-	И	UB4	-00034	B
b63	-00153	K	083	-00150	Ŋ	683	-00163	Ø
882	+10/45	Ŋ	002	+86338	Ŋ	062	+13024	Ø
031	-09057	Ø	081	-11961	b	001	-14058	B
ยยย	-06010	Ŋ	080	-040/3	Ø	888	-13314	0
019	- 20025	Ø	019	-00025	Ŋ	19	-00025	8
018	-00013	Ø	018	-00013	Ą	018	-00014	0
17	+00032	R	17	+00032	0	017	+00033	8
W16	+00021	Ŋ	016	+00022	И	W16	+00021	0
015	500000	Ŋ	015	500000	U	015	500000	U
014	+01256	Ą	014	+61394	d	W14	+01498	D
Ø13	- 41491	Ø	013	-61283	И	013	-01447	8
012	-03423	y	012	-03920	ы	012	-04333	0
V11	+0019/	0	611	+60194	Ø	011	+80184	0
מדמ	-00/66	0	010	-00885	Ŋ	010	-00980	d
600	-02011	V	800	-027/7	0	009	-032/2	Ø
8 2 2	-00655	ы	800	-00/60	S.	869	-00862	Ø
700	+60387	Ø	007	+00423	K	700	+00446	0
000	+02244	ю	800	+02544	K	988	+62/87	Ø
699	+00116	V	005	+00113	8	למט	+60107	B
004	+00220	V	004	+00243	2	4 4 4 4	+00261	U
003	- 60//3	8	003	- MA881	K	803	-00968	B
N N 2	+00346	N		+88381	Ø	002	+00408	B
001	+00099	vi v	861	+60102	id U	1000	+00105	Ŋ
999	102/56	-	000	102847	-	000	102932	
	NNN589	v	999	000320	U	000	000350	ש
000			~ ~ ~			400	20-030	-

NAVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER AIR VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT WARMINSTER, PA. 18974

3033

SUMMARY REPORT ON STATIC TEST RESULTS FOR THE S-3A GRAPHITE SPOILER NUMBER 3

Ref: (a) LTV Report 2-53440/3R-10108, "Static Test Plan S-3A Composite Spoiler", Revised 27 Feb 1974

(b) NAVAIRDEVCEN 1tr report "Summary Report on Static Test Results for the S-3A Graphite Spoiler Number 1, dtd 30 May 1974

Figure B-11 Photograph No. CAD-20807-12-74--Failure of Spoiler at 375 percent DLL.

- 1. The spoiler was tested statically in two conditions -- the opening condition and the closing condition as described in reference (a). The loading sequence was the same as that for spoiler 1, described in reference (b) except that the spoiler was loaded to a maximum load of 150 percent limit load rather than the designated 115 percent limit load for the opening load condition.
- 2. The spoiler was installed in the test fixture at the hinges as described in reference (b). The spoiler was loaded 150 percent DLL in the opening condition without incident. While loading to 170 percent DLL in the closing condition, a tension pad unbonded. A "C" clamp was installed to transfer the applied load from the inner surface to the outer surface. Loading was continued to 350 percent DLL at which point another tension pad unbonded. It was decided to install "C" clamps on all tension pads to prevent similar occurrences. Loading was continued to failure at 375 percent DLL with no noticeable sound emissions prior to failure. Failure occurred at the edge of the doubler outboard of the outboard hinge fitting. The failure is shown in Figure B-11.

Enclosure (2)

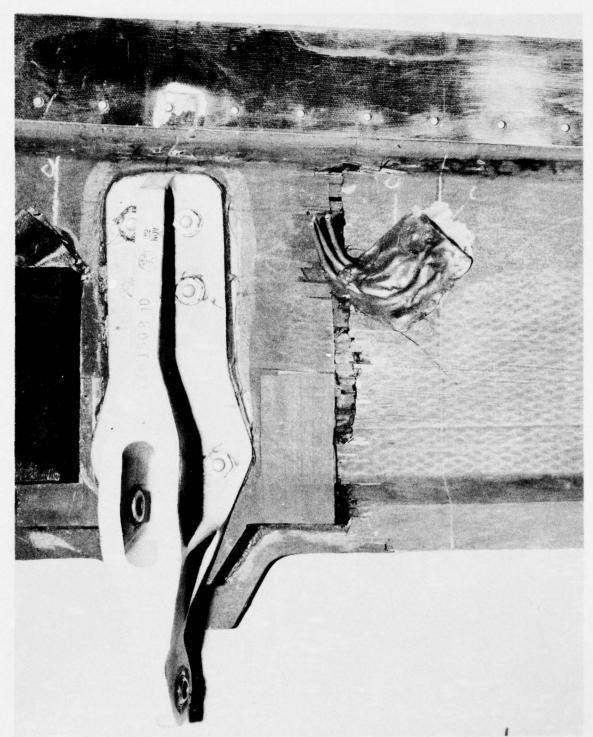


FIGURE B-11 SPOILER NO. 3 --- FAILURE AT 375 PERCENT DLL

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 3 150%DLL OPENING LOAD

0%			40%			80%	
049 +0/006	J	U99	+85168	٥	099	+00/63	'n
098 -00052	#	195	-00011	6	098	- 20015	B
097 -00014	•	097	-00003	b	097	- 880884	0
190 -00011	Ø	496	+ 6 6 6 6 3	Ø	096	+666644	U
895 -00014	U	440	+ 6 6 6 1 9	U	095	+00042	B
094 - DUU13	Ø	094	+00003	Ø	094	+00012	6
093 +00000	y	193	+00035	0	693	+66666	0
892 +88914	Ø	092	+00043	Ŋ	072	+466/6	U
091 - 60000	U	091	+00015	U	091	+00030	B
SABUR+ AKA	Ø	990	+00023	Ø	990	+0004/	N
89 -WWW47	V	889	+00034	Ø	680	+000/9	Ю
1000 - 886	6	888	+68625	Ó	988	+00042	69
887 -00021	ь	007	-00005	M	087	- 88689	10
086 - nnnn5	0	999	+ 68 653	d	006	+00047	U
N82 - NNN13	U	085	+00020	v	000	+00043	W
084 - WWW 6	J	684	+00003	Ø	004	+66667	0
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	٥	083	+80004	Ø	083	+ 20000	0
082 500000	ש	082	2 2 2 2 2 3 2	Ü	005	500000	K)
081 200000	Ŋ	081	รคดดดล	O	081	200000	U
กลุก 5คุคกุก	4	080	SABABA	N	990	200000	2
019 +00046	Ŋ	119	+00044	Ø	019	+00044	N
018 +00033	Ŋ	118	+00031	Ø	018	+00031	Ю
017 +00047	Ŋ	017	+00043	R	017	+00044	0
W16 +WWW65	Ŋ	W16	+66661	Ø	116	+00062	0
015 500000	Ø	015	500000	Ø	V15	500000	D
014 + 20000	Ø	014	-00057	P	014	-0010/	W
313 +00004	Ø	013	+00043	E	013	+000/9	6
012 +00013	Ø	012	+00150	N	012	+002/9	O
011 +00012	0	011	- 66614	V	011	-00029	0
010 +00004	U	U10	+00020	0	010	+00030	٥
90000+ 600	9	009	+00113	N	409	+00200	F.
שושטש+ אטש	n n	8 60	+00025	Ø	008	+00038	0
7 + 0 0 0 0 6	U	100	-00018	Ø	007	- 00035	B
006 -00012	Ø Ø	000	-00101	N	006	-001/8	NÚ A
005 +00013		005	-00003	Ø	005	-00013	S
004 +00003	Ø	004	- 20006	0	400	-00013	0
003 +00009	Ø	003	+00047	6	003	-000039	Ø
002 +00004 001 +00009	Ø	002	-00021	Ø	002	-000034	0
טונטטט+ טטטט	y	999	- 20001	Ø	000	+00100	0
00÷ 004338	1	000 -	+00058	-	000	003916	-
000 000133	6	000	NNN133	V	ששט	000113	1)
- 30						-00	

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 3 I50%DLL OPENING LOAD (CONT.)

	150%
K	899 +80845 8
v	N 125989 - 868
U	897 - WULL 12 W
	096 + 80209 W
N	095 +00 m 92 0
Ø	094 +00027 U
	N 93 +00109 A
	092 +00145 W
	091 +000/9 B
V	090 +00094 0
U	089 +00167 N
V	N88: +NNN85 N
Ø	087 -00019 W
V	N86 +NNN84 N
v)	0 - 68000+ 580
Ŋ	084 - DUD11 U
Ŋ	083 +00016 0
Ø	985 500000 N
U	081 200000 b
ย	099 590000 0
Ø	019 +00044 0
и	018 + E B B 25 E
ю	017 +WUW45 W
U	N16 +NNN95 8
Ŋ	015 500000 0
U .	014 - 00206 0
Ø	013 +00143 0
v	N15 +N0219 A
Ø	ט ללטטט- 11ט
б	010 +00065 U
0	009 +00386 W
0	שׁ פכשש+ 8שש
U	0 0/000- 100
Ø	006 -00328 W
لا ا	005 -00033 v
ช	004 - 00025 0
Ŋ	003 +00150 0
Ŕ	002 -000/3 0
	001 -00015 0
	000 +00181 0
ū	885 883P39 5

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 6 150%DLL CLOSING LOAD

0%		40%	80%
299 +08293	e	099 +08482 U	W 80588+ 668
198 +00000	Ú	M C0000+ 860	0 50000 + 860
197 +20026	W	097 +00028 W	097 +00033 V
096 -00006	Ø	096 -00155 6	096 -00334 W
195 -00007	0	095 -000/5 W	0 95 - MN126 N
394 +00004	. 8	044 -00025 W	094 -00059 b
193 -20006	U	093 -00082 0	043 -001/4 0
092 +00011	Ø	n 68 - nn n 88 n	092 -N0212 W
091 -00024	Ø	091 -00090 B	891 -80167 W
298 +88016	W	0 00000- 0000	0 4 2 1 0 0 1 4 2 U
690 - 889998	Ð	089 - UD147 U	0 1 C C C U U - P C U
008 - 200003	Ø	0 66909- 880	0 4 - 0 0 1 2 4 v
257 - 600004	6	087 - 00003 0	887 + 686 0 B
836 +8891A	v	996 -00025 0	086 -00127 B
005 -00021	Ö	065 -00087 N	0 4/10U- 580
004 +00051	Ø	084 +00034 0	884 + BBB 47 B
163 - 00 000	ઇ	983 - BB 916 B	0 B 3 - B B B B B
202 200000	۵	985 599999 9	N95 5 NN N N N
061 200000	٥	981 2000ND D	061 200000 b
220 509090	U	ה ממחמה א	000 200000 b
019 +00022	Ø	019 +00024 N	019 +00027 b
018 +00013	N	N18 +00012 0	015 +00014 0
81/ +88846	Ø	01/ +00049 B	W17 + WW U D 2 . W
016 + D0073	Ø	016 +000/4 0	016 + W 0 0 7 3 B
815 50000S	r)	015 500000 B	N 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
614 +00012	N	V14 +VV1/2 V	U14 +UU346 U
N13 +00003	И	013 -00119 b	013 - 00264 E
812 -00015	N	012 -00414 0	V12 - V V V V
111 +60050	v.	011 +00000 0	011 +00086 N
N19 - N9512	D	N19 - NN 1/4 P	010 -00160 0
110 - 00015	v.	009 -00313 0	0 6/000- 670
2018 + 60003	n	008 - 00047 b	008 -00113 0
681 +48633	Ø	007 +00052 W	007 +06104 0
F00 +00050	ย	8 6 5 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	U 44 CUU+ 600
005, +0000/	0	N 65000+ 500	0 69000+ GRN
904-+98024	Ø	004 +00053 6	0 68999 + 699
103 -00001	U	003 -00116 0	003 -00236 0
002 +00008	Ŋ	002 +00064 4	802 +80120 8
801 + 301 35	B	001 +00017 0	001 +0002/ 0
200 - DUEN4		000 -00138 0	000 - NOSAO 9
one angras	Ħ	885 843433 5	

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 6 150% DLL CLOSING LOAD (CONT.)

	120%			150%	
849	+846/6	N	044	+ 69 60 65	J
898	+00011	Ø	198	+0001/	0
091	+60033	Ø	397	+00040	B
096	-00512	N	W46	-00001	Ø
095	-00246	ы	095	- 600009	0
094	-60094	ю	094	-00121	W
493	-00283	ы	093	- 660357	W
092	-66336	U	092	-00416	0
091	-00236	D	891	- 80281	D
090	-00212	Ŋ	090	-00258	Ø
039	-02516	ю	089	-00637	0
800	-60158	Ю	880	- 66237	b
007	+00012	N	ช87	+00022	Ø
086	-60703	6 J	080	-00268	A
005	-00272	N	085	-00340	D
034	+66657	Ø	004	+00004	W
699	-00042	Ø	พ ช 3	- 66648	Ø
305	5 M M M M M M	b	182	200000	N
081	200000	N)	U81	SARARA	2
ยยด	200000	NO.	ดลด	500000	ש
019	+00023	60	019	+00026	Ø
018	+60017	Ø	W18	+00017	6
017	+66622	W	017	+00052	Ŋ
016	+000/2	0	V16	+00075	Ø
015	500000	E .	915	500000	Ł
014	+0001/	0	014	+00632	V
013	-00423	D	013	-00543	Ø
912	-01343	N -	012		E
011	+00117	Ø	011	+00131	Ŋ
010	- 80234	M	010	-80585	D
699	-01031	Ŋ	900	-01280	D
899	-00190	U	880	-00520	Ø
007	+00108	8	007	+88213	B
989	+60845	R	999	+61624	Ы
005	+66644	ช	005	+00103	D
004	+00123	Ø	004	+00146	0
003	- 80356	Ø	003	-00438	D
2002	+001/4	Ø	002	+00208	N
001	+ 0.0039	Ø	001	+00045	S
שטש	213406	•	南南南	再版的日本中	
000	213400	Ŋ			
000	202100	"			

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 7 177%DLL CLOSING LOAD

	0%			40%			80%	
299	+00400	v)	444	+ 8 8 8 7 5	U	049	+02000	Ð
098	+000/0	v	848	+000/0	Ü	098	+00066	b
897	+000/1	0	197	+400/8	Ø	097	+000/6	Ø
146	+00035	Ø.	096	-00116	* 0	046	-00502	K)
095	+00032	N	095	-00039	Ю	095	-00T24	И
094	+00038	Ø	094	+00013	Ø	094	-0002/	Y)
093	+000000.	Ø	093	-00081	W	093	-00180	0
042	-00000	Ψ.	092	-00042	И	092	-00212	U
091	-00013	ы	091	-00070	r)	091	- 20153	K!
090	+20044	V	090	-20052	Ŋ	090	-00114	0
089	+60054	Ŋ	089	-00112	W	689	-002/4	Ю
088	+00056	ы	880	- 600007	Ŋ	088	-000//	C
08/	+000/8	Ø	687	+000/2	U	100	+000/4	0
886	+00059	U	086	-00007	Ø	806	-660093	b
205	+69823	Ø	680	-00013	Ø	085	-00116	0
884	+680/5	U	084	+000/5	Ŋ	004	+00081	0
203	+000/2	ы	083	+00054	Ø	083	+88851	U
002	200000	צו	002	200000	· M	082	200000	0
881	2000000	1)	081	200000	Ø	881	200000	1)
080	200000	Ю	880	200000	v	800	200000	N
019	- 80002	v	019	-00004	0	019	- 20002	Ю
018	-0001/	ы	N18	-00010	W	018	-00015	6
017	+00021	И	017	+00022	d	017	+00023	Ю
W16	+00045	И	016	+66646	Ø	016	+00040	10
15	500000	и	1015	500000	Ø	015	500000	S
014	- 60000	ย	014	+00152	И	014	+00026	N
013	- 500041	Ю	013	-001/0	ð	013	-00315	W
112	-00020	K)	012	-00430	۵	012	- 90988	0
011	- 66616	ti e	011	+00029	ð	011	+00061	IJ
010	-00028	2	010	-10019	Ø	NTD	- 861233	N
009	- 66657	b	600	-00220	U	009	-000/2	D
883	- 20019	U	840	-00072	R	999	-00138	V
307	-00019	Ю	007	+00051	9	007	+00000	U
036	+00024	U	006	+00209	N	999	+00549	U
N 10 5	-60010	U	005	+ 8 8 8 1 /	Ø	905	+0004/	0
004	+88884	U	004	+600034	Ŋ	004	+000/0	0
003	+200000	1)	003	-00108	b	003	-00558	N
002	F00004	No.	002	+00002	Ø	002	+00120	N
001	+20000	IJ	001	+60019	N	001	+00030	D
ana	+88881	ы	999	-00101	Ŋ	000	-00291	y
20-	604551	•	00-	004349	•	999	004435	0
w1 x1 x1	PELMAN	N	RAG	000133	Ŋ		22-100	~

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 7 177%DLL CLOSING LOAD (CONT.)

	120%			150%			177%	
344	+00162	U	449	+03400	Ø	099	+01091	10
198	+00066	Ø	860	+00065	b	898	+00055	0
697	+000/7	ð	097	+00077	Ø	097	+000/8	Ø
896	- 88468	ð	096	-00016	Ŋ	096	-00/42	b
095	-00209	Ю	095	-002/9	N	695	-00342	ы
094	-00063	Ю	094	-00097	Ø	044	-00130	0
093	-00276	Ø	693	-00356	B	693	-88419	U
692	- 66252	И	692	- 80413	Ø	692	-00442	D
091	-00224	И	091	-88515	Ø	091	-00318	N
040	-00183	Ø	090	-00233	N	040	- 40280	D
689	-00443	0	089	-005/9	Ú	680	-00/02	W
888	-00143	ь	988	-00199	Ŋ	888	-00253	ů
887	+000/6	И	087	+00074	U	007	+000/2	Ø
986	-KN169	И	990	-00238	Ø	699	- 10 10 3 10 1	0
992	-00210	V	835	- 40290	U	035	-000/0	YJ
204	+00088	Ŋ	034	+66663	N	884	+00001	0
983	+00015	b)	083	+00004	Ø	083	-00010	ĸ)
502	200000	v	885	500000	Ю	002	500000	Ú
001	200000	И	061	SANANA	Ю	001	200000	i
ยยย	500000	O.	000	500000	0	989	200000	v
019	+66661	Ů	019	+00003	0	019	+6666	Ø
818	- 80014	8	018	- 8 8 8 1 2	6	018	- 68988	U
017	+30023	ĸ	W17	+00025	0	017	+00058	8
016	+00046	۵	W16	+00048	r)	016	+00051	2
015	500000	U	U15	500000	e e	W15	500000	E.
014	+00490	U	014	+00611	Ø	014	+00/10	Ø
013	- 86466	<u>ن</u>	013	-88588	Ø	b13	- 88/88	0
012	-01342	Ø		-01693	0	012	-02000	0
011	+88889	6	011	+00110	M.	811	+00128	Q
110	-00240	U	010	-00300	И	010	-00340	IJ.
999	-01023	U U	600	-01296	0	009	-01531	10
000	+00142	ช	800	-002/0	9	800	- 00325	Ю
000	+00172	Ø	7 000	+00187	0	1007	+60230	KI
005	+ 6 6 6 7 1	Ø	006	+01041	U	006	+01238	10
864	+00103	Ø		+00129	Ø	005	+00094	6
003	- 88344	U	004	-00129	b	004	+00148	V
002	+001/2	Ŋ	002	+60212	d	003	+00246	i)
991	+00040	ė.	001	+00046	Ŋ	001	+00056	0
900	-00440	v	GGG	- 44555	v		-00658	N
ROB	664535	S	869	184849	и	000	KR4833	w
			000	D D D T J T	.,			





STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 9C CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE

	0%			40%			80%			120%	
099	+84245	8	099	+60184	M	899	+65340	Ø	099	+05562	U
098	+90010	J	990	-00000	U	888	- 6 6 6 6 6 6	٥	098	+88885	b
697	+00010	0	097	- 900088	Ø	U97.	-00000	N	097	+00002	ø
096	+00008	U	096	-00202	0	696	-003/1	B	096	-00061	0
895	+88913	0	095	-00003	0	095	-00166	0	845	-00252	Ø
894	+60007	U	094	-00042	6	694	-000/8	Ø	094	-80115	Ø
893	+00012	U	093	-00094	6	093	-00186	U	093	-00291	Ю
692	+000006	U	092	-00125	Ø	692	-00236	0	092	- 88368	0
291	+00016	10	091	-000/2	Ø	091	-00140	U	091	-00213	Ø
649	+000009	b	999	-66666	Ø	996	-80159	Ŋ	טעט	-00231	Ø
289	+00012	0	689	-60195	10	689	-00054	10	680	-00014	3
600	+00017	Ø	888	- 8 8 8 8 8	8	1168	-00132	0	880	-00205	13
189	+00010	N	U87	-00007	0	887	+04061	B	887	+20019	W
836	+60076	1)	686	-000/4	N		-80149	vi	289	- 20234	K
635	+00016	2	885	-00000	Ŋ	85	-001/8	0	885	- 60202	d
1084	+00010	U	884	+00007	0	684	+00014	Ø	884	+00027	Ø
683	+000006	C	683	-00053	Ø	683	- 6666	N	083	-00049	U
B 8 2	200000	Ö	882	200000	N	882	200000	0	882	200000	N
051	Sonenn	U	081	220000	Ŋ	001	RAAAAR	۵	001	200000	۵
888	200030	U	989	SARARA	Ŋ		200000	O	บ8บ	200000	Ľ
619	+00010	U	019	+00010	Ø	019	+00015	0	014	+00010	Ø
w18	+00013	1)	018	+00021	Ø		+00050	M	W18	+00020	9
W17	+00015	69	17	+00021	Ø	1,1	+00021	0	017	+00020	0
116	+00046	K,	016	+00045	Ü	v16	+66644	Ø	Ø16	+00044	0
015	500000	U	Ø15	500000	N	115	500000	K	v15	500000	V
114	+09694	vi	114	+00155	N		+80327	Q	014	+00008	2
013	+69581	11	013	-00130	Ŋ		-002/6	Ø	013	-00442	9
R15	+00000	W	012	-00403	Ю		- 66642	D	W12	-01330	10
211	+00000	U	011	+ 200003	W		+00035	0	011	+600066	Ė
010	+00001	U	919	-00004	R		-00100	0	nin	-001/1	Ø
600	+000006	0	699	- 10305	0		- 6623	6	600	-00997	U
9 11 9	+6908/	vi	8 9 8	- 20023	8		-00121	Ø	888	-03202	W
661	+00010	Ŋ	007	+00053	Ø		+ 8 6 1 1 1	B	007	+001/6	Ŋ
660	+ 4 8 8 8 8	0	666	+00259	0		+60534	Ø	8116	+00042	C
כשש	+99999	D	660	+00025	Ø		+00052	0	690	+680//	8
488	+66563	U	204	+112031	0		+6660	B	064	+60161	D
693	+66664	D	013	-20117	0		-00231	0	669	-00355	K
802	+600004	U	002	+000003	B		+00114	8	002	+80168	N
961	+88885	V	001	+00012	0		+98955	14	001	+86836	U
000	-20000		000	-00137	Ø		-00283	9	שטט	-00-48	Ŋ
n 9 -	024618	•	45-	025513	-		952858	v	99-	025058	-
900	999999	U	000	coccuo	M	טטט	000000		888	600000	Ú

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 9C CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE (CONT.)

	160%			200%			240%			280%	
099	+05203	v	899	+85699		999	,+85425	U	899	+66682	W
198	+00004	Ø	848	+00000		863	+88615	Ľ	898	+10012	8
291	+00006	V	891	+00014		497	+00025	0	097	+00022	Ø
W96	-00/14	ø	896	-00901		896	- 11000	ø	096	-01246	B
445	-00320	U	895	-00415		095	-88489	Ø	895	-00582	B
094	-00145	Ø	094	-00184		094	-00215	b	094	-00255	IJ
093	-86376	b	193	-00483		693	-005/0	U	193	-88689	0
092	-00462	v	D72	המכפמ-		092	-86648	N	092	-00818	N
091	-002/0	W	091	- 66344		691	-00403	B	091	-004/2	Ø
שפש	-00284	W	090	שכנטע-		090	-00405	D	690	-00457	N
989	- 80009	0	189°	-00031		889	-00984	Ø	689	-01159	N
680	-00259	Ø	888	-00334	٠	868	- 88394	Ø	880	- 88468	0
D07	+00020	6	887	+00028		U 57	+600038	U	Ø'87	+00048	U
086	-60303	V	086	-00345		V86	-66472	0	886	-00560	0
005	-00362	Ø	885	- 80463		085	-00556	Ø	689	-000/2	U
084	+00038	Ü	184	+00045		884	+00056	6	084	+00064	Ø
983	-00055	Ø	883	-00064		883	-00068	U	883	+666922	0
802	200000	ø	882	200000		882	200000	U	885	-03701	N
831	200000	U	881	200000		981	200000	Ŋ	801	-พดตพ2	0
800	200000	b	80	200000		999	200000	Ø	888	200000	U
019	+00010	Ŋ	19	+00016		019	+00016	Ø	019	+00016	U
018	+00020	0	018	+00020		Ø18	+00020	Ø	W18	+00021	Ø
W17	+00020	Ø	U17	+00020	Ł	W17	+00021	4	117	+00020	0
016	+20045	Ü	016	+00044	1.	116	+66645	Ø	116	+00045	Ø
115	500000	ש	W15	500000	1.	015	500000	N	Ø15	500000	N
014	+00055	Ø	114	+80020		814	+007/1	0	114	+01135	N
013	-00587	U	113	-00110	•	013	-00939	B	013	-61149	Ø
W12	-81/58	W	Ø12	-022/4		112	-02/36	0	012	-032/9	Ø
W11	+00099	Ø	911	+00114		011	+02159	U	011	+00140	K
010	-00241	Ø	010	-00321	ĸ	ยาย	-00403	Ü	010	-00488	0
009	-01325	0	600	-81/23		909	-020/5	R	699	-02441	0
860	- 102/5	0	888	-00363		999	-00457	0	833	-00000	v
007	+00251	U	001	+00293	٠	807	+00346	Ø	007	+00400	S
006	+01104	Ø	006	+01419	1	005	+21648	Ø	806	+42624	Ø
000	+00095	0	885	+00111		005	+00116	Ŋ	800	+60121	Ø
004	+00132	0	884	+001/1	C	884	+00198	Ø	004	+00236	Ŋ
603	-00403	D	003	-16571	2	003	-00/04	3	003	-00000	6
802	+00213	Ŋ	002	+60263	r.	885	+00333	U	805	+00044	0
001	+00038	0	001	+0004/	ť	001	+00053	8	661	+66623	10
999	-00587	N	686	-00/50	1	מטט	-00786	N	מטט	-010/9	0
N8-	625711	-	-שט	025726	•	-00	025950	•	00-	030044	•
ששש	AAAAAA	0	NNA	ดทองหม	*	ששט	טטטטטט	o	טטט	טטטטטט	Ø

STATIC TEST #3 RUN NO. 9C CLOSING CONDITION TO FAILURE (CONT.)

	320%			350%			370%	
999	+62431	2	849	+00311	Ü	099	+05448	И
840	+00016	Ø	898	+20016	٥	866	+00017	0
097	+00029	Ø	097	שנטשט+	ż	897	+88829	0
096	-91367	ย	096	-01390	U	096	-01390	U
895	-84656	W	095	-00/20	v	895	-00/41	W
294	-00287	y	094	-00015	b	094	-80334	b
193	-80/67	Ŋ	093	-60/69	N	893	-00//0	8
092	-00920	v	092	- 11 109	U	492	-01058	0
091	-00527	N	091	-005/6	8	091	-00011	Ø
MEG	- 4456	U	טעט	-00455	ď	090	-00456	Ø
009	-012/7	N	089	-01281	Ø	889	-81281	0
ยยย	-00531	Ø	880	-88266	Ø	880	-00568	U
807	+00006	U	987	+00061	Ø	087	+00060	N
856	-00048	Ü	U86	-00/14	Ľ	986	-00/40	Ø
285	-00//0	۵	085	- 86845	U	485	-00085	U
864	+600/5	۵	884	+04083	Ø	004	+66688	W
083	-00001	N	083	-00083	b b	083	-00086	U
082	200000	U	882	200000	r.	895	SANANA	N
881	รคลคลล	2	881	200000	0	881	200000	Ø
888	200000	U	880	200000	6	080	200000	U
U19	+00016	U	019	+0001/	Ú	U19	+00017	0
118	+88-24		018	+00022	U	018	+00022	8
01/	+00021	U	W17	+00021	Ø	01/	+00021	U
V16	+00046	Ø	016	+00045	Ø	116	+00040	U
015	500000	U	Ø15	500000	0	015	500000	0
W14	+01262	Ø	014	+01367	9	114	+01414	Ø
013	-01532	U	013	- 91480	U	013	-01054	0
012	-83/24	ď	V12	-04092	0	012	-04269	8
011	+00146	d	111	+00150	U	011	+00148	Ø
010	- 80546	U	010	-00012	U	שוש	-80047	0
693	-02023	ď	900	-03098	0	688	-03220	Ø
660	-00006	d	800	-00/43	Ø	888	-00/83	63
007	+00436	2	007	+88469	U	007	+00483	Ø
246	+ 62244	2	006	+82512	0	886	+02021	Ø
005	+80124	9	005	+40126	N	805	+00123	V
114	+80217	Ø	004	+00307	Ü	004	+00321	0
003	-00929	U	003	-01911	D	003	-01048	4
082	+88387	U	002	+00410	U	885	+66439	N
001	+88868	i	881	+00062	V	881	+00005	Ø
689	-11222	d	990	-01340	V	999	-01397	B
80-	030206	•	00-	030248	•	A0-	000011	••
888	966999	Ø	800	000000	U	989	ONGOOG	K

Report No. 2-53440/3R-10109 Rev. A 6/17/74

17 June 1974

Fatigue Test Plan S-3A Composite Spoiler

Prepared Under Contract N62269-73-C-0610

BY
Vought Systems Division
LTV Aerospace Corporation
FOR
Naval Air Development Center
Warminister, Pa.

PREPARED BY:

APPROVED BY:

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Supervisor, Structures Tech.

REVIEWED BY:

J. E. Dhonau

Senior Specialist - Structures Tech.

APPROVED BY:

Beon E. Boswell

Supervisor, Structures

FATIGUE TEST PLAN S-3A ADVANCED COMPOSITE SPOILER

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this test is to verify the fatigue capability of the graphite/epoxy spoiler for the S-3A aircraft.

DESCRIPTION OF TEST:

The specimen will be cyclic tested.

REQUIREMENT:

This test plan is required per contract N62269-73-C-0610.

TEST SPECIMEN:

The test specimen will consist of a graphite S-3A lower spoiler assembly as described in Dwg. 78-002553; Flap - S-3A Spoiler, LWR. 0.P. Advanced Composite. The specimen will be supported at the actuator hinge fittings thru mounting holes, as shown in Figure B-10.

TEST CONDITIONS:

Spoiler hinge moments occur as a function of surface rotation and air speed. Table B-II gives maximum and minimum cyclic hinge moment for the fatigue test. Spanwise unit running hinge moment curves are presented in Figure B-11.

TEST SETUP:

The specimen will be installed in the test jig as shown in Figure B-10. Air loads on the spoiler will be simulated by applying test loads through tension pads. Figure B-10 shows location of pads and applied load at each.

TEST PROCEDURE:

The spoiler fatigue spectrum is given in Table B-II. A cycle of load is from zero load to minimum load to maximum load to zero. Loads are given as airload hinge moments. The specimen will be tested to two lifetimes. Continuous recording of applied loads is required. Test data will be acquired from three (3) rosette strain gages and twelve (12) deflection devices as shown in Figure B-12.

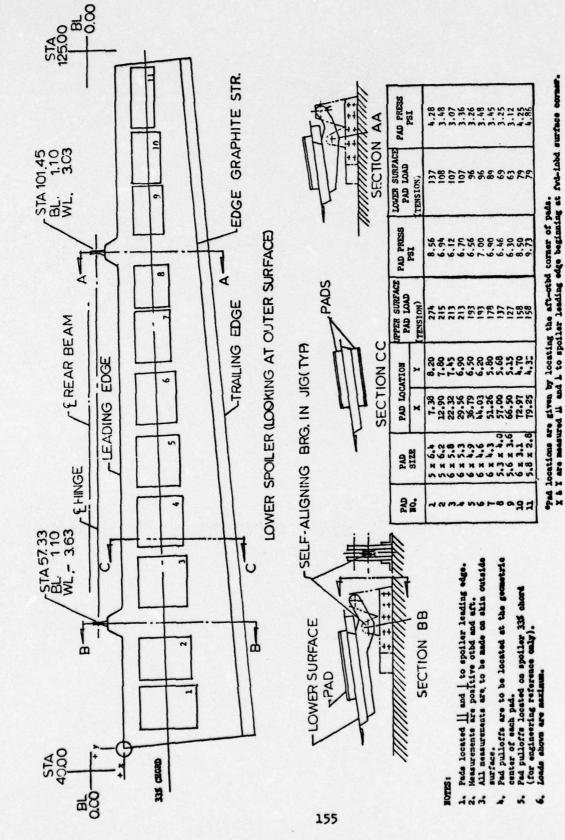
Strains will be reduced and plotted at end of each 1/4 life as a check on predicted stress values. Deflection data will also be checked. If a change in deflection rate or strain rate occurs, a check of structure for permanent set will be made.

METHOD OF LOAD APPLICATION:

All loads will be applied to simulate as nearly as practicable the actual loads on the test article. Loads will be applied by rubber backed tension pads bonded to the surface. The test loads will be supplied to pads by means of hydraulic jacks.

MEASUREMENT OF STRUCTURAL DEFLECTIONS:

Structural deflections at spoiler and jig support points will be measured primarily by displacement devices supported by independent structures. The accuracy will be $\pm .02$ inches defelction or better.



1 1

FIGURE B-12 LOWER L. H. SPOILER FATIGUE TEST SET-UP AND LOAD REQUIREMENTS

TABLE B-II FATIGUE LOAD

CONDITION	CYCLES/LIFE	TEST LOAD (LB)	TEST H.M. (IN-LB)
COMPRESSION UPPER SURFACE		2059*	14,160 (Maximum) *
TENSION UPPER SURFACE	20,000**	-1030*	~7,080 (Minimum) *

^{*} includes 1.18 increase in loads because of outboard upper spoiler deactivation- ECP 128

^{**}one lifetime

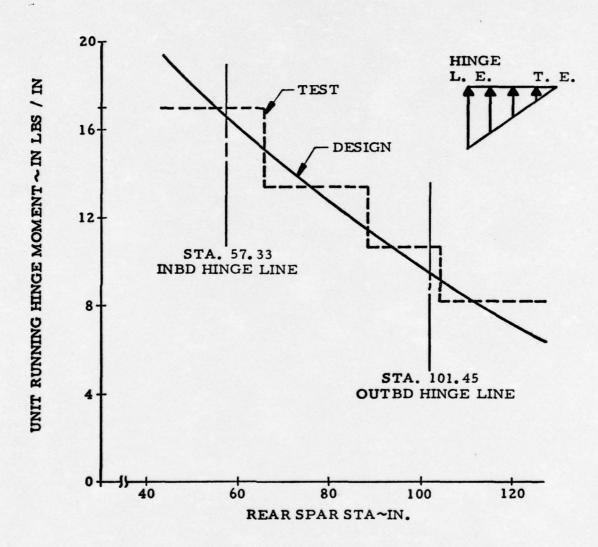


FIGURE B-13 S-3A COMPOSITE SPOILER SPANWISE
RUNNING LOAD FOR A TOTAL SURFACE
HINGE MOMENT OF 1000 IN - LBS APPLIED
(FATIGUE CONDITION)

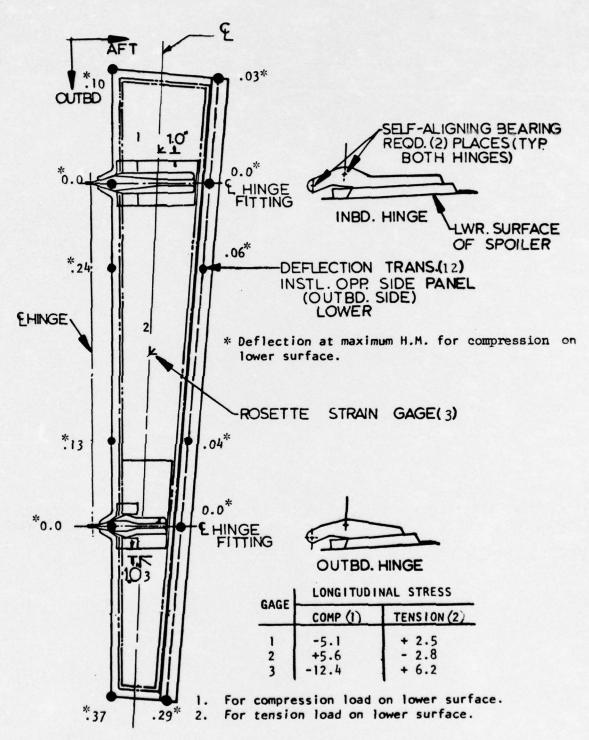


FIGURE B-14 DEFLECTION AND STRAIN GAGE LOCATION

NAVAL AIR DE VELOPMENT CENTER AIR VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT WARMINSTER, PA. 18974

3033

SUMMARY REPORT ON FATIGUE TEST RESULTS FOR THE S-3A GRAPHITE SPOILER NUMBER 4

Ref: (a) LTV Report No. 2-53440/3R-10109 "Fatigue Test Plan S-3A Composite Spoiler", Revised 17 Jun 1974

(b) MAVAIRDEVCEN ltr report "Summary Report on Static Test Results for the S-3A Graphite Spoiler Number 1" dtd 30 May 1974

Table: (1) Fatigue Test Data -- Strain and Deflection

Figure B-15 Photograph No. CAD 20806-12-74-Test Set-up

Figure B-16 Photograph No. CAD 20805-12-74-Delamination Observed After 4800 Cycles

Figure B-17 Photograph No. CAD 20732-12-74-Outboard Fittings Failure Figure (4) Photograph No. CAD 20829-12-74-Failure of Spoiler at 330 Percent DLL (Not Included in this Appendix)

- 1. The fatigue test was performed as described in reference (a). Loading consisted of constant amplitude cycling at the fatigue design loads shown in reference (a) for both the opening and closing conditions. Strain and deflection data were recorded periodically, and areas around the hinges were inspected at the same time with the Navy Ultrasonic Flow Detector AM/GSM 238. The spoiler sustained two equivalent lifetimes (40,000 cycles) of cyclic loading with no detectable damage. Strain and deflection data were monitored during the fatigue test and data for locations of interest are presented in Table III. The data indicated no significant changes in strain or deflection during the fatigue test.
- 2. Having satisfied the design requirements for fatigue with no detectable damage to the spoiler, the loads were increased to 150 percent DLL for the opening condition and 177 percent DLL for the closing condition and cycling was continued for an additional 40,000 cycles. The test setup was modified slightly after 4800 cycles to prevent unbonding of the tension pads and allow access to the areas around the hinges for ultrasonic inspection. With this modification, the applied loads were transferred from tension through the pads to compression on the opposite surface through aluminum channels shown in Figure B-15. During inspection at 4800 cycles, a slight delamination about 1.5 inches long was detected about 7 inches outboard of the outboard fitting shown in Figure B-16. Delamination appeared to be confined to the outer layer and did not increase in length during subsequent cycling.

Enclosure (3)

- 3. At approximately 22,000 cycles, failure of the inboard fitting occurred as shown in Figure B-17. The fitting was removed and replaced with the fitting from spoiler 3 and cycling was continued to 40,000 cycles without further incident. The data indicated no significant changes in strain or deflection during cycling at the higher loads as shown in Table III.
- 4. Static test to failure was accomplished after completion of the fatigue test. The spoiler was loaded in the closing condition in 20 percent DLL increments to 200 percent then in 10 percent increments to 330 percent DLL when failure suddenly occurred with no noticeable sound emissions prior to failure. The failure occurred approximately 4 inches outboard of the outboard hinge fitting as shown in Figure 4.

TABLE B-III FATIGUE TEST DATA --- STRAIN AND DEFLECTION

Design Ultimate Loads Measurement After Cycle No.	40000	in.)	-717 -	+1322	-2216			082	-,304	669*-	360	781
Design Ultimate Loads surement After Cycle	25000	Strain (-µ/in.)	-695	+1334	-2154			049	256	654	340	722
Desi	1	ωι	-730	+1300	-2147	•		057	279	651	344	729
Channe! No.			0	3	9		DEFLECTION (IN.)	83	88	88	95	96
90							DEFLECT					
Design Fatigue Loads Measurement After Cycle No.	40000	1/in.)	-323	+562	-938			022	129	292	159	335
ign Fatigu	20000	Strain (4/in.)	-320	+545	-915			024	127	221	169	339
Design Measuremen	1		-310	+561	-931			040	-,126	217	140	342
Gage No.			0	e	9			83	88	89	55	96

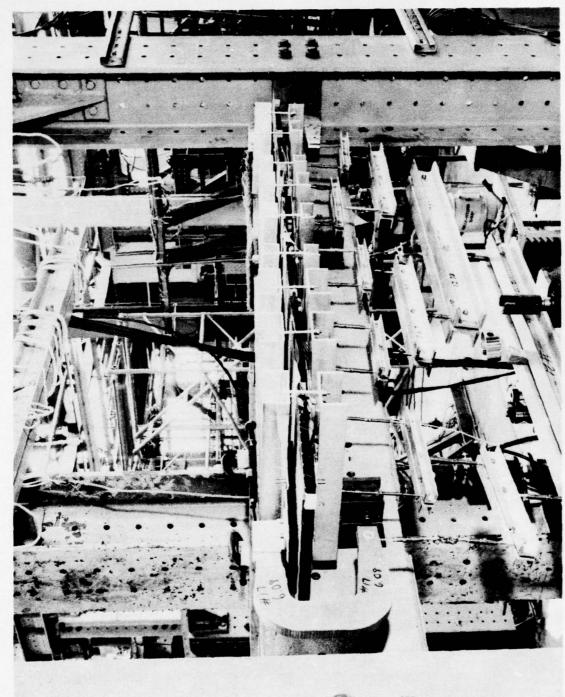


FIGURE B-15 SPOILER NO. 4 --- FATIGUE TEST SET-UP

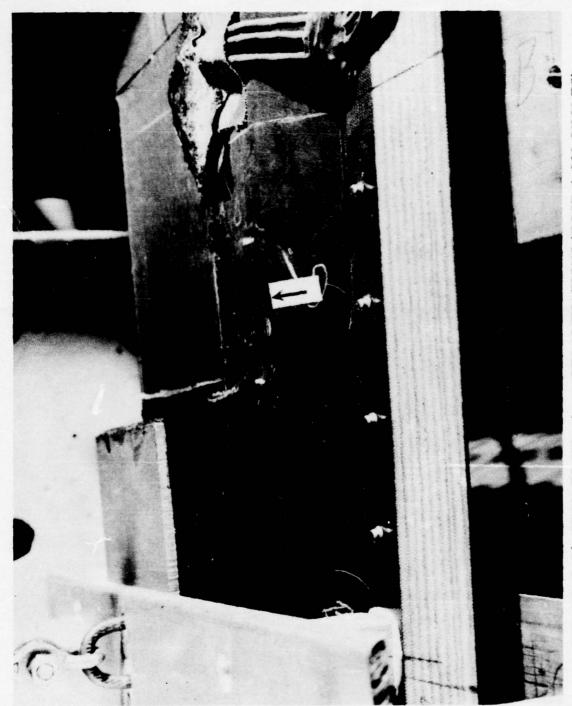


FIGURE B-16 SPOILER NO. 4 --- DELAMINATIONS (POST 4,800 CYCLES)



FIGURE B-17 SPOILER NO. 4 --- OUTBOARD FITTING FAILURE

FATIGUE 1st CYCLE DLL OPENING CONDITION

	8			20%			209			100%
>	102	2	3	422	5	9	284	2	213	4.
>	200	9	3	7.00	9	3	2400	•	200	N
	Pun 1	9	3	200		3	BUL		169	9000
3	-	9	0	4	9	3	914		969	48628
	200	2	>	+ 99	2	3	3	9	669	4000
0	200	9	0	200		0	500	,	469	3
	N	2	0	7	2	9	110	2	649	Cao
3	110	2	>	919	2	0	4		848	Loug
0	200	.9	2	2		3	200	2	140	+ 60000
>	200		0	7.00		3	2	3	969	200
	900		8		9	689	+0000+	2	699	
20	900	9	D	900	9	2	200	•	888	100
10	lap		2		•	0	4	2	188	-0000-
2	400	5	D	500		30	100		999	4999
2	200	2	D	100	20	3	-		589	4000
Œ.	100	2	8	100	9	0	4000	50	+89	9700
20	2000	2	D	9999		20	100	•	683	+80009
2	1248	3	D	135/	•	2	900		288	9090
2	9 2 9	2	2	Tapa	2	981	2	•	199	4000
D	9999	2	2	100	•		417		989	6/60
2	2000	•	2	199	9	3	9999	2	200	9000
3	999	2	2	Saga		3	011	•	222	199
2	900	2	2	RET		199	00	,	199	20
2	100	2	2	100	-	999	47	*	989	2001
2	909	2	3	2		3	001		288	N
3	8444		2	2		188	99999-	•	299	8194
3	top		3	5000		283	618		200	67.0
200			982	- 89988	2		asaaa-	2	298	-00049
9	909		2	929	2	201	901	9	001	Ing
2		9	BNB	3	*	3	+00000+	2	200	019

FATIGUE 1st CYCLE DLL CLOSING CONDITION

100%	2	5	30	4	7	Ξ	0040	7	P	C	7	un14	aaaa	2	0014	4000	U	9000	2000	104/	8	6600	U	2	-60111	3	9	>	7	-
	~	3	~	3	3		3	-	-	0	20	0	20	D	\mathbf{p}	-	7	23	70	3	40	-	0	2	699		-	-	-	-
																									9					.*
60%	00	30	01	9799	2	-	6699	90	2	2	2	3	90	9100	BIRA	2	4000	9000	SHAG	1090	2	888	UBID	~	- 80006	1000	6699	2	2	DTGA
	3	>	3	3	0	9	3	3	9	~	O	æ	30	30	D	30	D	30	D	20	2	2	2	2	682	9	9	0	2 -	0
	9																													
20%		5	3	000	DALI	2	4000	2200	910	8013	000	30	000	200	2000	NOOG	000	1548	145/	1371	300	0000	500	9100	-9700a-	101	110	2000	100	9900
	-			-		-	-	-	_	-	- 13	-		-	~	~	-	~	•	-	-	-	-	-	600	-	-	-	_	_
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FATIGUE 20 K CYCLES DLL OPENING CONDITION

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60%	-1/28	9	- 6001	2	2	2	30	+000+	9	0	2	2000+	8	999	2	- 6001	0000-	Sebbb	2	-	SUBBB	2	+0006	70		30	-0015	9	-0002	3
	3	3	3	3	3	0	3	872	0	3	20	20	Ð	Ø	D	3	30	30	0	8	2	3	23	2	9	-	2	0	0	0
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	649	2	11	96	56	4	54	260	16		69	99	24	99	35	40	83	25	31	9	33	98	10	90	95	94	33	1.02	11	0

FATIGUE 20 K CYCLES DLL CLOSING CONDITION

100%	9 -168	8 -2001	1 -0001	CC00- 9	C/199- 568	4 -6000	-0019	2 - 8823	1 - 10	6 - 0012	6 -0823	8 -0013	Bana- L	1100- 9	5 -8012	4 -0001	3 -0003	S Senon	1 +0+09	6 -2103	99992 6	4000+ B	1299- 1	6 -8092	araa- s	4 +6815	4500+ E0	99 + 69	1 +0002	
	*	5,																										•		
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	242	869	160	969	969	469	669	888	691	969	684	888	367	999	688	984	883	200	981	999	699	899	100	946	805	2	2	200	3	
	u	2	n	e	9	3	2	9	2	9	ż	.0	9	9	,	2	3	71	9	20	2	2,	73	5.	3	7	17	3	2	
20%	-15654	-600015	- 69616		- 00048	- 100038	96000-			- 566633	-00000		-	2	-660035	-4	100	20	1/4	881	3	8000	- 000066		23	7.7	910	3		
	660	878	1697	960	968	694	869	848	168	969	689	200	189	989	888	603	653	200	001	200	600	888	700	944	500	400	500	200	601	
	7	9	7	9	9	·2	9	2	9	2	5	2	2	2	9.		•	2	•	9	2	2	5	23	3	7.	2,	10	:	
8	2	2	601	10	900	17		01	10	3	-00012	001	001	0 1 1	UN1	301	100	300	BOB	900	900	9000	nol	-20010	3	-00013	-00000	20	000	* ***
	449	848	169	969	669	169	569	26.0	871	969	400	848	100	0	699	20	D	885	D	O	499	3	2	999	2	2004	000	3	001	

FATIGUE 40K CYCLES DLL OPENING CONDITION

	3			200			*			2001	
	5						200			100%	
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3	1100				9	868	N	3	960	200	9
	00000	•	110	900	2	169		9	149	9	9
3	9779	2	949	-00004	2	969	2	9	949	15	2
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3	-	9	469	700	•	469	999	2	449	.7	0
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249	9600	. 5	240	2	2	269	4/488	9	269	+88893	3
3	6/0	2	140	909	2	1691	500	2	871	2	2
3	00400	•	969	97300-	2	959	909		969	67.00	2
D	RA	7	688	000	9	589	+0000+	2	989	2419	9
8	8799	ø	222	70	9	200	000		989	67	9
10	2500	9	199	7.00	2	189	2000		100	50000	2
20	9044	. 0	988	400	2	989	001		989	0012	2
20	D		689	-	2	683	999		885	00000	2
0	97.70	2	489	- 00000	2	488	500		100	6500	2
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2	00000	. 2	22	900	, 2	699	200000	2	280	2	3
2	+ 0000c		2	-300042	2	299	BULL		_	SUIBE	2
100	60	3	100	200	2	100	1000		199	0120	2
0	9999		2	2	9	999	479		999	99499	0
9	11		0	900	5	500	001		299	0031	9
0	1000	9	3	00	13	400	100		499	0153	2
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0			0	9	a	982	200		902	40	2
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FATIGUE 40K CYCLES DLL CLOSING CONDITION

100%	+/61- 66	2000- PK	9040-	GC 00 - 96		y4 - vooy	2200- 50	1700- 71	11 -8011	S100 - 00	59 - WUS	TOG- RE	97 +000	30 - 95	100 - CE	34 -000	135 -000	35 2000	11 2000	10000 05	669 206066	18 + wwo	11 -002	100- 01	15 - 0011	4 +0015	3 +0056	2 +0009	1 +00024	16 - 0 - 0
%09	40 -11/03	4200a- 84	* 18	12200- 96	95 -be154	44 - B B B B B	141005 66	45 -90194	91 -80154	90 - 60100	99- 69	38 -wall2	87 +88812	96 -wal46	85 -WD126	84 -unus7	45 -000 SE	22 200000	81 500000	20 20000	999	+	96199- 19	1/600- 90	99000- 50	64 + 400076	63 + P 0 3 4 1	PERRA+	01 + 60013	24100- 00
20%	9/601- 66	87999- 96	11 -66662	C64000- 96	01000- 41	14 -BBB39	09 - BB BB	12 -bb112	11 -00092	44000 at	19 -000/2	18 -wwo63	SUGBOL LE	98000- 91	15 -08054	14 -00040	13 -88026	12 Subunu	11 Subbbo	ABBBBB B	DOS SUBBRO O	8 +00001	25000- 1	49299- 9	5 -vb024	4 +00004 +	3 +00121	2 +00021	1 +88084	40000- 0
260	99 -1/353	12000- 8K	47 +obbb1	11000- 96	95 +199/1	94 - 20018	1 -00045	92 - 66654	91 08065	82.000 - C	89 + 4	88 - BBB 31	599994	86 -80048	85 -00013.	84 -00041	83 -00021	BZ SENBBB	91 20000	999994 98		- 80	64 + WHOUS	40000 - 90	29099- 40	14 - 00013	13 -00002	12 +00000	11 -68085	10000+ 0

FATIGUE 1st CYCLE 150% DLL OPENING CONDITION

100%	4444	2 - v v v Z	1 +0001	07AA+ 9	2 + 2000	4 +0004	3 +0004	2 +0003	1 -0002	2000+ 0	4100+ 6	40004 8	7 +6001	Z999+ 9	9999+ 6	4 - vous	S - BBB1	S Sobbb	Annas 1	88 500000	9 Suuce	2200- 8	419819	94994 9	+000+ 5	4 -3015	5 - NU 31	5000- 5	1 -0003	9199+ 0
%09	11102- 66	42080- 86	57 + DODES	36 +80133	12 +00051	44 +000'25	33 +00006	15 +000B1	11 -00061	90000- 00	39 + WUL38	11000+ 88	87 +00020	36 - 66663	15 +00031	34 - 00040	83 -00018	32 Sundbu	ST SOBOBO	G 00000C 000	19 260000	18 -80136	17 +BN182	16 +00312	12 +0 DN 28	14 -600087	13 -00194	67000- 20	11 -00021	10 +00114
20%	9 -Zob46	98 -98656	3/ +DBD32	5200a+ 96	95 -08013	94	93 -BBB52	45 - BBB/4	91 -90103	44 - 6 6 6 4 4	89 +000/1	88 -00018	87 +00047	86 - www.39	99099- 59	84	83 -00016	82 500000	81 500000	3.	00 2000U	88 -40046	85 400 + 10	u6 +UU111	85 +88811	64 -00019	63 -00065	C9000- 79	onena. In	100 + 00
%0	-12121-	-1301/	+000+0	-0001/	-66654	-00011	- 000/1	• 66670	-00112		+ 20002	97000- 1	40000+ 1	1 -00044	- 100004	17000- 1	8 - 00018	2 500000	anopac 1	an seund	Cheans !	70704 80	21 +000 B	4600001	45 + 46 6 U.S.	44 + 00004	10000+ 00	12 +00 ung.	4000 a.	24V. 544 . 1.1 .

FATIGUE 1st CYCLE 177% DLL CLOSING CONDITION

	8		20%	%09	100%
.0	701	7	99499- 66	69521- 61	9607- 66
3	2000	2	22aaa+ 86	18 toball	anno+ av
169	/Taga+	.0	6 1C000+ 160	0 95080+ 148	S
3	800	9	96 -BB110	10 -88428	0100- 96
2	Tann	9	15 -00051	15 -BB4B9	45 - bb36
3	Lan	3	94 -00011	14 - enude	24 - 8015
3	COR	2	93 -00101	6/200- 5/	43 -BB46
0	100	2	72 -bb150.	12 -BB354	42 -ubob
3	640	9	v1 -00123	11 -88220	11 -pus/
0	400	•	SCARA- 96	10 -00154	96 - 11030
D	2000	9	C/aga- 69	3GC00- 61	39 - 6004
1	740	9	88 -00046.	18 -bb165	6700- BE
2	Long	9	950000+ 18	94999+ /1	Cana+ . 15
2	NES	9	6/999- 99	16 -88231	4caa- 95
20	001		85 -BBB54	81799- 51	35 -8848
33	4000	2	94 - 99996	14 +00011	14 +0001
20	0001	.5	93 +00004	13 - BBB 34 -	10000 45
D	999	. 5	32 256660	SE SUBDER	32 Sunue
20	9000	9	31 200000	11 SERRE	BABBE IS
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2	2000	2	ANABAR SA	BY SUBUBO	NY 2000
		2	PRO + HORT// O	6499+ 89	1000+ 90
2	46300	9	97 - 00106	44500- 19	000- 10
2	+0001	2	P6 - 00404	9/219- 99	86 -8214
2	+0000	2	85 - BBB 43	45 -48148	170A- CO
3		2	84 +000/8	04 +80230	64 + 60
3	- 2000	.9	83 +2824B	97 +88110	93 +6138
2	+0001	.0	62 +00050	95 +00140	92 + 802
3	-0000	2	W1 +00013	41 +BBB36	Capp+ 10
999	40404	2	00 -0014u	46 -68459	5/00- 00

FATIGUE 25K CYCLES 150% DLL OPENING CONDITION

100%	1 W 899 - 11425	0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V 0 V	2000- 160 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	C000+ 460 0 9	2 0 074 +6001	Y 8 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4	5 6 892 +8618	3 d 891 +880	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 6 669 +6613	7 0 888 + 1008	5 W W87 WW11	2 to 086 +000/	8 000 + CBB 0 1	0 0 BB4 - CBB1	D W WBS + HBBI	4 v W32 20000	d o 0 001 200mg	d d w was 2x . wn	90192 5999 0 0	2200 000 022	5 6 60/ +6014	8 5 W WES + WES	P 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 u u u u u u	* B BBS - BBSS	2 0 002 - 00	s w well -weel	0 0 000 +0018
%09	44 - 44	000- 96	naa- 16	100+ 96	95 + 60	V4 +000	A + 00 0	42 + 600	91 +BBB	990+ 96	994 6P	98 + 98	ana- 19	99 + PB	85 +000	64 - www	ana+ 58	82 2000	81 2000	30 20BE	49 2000	100- 80	000+ 10	86 + 883	99 + 99	44 - bb	200- 50	800 - 800	91 - 000	100+ 00
20%	689/8- 66	98 -08028	77 -00014	96 +00040	20000- 66	14 -0000/	93 +88810	92 +BBBIB	93 - 00000	Tagar- as	22000+ 68	88 -00001	999999- /9	86 +00013	85 +80011	999999- +8	83 +60011	62 200000	di Zubeno	80 20 000	69 20LUBO	96999- 89	15000+ 18	46 +80110	400004 60	54 -00022	13 -00070	000	11 -00005	40004
%0	401204 KA	98 -00014	9/ -BB013	999994 96	95 -ubull	19989- 56	CBABA+ 56	95 -BBBB6	20000- TA	90 - 00 mgo	99999 - 69	58 +00 vb1	CAGGG+ /6	36 +00005	55 +88814	54 -wøde6	33 +00009	ogrand Sc	31 200000	su 20000	BBBBBB KE	38 -88886	00700+ 10	16 -00-03	90000- 41	14 - 06001	Chabat ti	3	11 -000000	+ 91

FATIGUE 25K CYCLES 177% DLL CLOSING CONDITION

100%	99 - 6475	2000- B	MARO- 16	9/99- 96	45 -8035	94 -BB14	+aa- 56	92 -BB49	6799- 16	9799 46	9999- 69	9200- 98	9994 18	886 -BB388	85 -6841	84 +ppp	83 - von	62 2000	BI ZOND	99992 99	BY 2000	CRAA+ 88	87 -8803	417A- 9A	9799- GA	84 +8000	TA+ FA	87 + 88 CB	1990+ 19	3
%09	44 - 84458	97000- 86	AT -unbezd	96 -88428	95 -BB225	94 - 00091	93 -BEZDE	V2 - 66580	APIAN- TA	98 -881/2	89 - bb41b	19199- 89	87 -80008	8 622mm- 988	85 -80243	84 +00002	92 - BB - EB	82 200064	BI Spanns	Be Subobe	By 2500Bb	48 +60516	87 -BB366	98 -91589	BCIAN- CO	84 +8821/	83 +88882	W2 +B4134	81 +00044	bb -00414
20%	99 - 8306	7000- 86	87 UBBZ#	96 - bb130	16ana- 56	14000- 46	26999 - 56	21199- 26	P/999- 16	6/mm 96	89 -BB155	69999 - BR	87 -www16	5 6/999- 989	9/000- 58	84 -60014	83 +BBB29	82 200000	81 200000	86 200000	PRARAZ 68	88 +BB1/1	87 -88128	86 -BB452	. EC0000- 50	84 +BBB/4	N3 +882/3	84000+ 20	01 +ppp16	6100- 00
8	1+68- 6	3 -6602	2000- 1	5. +BBB2	1 - 1 - 5	1 -8881	93 -Bunn2	2	I	48 -BBBB5		98	87 68 16	B EBABA- 988	. CRARRA+ 59	4	9999+ 58	85 SBBBBB	81 SPBBBB	98 20988	y Sadaba	86 -usell	980804 /	CRARR+ 98	999999- 5	84 +88888	B3 BBoB4	85 + 100	BI SPOUBL	NO+ - PH

STATIC TEST TO FAILURE AFTER FATIGUE TEST

160%	-83937	100	+00001	4000	409	8012	SAA	6699	97	Scan	4099	120	2990	835	4639	***	/490		9000			2000	8499	107	47.00	633	97.T	919	1 / 6000+	400
	669	3	3	0	9	3	200	3	3	0	8	2	2		-			2	8	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1991	2
120%	-84/24	- 66018	+1000+	-88232	-1004-	-88183	-863	-BB351	-88211	-88284	-66476	4878A-	22aaa-	5/7RA-	-88294	SAAAA-	0/001-	200000	BRARRE	230000	Sannaz	14000+	-B045B	-81244	-40111	+88252	+90722	469199	+00045	90000-
							693																							
5	4881	1200	CARRA	80500	1410	9/999	-80216 10	98240	9678	16400	9350	BULDE	12000	9119	F8783	STARR	BOORD	ABABA	99999	99990	agaga	00490	PASAA	1044	EN113	BIOB	61099	1010	17000	0240
	669	3	3	3	0	>	269	3	3	3	30	2	D	20	20	.0	0	D	0	20	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	a
8	-83061	-88858	29990-	-00212	-8911/		- 1901	bb145	+ 6000-	-66593	-66282	19999-	-00013	19199-	-66113	-600010	-00004	200000	Sodebes	SOBOBS	Sanana	+00247	-60109-	-99965	SCHOU-	+0000+	+2000+	+09062	+000010	26100-
	2	3	>	3	3	0	643	3	2	3	20	2	9		20	8	2	B	20	30	2	2	2	2	2	2	30	2	2	52
10%	2007	9014	68080	1849	Clana	2000		SEGRE	4999	PHAH4	+9.99	20000	98912	2909		59099	19090	99999	99999	2999	PARARA	19099	44000	1908	99999	anna	0010	2000	choba.	3
	3	3	3	3	3	2	893	>	2	0	20	20	D	30	B	æ	20	B	D	20	2	2	2	2	23	3	2	2	N 1	3

STATIC TEST TO FAILURE CONTINUED

240% 1
240% 11+111111111111111111111111111111111
>>> 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

APPENDIX C

This section contains the final revised manufacturing plan for the fabrication of graphite/epoxy spoilers for the lower left hand surface of the S-3A outer wing panel.

MANUFACTURING PLAN GRAPHITE/EPOXY S-3A SPOILER

I. Core Stabilization

- A. Machine core segments to size
- B. Sand .125 R per engineering drawing
- C. Machine lower bevels
- D. Clean core
 - 1. Solvent flush
 - 2. Dry (1 hr. @ R.T.)
 - 3. Wrap in clean Kraft paper
- E. Stabilize core
 - Stabilize periphery of core by dipping SC 1008 phenolic resin
 - 2. Cure in oven (350F 1 hr.)
 - 3. Wrap in clean Kraft paper
- II. Tab Stiffener Assembly (Separate Operation) For Four Spoilers
 - A. Prepare tool (flat plate) for bonding
 - 1. Solvent clean
 - 2. Apply release coating
 - B. From broadgoods
 - 1. Lay up one (10 x 26) 4 ply laminate (per 78-002553)
 - 2. Trim one piece HRP core, 5 x 26 inches
 - a. Saw 26 inch edges at 30° bevel
 - b. Clean core
 - (1) Solvent flush
 - (2) Dry (1 hr. @ R.T.)
 - (3) Wrap in clean Kraft paper
 - 3. Trim film adhesive, specification 207-8-115, type II, grade 10 to match laminate
 - a. Apply adhesive
 - b. Remove backing film
 - 4. Apply core to adhesive per engineering drawing

- C. Prepare for cure (specification 208-8-3), apply:
 - 1. Peel ply
 - 2. Separator film
 - 3. Bleeder
 - 4. Vacuum bleeder
 - 5. Breather
 - 6. Bagging film
- D. Autoclave cure
 - 1. Door close to door open 4 hrs.
- E. Debag
- F. Machine 22 and 23, (4 each) (78-002553) from stock produced by B thru E above.
- G. Clean -22 and -23
 - 1. Solvent clean
 - 2. Dry (160F for 1 hr.)
 - 3. Wrap in clean Kraft paper

III. Lower Skin Assembly

- A. Prepare tool for bonding
 - 1. Solvent clean
 - 2. Apply release film
 - 3. Apply peel ply
- B. Template trim 120 mesh screen to size
- C. Clean screen (CVA 8-51, Method II)
 - 1. Vapor degrease
 - 2. Rinse
 - 3. Alkaline clean
 - 4. Rinse
 - 5. Acid clean
 - 6. Rinse
 - 7. Protect (paper wrap)
 - 8. After cleaning handle screen only when using cotton gloves
- D. Apply screen in molding tool
- E. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10
 - 1. Template trim
 - 2. Place on assembly
 - 3. Remove backing film

- F. Hand lay up lower skin
 - 1. Trim plies number 1 thru 9 (one template) (Ref. Figure C1)
 - 2. Place lower skin on tool (use transfer template)
 - a. Remove mylar backing
- G. From broadgoods (38 x 90 45° orientation)
 - 1. Trim ply numbers 10 thru 18 (17 templates) (Ref. Figures C2 thru C6)
 - 2. Apply plies, in proper sequence, on tool
 - a. Remove Mylar backing
- IV. Lower Skin/Core Subassembly
 - A. Apply film adhesives, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10, to lower skin to core faying surface
 - 1. Remove backing film
 - B. Place core segments onto lower skin
 - 1. Use adhesive foam specification 207-8-408, type III, for core splice (2 places)
 - C. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10 to upper surface of core
 - 1. Remove backing film
 - V. Upper Skin Assembly
 - A. Hand lay up upper skin
 - 1. Trim ply numbers 1 thru 9 (one template) (Ref Figure C7)
 - 2. Trim plies for upper skin doublers (three templates)
 - 3. Apply to tool (use transfer template) butt joint corners per engineering drawing 78-002553
 - 4. Apply upper skin doubler ply stack on upper skin (use transfer template) (Ref Figure C8)
 - 5. Protect from contamination
- VI. Spoiler Assembly
 - A. Apply film adhesive, specification 207-8-415, type II, grade 10, to -22 and -23 (reference II)
 - B. Position -22 and -23 on assembly

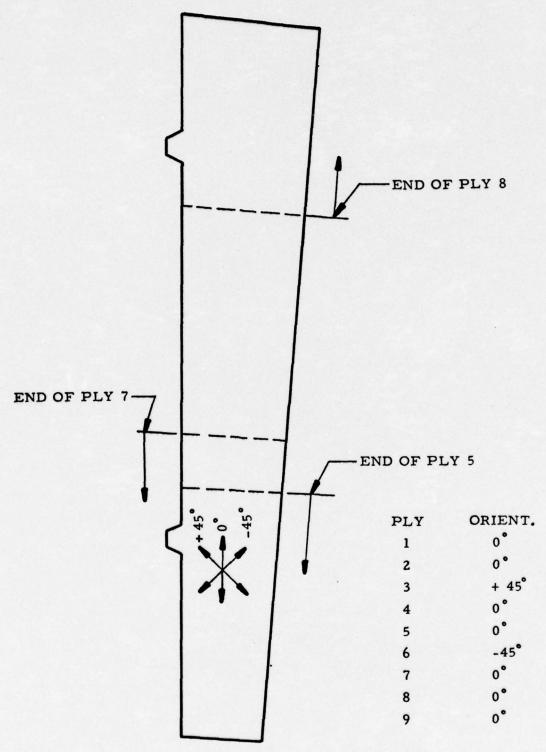


FIGURE C-1 LOWER SKIN

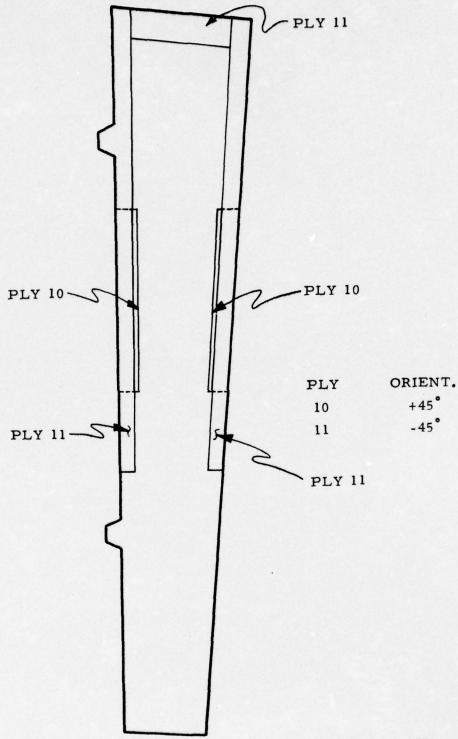


FIGURE C-2 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 10 & 11)

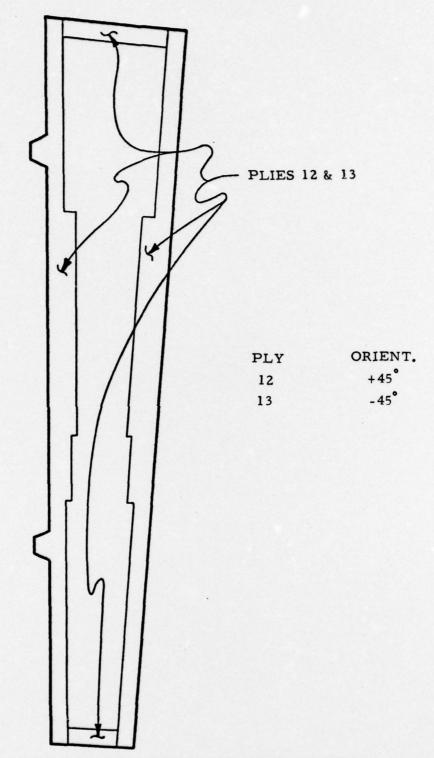


FIGURE C-3 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 12 & 13)

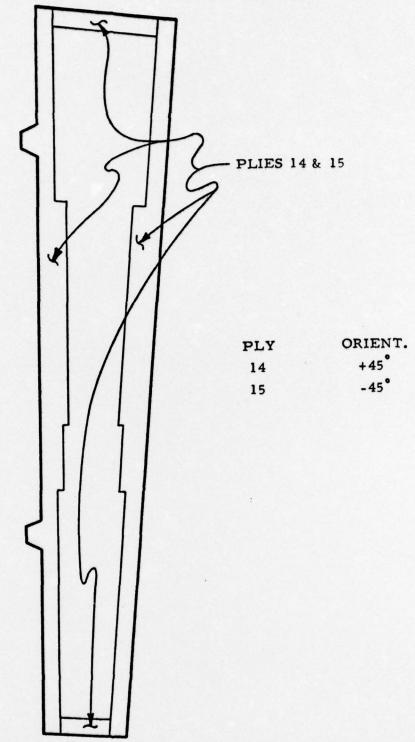


FIGURE C-4 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 14 & 15)

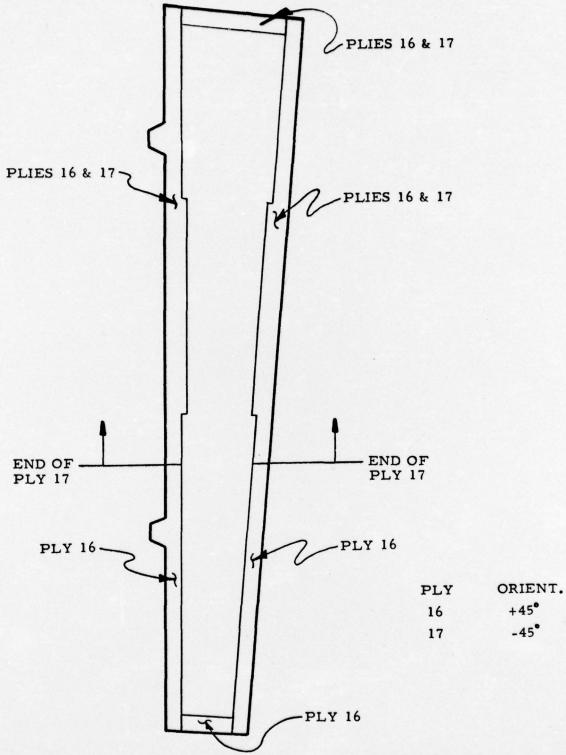


FIGURE C-5 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLIES 16 & 17)

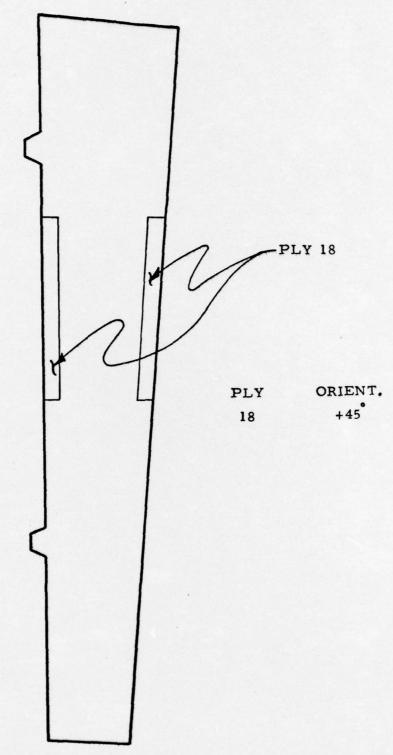


FIGURE C-6 EDGE DOUBLERS (PLY 18)

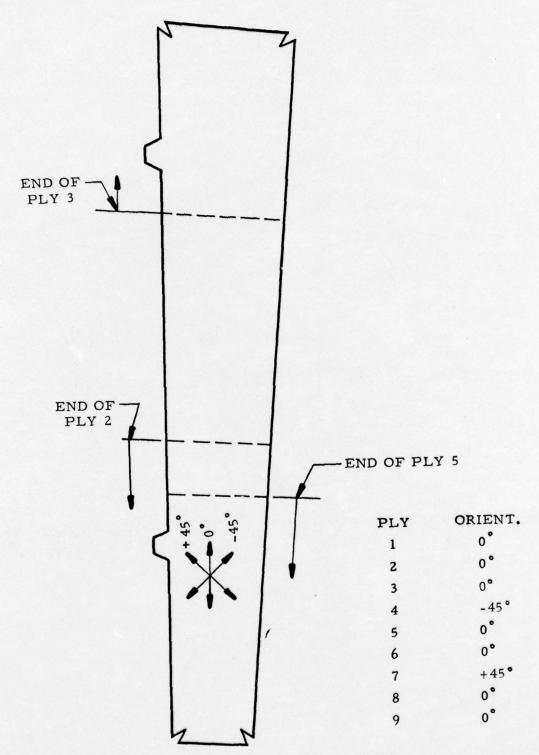


FIGURE C-7 UPPER SKIN

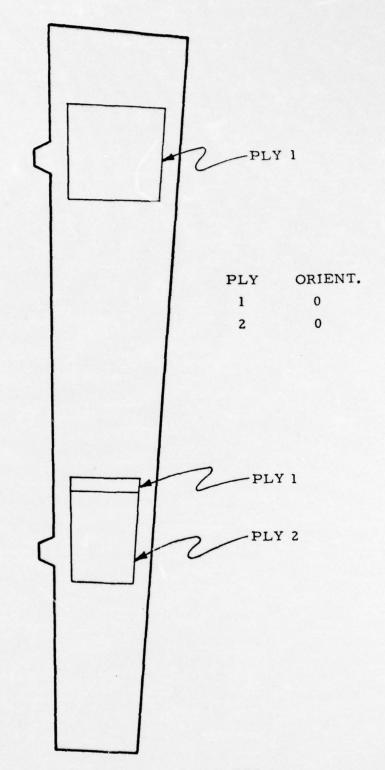


FIGURE C-8 INNER SKIN DOUBLERS

- C. Prepare for cure, specification 208-8-3
 - 1. Similar to item II.C.1 thru 6
- D. Autoclave cure
 - 1. Door close to door open 4 hrs.
- E. Debag
- F. Rough trim (remove excess resin and molding flash)
- G. NDT (24 36 hrs. turn around)
- H. Machine to final size (leave tooling tab at each end)
- I. Install hinges
 - 1. Using production hinges and shims
 - a. Load hinges and spoiler in assembly tool
 - b. Pilot holes in hinges and spoiler (inner skin only)
 - c. Drill hinge bolt holes in hinges
 - d. Install inserts
 - (1) .5 diameter hole in spoiler inner skin
 - (2) Under cut core
 - (3) Clean core
 - (a) Solvent flush
 - (b) Dry (160F for 1 hr.)
 - (4) Using paste adhesive, specification CVA 8-405, type VI
 - (a) Mix adhesive
 - (b) Fill cavity (1/2 full)
 - (c) Install inserts
 - (d) Fill cavity
 - (e) Cure (8 hrs. @ R.T.)
 - e. Using sealant, specification CVA 6-579, seal
 - (1) Seal edges of -22 and -23
 - (2) Faying surfaces of hinges and shims
 - f. Install and torque hinge attach bolts

- J. Install seal
 - Drill 66 holes per engineering drawing
 Attach seal with 100V5D rivets
- K. Finish per 78-002553
- L. Final Inspect

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7. AUTHOR(*) O. E. Dhonau, E. G. Blosser, J. E. J. E. Madorin, J. F. Bradshaw, B. R. J. Calvert and R. S. Rembert 9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Vought Systems Division LTV Aerospace Corporation Dallas, Texas 75222		N62269-73-C-0610 N62269-73-C-0610
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19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

S-3A

HRP core

Spoiler

Stiffness design

Graphite epoxy

Low cost

cocure

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

The S-3A spoiler is designed as a cost competitive lightweight replacement for the metal spoiler, and is fit and functionally interchangeable with the existing part. The spoiler is of sandwich construction with graphite/epoxy faces and non-metallic core. The component was assembled by co-curing the wet laminate faces and HRP core.

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Structural analysis and design of the composite spoiler was based on existing criteria and load requirements as specified for production components. Design verification and manufacturing development tests were conducted to predict structural capability and solve manufacturing problems encountered during fabrication. The component is deflection critical and sizing was based on this construction.

Five components were fabricated. The manufacturing development article was cut into element specimens and tested to evaluate manufacturing processes. Three components were static tested, and successfully met design requirements. One component was successfully fatigue tested to two lifetimes without failure.

A cost monitoring system was employed throughout the span of the program and each cost element was identified. A cost matrix and graph comparing the metal and composite components was constructed. Cost data for the composite was extrapolated to 200 units and compared to actual and projected metal cost.

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